

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Camie S. Thompson Examiner #: 79241 Date: 9/24/02
 Art Unit: 1772 Phone Number 305 4488 Serial Number: 09/ 879 252
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: CP3 11/28/5 Results Format Preferred (circle) PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: Polymer matrix electroluminescent materials & devices

Inventors (please provide full names): Matthew Marrocco Farshad Koto medi

Earliest Priority Filing Date: June 12, 2001

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

please do a search and a CTS search on claim 1 using the species # XI (see attached) and claim 26 with the polarizable ligand species # 17 (see attached).

Thank you.

STAFF USE ONLY

Type of Search

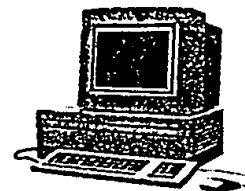
Vendors and cost where applicable

Searcher: A. Fuller NA Sequence (#) _____ STN ✓
 Searcher Phone #: _____ AA Sequence (#) _____ Dialog _____
 Searcher Location: _____ Structure (#) 2 Questel/Orbit _____
 Date Searcher Picked Up: 9/26/02 Bibliographic _____ Dr. Link _____
 Date Completed: 40 Litigation _____ Lexis/Nexis _____
 Searcher Prep & Review Time: 40 Fulltext _____ Sequence Systems _____

EIC1700

Search Results

Feedback Form (Optional)



Scientific & Technical Information Center

The search results generated for your recent request are attached. If you have any questions or comments (compliments or complaints) about the scope or the results of the search, please contact *the EIC searcher* who conducted the search *or contact*:

Kathleen Fuller, Team Leader, 308-4290, CP3/4 3D62

Voluntary Results Feedback Form

➤ *I am an examiner in Workgroup:*

Example:

➤ *Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:*

- ☐ 102 rejection
- ☐ 103 rejection
- ☐ Cited as being of interest.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the invention.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.

Types of relevant prior art found:

- ☐ Foreign Patent(s)
- ☐ Non-Patent Literature
(journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)

➤ *Relevant prior art not found:*

- ☐ Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
- ☐ Search results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.

Other Comments:

Drop off completed forms in CP3/4 - 3D62 .

=> FILE REG

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 SEP 2002 HIGHEST RN 455250-99-4
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 SEP 2002 HIGHEST RN 455250-99-4

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
PROPERTIES for more information. See STN Note 27, Searching Properties
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Sep 2002 VOL 137 ISS 13
FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Sep 2002 (20020925/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
substance identification.

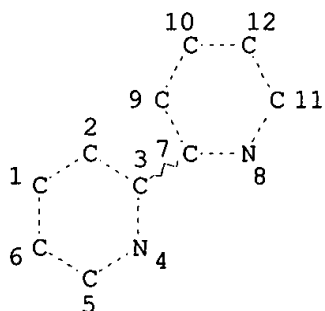
CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please
check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For
information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use
the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

=> D QUE
L3

54 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (7439-88-5/BI OR 7439-89-6/BI OR
7439-96-5/BI OR 7439-98-7/BI OR 7440-04-2/BI OR 7440-05-3/BI
OR 7440-06-4/BI OR 7440-15-5/BI OR 7440-16-6/BI OR 7440-18-8/BI
OR 7440-22-4/BI OR 7440-33-7/BI OR 7440-47-3/BI OR 7440-48-4/B
I OR 7440-57-5/BI OR 7440-61-1/BI OR 10025-76-0/BI OR 10042-88-
3/BI OR 10043-27-3/BI OR 10108-73-3/BI OR 10138-01-9/BI OR
125620-66-8/BI OR 1314-36-9/BI OR 1314-98-3/BI OR 136065-11-7/B

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 BI OR 153847-53-1/BI OR 153847-54-2/BI OR 187040-56-8/BI OR
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 OR 65181-78-4/BI OR 66-71-7/BI OR 73667-23-9/BI OR 7440-27-9/BI
 OR 7440-45-1/BI OR 7440-53-1/BI OR 76634-72-5/BI OR 9003-53-6/
 BI)
 STR

L22



*8,401 structures from
this query*

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RSPEC I
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 12

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24 8401 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L22
 L25 10589 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L24
 L26 87 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 AND (EL OR ELECTROLUMINES?)
 L29 31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L26 AND METAL?
 L30 44 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 AND LIGHT?(3A)?EMIT?
 L31 21 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L30 AND (METAL? OR LANTHAN?)
 L32 40 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L29 OR L31
 L34 35 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L3 AND 1/M
 L35 30 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L34 NOT 1-30/NR
 L36 1004278 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L35
 L37 37 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L26 OR L30) AND L36
 L38 55 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L32 OR L37
 L44 1713 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 AND ?POLYMER?
 L45 43 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L44 AND (EL OR ELECTROLUMINES?)
 L46 21 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L45 AND (L36 OR METAL? OR LANTHAN?)
 L50 25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L38 AND ?POLYMER?
 L51 25 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L46 OR L50
 L52 55 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 AND (L36 OR METAL? OR LANTHAN?)
 AND (EL OR ELECTROLUMIN? OR LIGHT?(3A)?EMIT?)
 L53 22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L38 OR L52) AND (POLYMER? OR
 PLASTIC?)/SC, SX
 L54 27 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L51 OR L53
 L55 33 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L25 AND LUMINESCENT SUBSTANCES/IT
 L56 28 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L55 AND (L36 OR LANTHAN? OR METAL?)
 L57 12 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L56 AND (?POLYMER? OR POLYMER?/SC, SX
 OR PLASTIC?/SC, SX)
 L58 36 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L54 OR L57

*36 CA references from structures
Combined with
utilify*

=> D L58 1-36 BIB ABS HITIND HITSTR

L58 ANSWER 1 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2002:658190 HCAPLUS
 TI **Metal-containing dendrimers**
 IN Burn, Paul Leslie; Christou, Victor; Lo, Shi-Chun; Pillow, Jonathan Nigel
 Gerard; Lupton, John Mark; Samuel, Ifor David William
 PA Isis Innovation Limited, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002066552	A1	20020829	WO 2002-GB750	20020220
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
PRAI	GB 2001-4175	A	20010220		
	GB 2001-6307	A	20010314		
AB	Light-emitting devices are described which comprise .gtoreq.1 layer that contains an organometallic dendrimer with a metal cation as part of its core, the core not comprising a magnesium-chelated porphyrin. Organometallic dendrimers which comprise a metal cation as part of its core and .gtoreq.2 dendrons are described in which .gtoreq.1 of the dendrons is conjugated, the dendrimer is luminescent in the solid state, and the core does not comprise a magnesium-chelated porphyrin. Blends of the organometallic dendrimers and a corresponding nonmetallic dendrimer having the same dendritic structure as that of the organometallic dendrimer are also described. Methods for producing dendrimers are described which entail providing a core by forming a complex between a metal cation and .gtoreq.2 coordinating groups, at least two of the the groups bearing a reactive functionality; and treating the core thus provided with .gtoreq.2 dendrons which were functionalized to render them reactive towards the reactive functionalities present in the core, .gtoreq.1 of the dendrons being conjugated. Methods for producing dendrimers are also described which entail attaching a coordinating group to each of .gtoreq.2 dendrons; forming a complex between the coordinating groups and a metal cation; and optionally further treating the complex with .gtoreq.1 addnl. coordinating ligands.				
IC	ICM C08K005-56				
CC	ICS C09K011-00; C09K011-06; H01L051-00; H01L051-30; C08G083-00 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)				
	Section cross-reference(s): 76, 37, 78				
ST	organometallic dendrimer light emitting device				
IT	Luminescent substances (electroluminescent; metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg. them and light-emitting devices using them)				

IT **Electroluminescent** devices
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

IT **Dendritic polymers**
 Organometallic compounds
 RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

IT 66-71-7D, 1,10-Phenanthroline, reaction products with organometallic
 dendrimers **366-18-7D**, 2,2'-Dipyridyl, reaction products with
 organometallic dendrimers 4733-39-5D, Bathocuproin, reaction products
 with organometallic dendrimers 11104-93-1D, Nitrogen oxide, reaction
 products with organometallic dendrimers **72914-19-3D**, reaction
 products with organometallic dendrimers
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

IT 340026-47-3 454180-93-9
 RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES
 (Uses)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

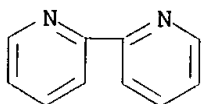
IT 453530-55-7P 453538-19-7P 453538-20-0P 453538-22-2P 453538-23-3P
 453538-24-4P 453538-25-5P 453538-26-6P 453559-39-2P 453560-17-3P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

IT 106-41-2, 4-Bromophenol 109-04-6, 2-Bromopyridine 121-43-7, Trimethyl
 borate 626-39-1, 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene 1008-89-5, 2-Phenylpyridine
 1184-63-0, Europium trisacetate 1461-22-9 1791-26-0,
 4-Vinylbenzaldehyde 4316-58-9, Tris(4-bromophenyl)amine 5467-74-3,
 4-Bromophenylboronic acid 6825-20-3, 3,6-Dibromocarbazole 7511-49-1
 7646-69-7, Sodium hydride 10025-83-9, Iridium trichloride 25519-07-7,
 Terbium trisacetate 40000-20-2 56990-02-4, 3,5-Dibromobenzaldehyde
 61676-62-8, 2-Isopropoxy-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane
 89598-96-9, 3-Bromophenylboronic acid 223574-14-9 240810-88-2
 453530-49-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

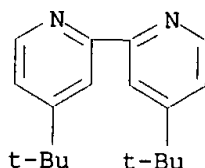
IT 4373-60-8P 63996-36-1P 164352-24-3P 355017-81-1P 355017-82-2P
 452369-35-6P 452369-36-7P 452369-39-0P 453524-83-9P 453530-44-4P
 453530-45-5P 453530-46-6P 453530-47-7P 453530-48-8P 453530-50-2P
 453530-53-5P 453530-54-6P 453530-56-8P 453530-70-6P 453538-21-1P
 453538-27-7P 453560-26-4P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

IT **366-18-7D**, 2,2'-Dipyridyl, reaction products with organometallic
 dendrimers **72914-19-3D**, reaction products with organometallic
 dendrimers
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (metal-contg. dendrimers and their prodn. and blends contg.
 them and **light-emitting** devices using them)

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 72914-19-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 2 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2002:471547 HCAPLUS
 DN 137:192425
 TI Synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine
 AU Fu, Y. J.; Wong, T. K. S.; Zhang, H. X.; Wang, G. M.; Hu, X.; Gao, Z. S.;
 Jiang, M. H.
 CS Division of Microelectronics, School of Electrical & Electronic
 Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, 639798,
 Singapore
 SO Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (2002), 665(Electronic,
 Optical and Optoelectronic Polymers and Oligomers), 359-364
 CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172
 PB Materials Research Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB 5,5'-Bis[4'-methyl-(2,2'-bipyridin-4-yl)-ethyl]-2,2'-bipyridine
 (BMBPYBPY), a partially conjugated deriv. of oligobipyridine, was
 synthesized and found to show strong photoluminescence (PL). Compared
 with the pyridine-based conjugated **polymers**, the shortened
 conjugation length shifts the emission color from green to violet-blue.
 The effects of morphol. on its PL properties were studied. From its
 as-pptd. powder state, an emission peak at 418 nm can be obsd. However
 the emission spectra from its diffused states such as doped in KBr, or
 dissolved in CHCl₃, as well as from its amorphous film state fabricated by
 vacuum evapn. are more complex. Also carried out are preliminary
electroluminescent studies. Single layer devices ITO/BMBPYBPY/Al
 do not emit although current can be obsd. prominently. Double layer
 devices ITO/TPD/ BMBPYBPY/Al show emissions both from TPD and BMBPYBPY.
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
 Properties)
 Section cross-reference(s): 27
 ST synthesis optical property oligobipyridine photoluminescence
electroluminescent LED
 IT **Electroluminescent** devices
 Luminescence
 Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
 Thermal analysis
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 65181-78-4, TPD
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

IT 189027-81-4P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP
 (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

IT 1134-35-6, 4,4'-Dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine 4111-54-0, Lithium
 diisopropylamine 92642-09-6
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

IT 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

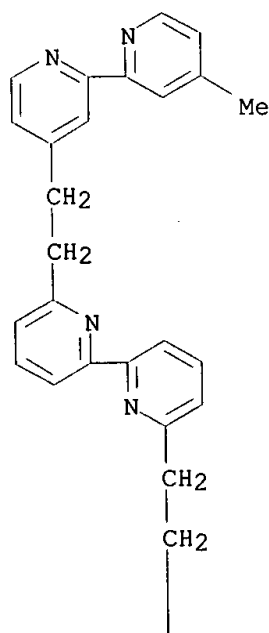
RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

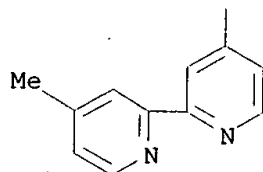
IT 189027-81-4P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP
 (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)

RN 189027-81-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 6,6'-bis[2-(4'-methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-4-yl)ethyl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

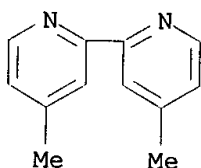
PAGE 1-A



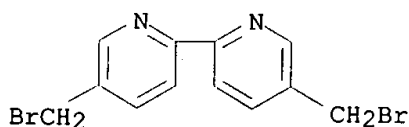
PAGE 2-A



IT 1134-35-6, 4,4'-Dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine 92642-09-6
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and optical properties of a novel oligobipyridine)
 RN 1134-35-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 92642-09-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-bis(bromomethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 3 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2002:348251 HCAPLUS
 DN 137:79331
 TI Charge Transfer in Ferrocene-Bearing Poly(thiophene)s and Application in Organic Bilayer Photocells
 AU Tan, Li; Curtis, M. David; Francis, A. H.
 CS Macromolecular Science & Engineering Center and Department of Chemistry, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, 48109-1055, USA
 SO Macromolecules (2002), 35(12), 4628-4635
 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Ferrocene-contg. thiophene monomers, 1-(2,5-Dibromothiophene-3-yl)-2-ferrocenylethene and 2-(2,5-Dibromothiophene-3-yl)-3-ferrocenylacrylonitrile, were prepd. via Knoevenagel base condensation or Wittig reactions. The corresponding poly(thiophene)s with pendant vinylene ferrocene (Fc) or cyanovinylene ferrocene units were prepd. by

- Ni-mediated coupling **polymn.** of monomers and 3-butylthiophene. Charge-transfer (CT) effects between the Fc groups and the conjugated **polymer** backbone were demonstrated by photoluminescence (PL) quenching and spectroelectrochem. observations. The current-potential (J-V) measurements on p/n bilayer devices (ITO/polythiophene/perylene imide (PV)/Ag) show significant photoconductance improvement at Fc concn. .apprx.40 mol %, where the short-circuit c.d., Jsc, increased 70% compared to that of similar ITO/P3BT/PV/Ag device.
- CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73, 76
- ST ferrocenylethene ferrocenylacrylonitrile thiophene monomer prepn Wittig condensation; coupling **polymn** ferrocenylthiophene butylthiophene nickel catalyst; charge transfer photoluminescence polythiophene ferrocenylacrylonitrile ferrocenylethene group; photocond polythiophene ferrocenylacrylonitrile ferrocenylethene photocell; spectroelectrochem optical band gap polythiophene ferrocenylacrylonitrile ferrocenylethene
- IT **Polymers, preparation**
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(conjugated; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT **Polymerization**
(coupling; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT Redox reaction
(electrochem.; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT Band gap
(optical; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT Conducting **polymers**
(polythiophenes, ferrocenylethene and ferrocenylacrylonitrile contg.; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT Charge transfer interaction
Coupling reaction
Electric current-potential relationship
Exciton
Knoevenagel reaction
Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
Luminescence quenching
Photoconductivity
Photoelectric devices
Photoexcitation
UV and visible spectra
Wittig reaction
(prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(contact layer; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridyl

- RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (coupling **polymn.** catalyst ligand; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 1295-35-8, Bis(1,5-cyclooctadiene)nickel
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (coupling **polymn.** catalyst; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 439901-90-3P, 2,5-Dibromo-3-(cyanomethyl)thiophene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 440105-96-4P 440105-97-5P 440105-98-6P 440105-99-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomer; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 81-33-4, Perylene-3,4,9,10-tetracarboxylic acid diimide
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (n-layer; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 440663-44-5P, 3-Butylthiophene-1-(2,5-Dibromothiophene-3-yl)-2-ferrocenylethene **copolymer** 440663-47-8P, 3-Butylthiophene-2-(2,5-Dibromothiophene-3-yl)-3-ferrocenylacrylonitrile **copolymer**
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 13191-36-1P, 2,5-Dibromo-3-methylthiophene 116971-10-9P, 2,5-Dibromo-3-butylthiophene
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 13191-37-2P, 2,5-Dibromo-3-(bromomethyl)thiophene
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 143-33-9, Sodium cyanide 603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, reactions 12093-10-6, Ferrocenecarboxaldehyde
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses 3109-63-5, Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (spectroelectrochem. electrolyte; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)
- IT 34722-01-5, 3-Butylthiophene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(starting material and monomer; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)

IT 439901-89-0P, 2,5-Dibromo-3-(triphenylphosphinomethyl)thiophene bromide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (ylide, intermediate; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)

IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (contact layer; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)

RN 7440-22-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Silver (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

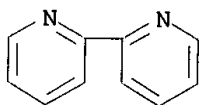
Ag

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridyl
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (coupling **polymn.** catalyst ligand; prepn. of monomers and coupling **polymn.** and charge transfer and photoluminescence of ferrocenyl-poly(thiophene)s and use in bilayer photocells)

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 4 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2002:299840 HCAPLUS
 DN 137:125467
 TI Synthesis and characterization of novel blue light
 emitting poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-phenyl vinylene)]
 AU Kim, Yun-Hi; Shin, Dong-Cheol; Kwon, Soon-Ki; Lee, Jeong-Hyun
 CS Department of Polymer Science & Engineering and Research Institute of
 Industrial Technology, Gyeongsang National University, Jinju, 660-701, S.
 Korea
 SO Journal of Materials Chemistry (2002), 12(5), 1280-1283
 CODEN: JMACEP; ISSN: 0959-9428

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700/LAW LIBRARY 308-4290

PB Royal Society of Chemistry
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)] (PBPPV) was synthesized using the well-known nickel coupling reaction. PBPPV contg. an asym. mono-Ph group at the vinylene of the main chain was highly sol. in common org. solvents and was found to be thermally stable. The **polymer** contg. suitable electron donating mono-Ph substituent gives rise to bright blue fluorescence both in soln. and thin solid films. The solid photoluminescence quantum efficiency of the PBPPV was 0.43(+-.10%). The EL spectra of PBPPV and the blend with poly(9-vinylcarbazole) (PVK) had similar maxima at about 460 nm in the blue region. The max. brightness of devices of structure ITO/PBPPV/Al-Li and ITO/PBPPV : PVK (3 : 7)/Al-Li were 250 cd m⁻² and 2700 cd m⁻², resp.
 CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
 Section cross-reference(s): 37, 73, 76
 ST polybiphenylene phenylvinylene synthesis thermal stability energy gap **electroluminescence** device
 IT LUMO (molecular orbital)
 (HOMO gap; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT HOMO (molecular orbital)
 (LUMO gap; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT Band gap
 Current density
Electroluminescent devices
 Luminescence
 Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
 Optical absorption
 Redox potential
 Thermal stability
 (novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 7718-54-9, Nickel dichloride, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (anhyd., **polymn.** catalyst system; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode, alloy with aluminum; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode, alloy with lithium; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 50926-11-9, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 25067-59-8, Poly(9-vinylcarbazole)
 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
 (**emitting** material; novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])
 IT 90-90-4, 4-Bromobenzophenone 51044-13-4, 4-Bromobenzyltriphenylphosphoni

um bromide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomer synthesis; novel blue **light emitting**
 poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

IT 271779-47-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomer; novel blue **light emitting**
 poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

IT 443795-66-2P 443911-79-3P
 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (novel blue **light emitting** poly[4,4'-
 biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine 603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (polymn. catalyst system; novel blue **light**
emitting poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (powder, polymn. catalyst system; novel blue **light**
emitting poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

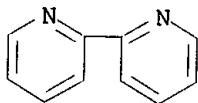
IT 50926-11-9, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode; novel blue **light emitting**
 poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (polymn. catalyst system; novel blue **light**
emitting poly[4,4'-biphenylene(.alpha.-Ph vinylene)])

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 5 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2002:294029 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:316681
 TI **Polymers** having attached luminescent **metal** complexes
 and devices made with such **polymers**
 IN Periyasamy, Mookkan; Grushin, Vladimir; Petrov, Viacheslav A.; Herron,
 Norman; Radu, Nora Sabina

PA E.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2002031896	A2	20020418	WO 2001-US31449	20011009
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI US 2000-238974P	P	20001010		

OS MARPAT 136:316681

AB Org. electronic devices are described which comprise an emitting layer which comprises .gtoreq.1 functionalized **polymer** having a plurality of first-type functional groups, at least a portion of the functional groups being coordinated to .gtoreq.1 **metal** or **metal**-contg. complex, or in which the groups have a charge and are assocd. with .gtoreq.1 **metal** complex having an opposite charge. The emitting layers may also include org. charge transport materials. Selected **polymer-metal** complexes and salts are also described.

IC ICM H01L051-30

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76

ST **metal** complex **polymer** salt **electroluminescent** device; **metal** **polymer** complex **electroluminescent** device

IT Group VIII element compounds

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(Group 10; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT Polyanilines

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(charge transport material; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT Group VIII element compounds

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cobalt-group; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT **Luminescent substances**

(**electroluminescent**; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT Group VIII element compounds

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(iron-group; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices

(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

IT Group IB element compounds

Group IIB element compounds

Group IIIA element compounds

Group VIIB element compounds

Rare earth complexes

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

- IT 25067-59-8, Polyvinylcarbazole 58328-31-7 65181-78-4, N,N'-Diphenyl-N,N'-bis(3-methylphenyl)-(1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diamine 70895-80-6, Bis[4-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-methylphenyl](4-methylphenyl)methane

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(charge transport material; **metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

- IT 7439-88-5D, Iridium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-04-2D, Osmium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-05-3D, Palladium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-06-4D, Platinum, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-16-6D, Rhodium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-27-9D, Terbium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-30-4D, Thulium, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-57-5D, Gold, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 7440-66-6D, Zinc, compds., reaction products with **polymers** 40231-87-6D, reaction products with **polymers** 176763-58-9D, reaction products with **polymers** 412040-84-7D, reaction products with **polymers**

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

- IT 126213-51-2, Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)

RL: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)

(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

- IT 14054-87-6DP, reaction products with **polymers** 14592-81-5DP, reaction products with **polymers** 26284-14-0DP, reaction products with **metal** compds. 26355-01-1DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate **copolymer**, reaction products with **metal** compds. 56315-94-7DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate-isobutyl methacrylate **copolymer**, reaction products with **metal** compds. 66028-15-7DP, 2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl methacrylate-Isobutylmethacrylate **copolymer**, reaction products with **metal** compds. 72460-28-7DP, 4,4'-Bis(chlorocarbonyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, reaction products with **polymers** and **metal** compds. 190370-38-8DP, reaction products with **polymers** 387859-66-7DP, reaction products with **polymers** 412032-55-4DP, reaction products with electron-transporting compds. and **metal** compds. 412032-56-5DP, reaction products with **polymers** and **metal** compds. 412032-57-6DP, reaction products with electron-transporting compds. and **metal** compds. 412032-58-7DP, reaction products with **metal** compds. 412032-59-8DP, reaction products with **metal** compds. 412032-60-1DP, reaction products with **metal** compds.

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)

- IT 95-54-5, 1,2-Diaminobenzene, reactions 97-93-8, Triethylaluminum, reactions 694-83-7, 1,2-Diaminocyclohexane 1765-93-1,

4-Fluorophenylboronic acid 2695-37-6, 4-Styrenesulfonic acid sodium salt
3796-23-4 10025-83-9, Iridium trichloride 32503-27-8,
Tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate 37942-07-7, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-2-
hydroxybenzaldehyde

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(metal-polymer complexes and salts and devices
employing them)

IT 37295-36-6P 66028-15-7P, 2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl methacrylate-
Isobutylmethacrylate copolymer 103595-82-0P 190370-38-8P
370878-58-3P 387859-66-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(metal-polymer complexes and salts and devices
employing them)

IT 7439-88-5D, Iridium, compds., reaction products with
polymers 7440-04-2D, Osmium, compds., reaction products
with polymers 7440-05-3D, Palladium, compds., reaction
products with polymers 7440-06-4D, Platinum, compds.,
reaction products with polymers 7440-16-6D, Rhodium,
compds., reaction products with polymers 7440-18-8D,
Ruthenium, compds., reaction products with polymers
7440-27-9D, Terbium, compds., reaction products with
polymers 7440-57-5D, Gold, compds., reaction products
with polymers

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(metal-polymer complexes and salts and devices
employing them)

RN 7439-88-5 HCAPLUS

CN Iridium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ir

RN 7440-04-2 HCAPLUS

CN Osmium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Os

RN 7440-05-3 HCAPLUS

CN Palladium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Pd

RN 7440-06-4 HCAPLUS

CN Platinum (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Pt

RN 7440-16-6 HCAPLUS

CN Rhodium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rh

RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

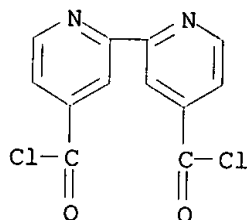
RN 7440-27-9 HCAPLUS
CN Terbium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Tb

RN 7440-57-5 HCAPLUS
CN Gold (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Au

IT 72460-28-7DP, 4,4'-Bis(chlorocarbonyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, reaction products with **polymers** and **metal** compds.
RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(**metal-polymer** complexes and salts and devices employing them)
RN 72460-28-7 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarbonyl dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 6 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2002:254681 HCAPLUS
DN 137:34113
TI Study of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine derivative as luminescence materials
AU Fu, Y. J.; Wong, T. K. S.; Wang, G. M.; Hu, X.; Buddhudu, S.; Zhang, H. X.; Gao, Z. S.; Jiang, M. H.
CS Division of Microelectronics, School of Electrical & Electronic Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, 639798, Singapore
SO Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (2001), 660(Organic Electronic and Photonic Materials and Devices), JJ5.9/1-JJ5.9/6
CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172
PB Materials Research Society
DT Journal

LA English

AB Both photoluminescence (PL) and **electroluminescence (EL)** properties of 6,6''''-dimethyl-4', 4''''-diphenyl-2,2':6',2'':6'',2''':6''',2''''-quinquepyridine (DMDPQPY), a 2,6-linked oligopyridine deriv., have been investigated. Two maxima are obsd. from its PL spectra in solid state, but only one peak appears in its PL in solns. Emission from the single layer device with indium-tin-oxide (ITO) and Al as the resp. anode and cathode (ITO/DMDPQPY/Al) is very weak, but introduction of a hole-transporting layer poly(vinylcarbazole) (PVK), in the double layer device (ITO/PVK/ DMDPQPY/Al), increases the luminance significantly indicating a better charge balance. Two peaks appear in the **EL** spectra, one at 419 nm and another at 536 nm, ascribed to PVK and DMDPQPY resp.

CC 38-3 (**Plastics** Fabrication and Uses)
Section cross-reference(s): 37, 73

ST quinquepyridine deriv luminescent material photoluminescence **electroluminescence**; dimethyldiphenylquinquepyridine luminescent material photoluminescence **electroluminescence**

IT **Luminescent substances**
(**electroluminescent**; photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices
Luminescence
Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
Luminescent substances
(photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(ITO-poly(vinylcarbazole) devices; photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT 50926-11-9, ITO
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(aluminum-poly(vinylcarbazole) devices; photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT 25067-59-8, Poly(vinylcarbazole)
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(hole-transport material, aluminum-ITO devices; photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT 155695-89-9, 6,6''''-Dimethyl-4', 4''''-diphenyl-2,2':6',2'':6'',2''':6''',2''''-quinquepyridine
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

IT 50926-11-9, ITO
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(aluminum-poly(vinylcarbazole) devices; photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for **electroluminescent** devices)

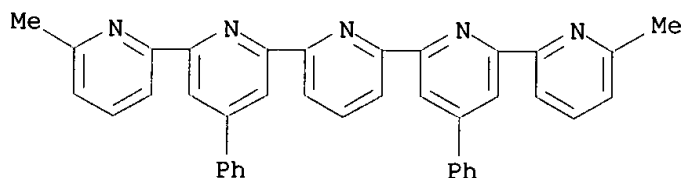
RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
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		Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 155695-89-9, 6,6''''-Dimethyl-4', 4''''-diphenyl-
2,2':6',2'':6'',2''':6''',2''''-quinquepyridine
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(photoluminescence and **electroluminescence** of 2,6-linked
quinquepyridine deriv. as luminescence materials for
electroluminescent devices)
RN 155695-89-9 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2':6',2'':6'',2''':6''',2''''-Quinquepyridine, 6,6''''-dimethyl-4',4''''-
diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



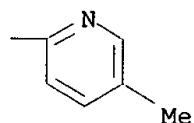
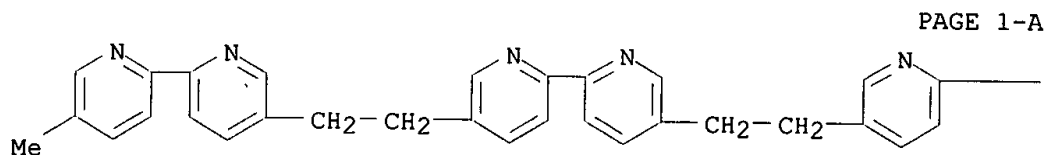
RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 7 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2002:142130 HCAPLUS
DN 137:109590
TI Synthesis and optical properties of derivatives of oligo-bipyridines
AU Fu, You Jun; Wong, Terence Kin Shun; Wang, Guangming; Hu, Xiao
CS Division of Microelectronics, School of Electrical & Electronic
Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, 639798, Singapore
SO Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
(2001), 4594 (Design, Fabrication, and Characterization of Photonic Devices
II), 374-379
CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
PB SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
DT Journal
LA English
AB Two oligo-bipyridine derivs. (L1, L2) which belong to partially conjugated
oligomers in structure, were synthesized and found to show strong
photoluminescence. In its as-obtained powder states, L1 shows an emission
at 403 nm under the excitation of 365 nm; while when mixed with KBr, it
shows one emission peak at 402 nm and one shoulder at 389 nm; and in its
chloroform soln., it emits with two peaks at 344 nm and 356 nm. The
as-obtained powder state of L2 emits with a peak at 418 nm under the
excitation of 367 nm, while its doped state in KBr plate has two emissions
at 403 nm and 423 nm; in its chloroform soln., two peaks at 393 nm and 414
nm appear under the excitation of 364 nm light. Films of L2 fabricated by
vacuum evapn. emit at 406 nm and 428 nm. Both compds. show emission in
the range of deep blue or violet color. It is proposed that one way to
obtain blue emitting materials is to shorten the conjugation length in the
polymeric and oligomeric structures. Silver complex of L1 show
emission at 445 nm under the excitation of 348 nm. **EL**
properties of L2 were studied preliminarily.
CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

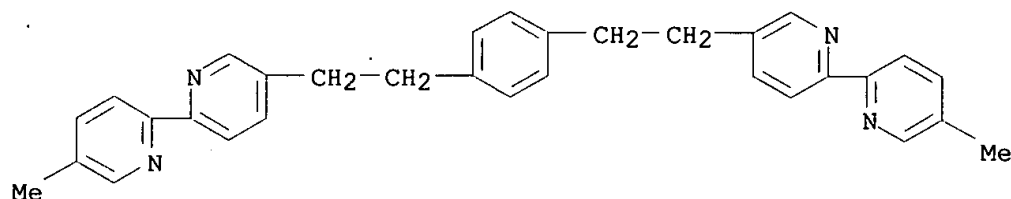
Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76
 ST photoluminescence **electroluminescence light emitting** device oligo bipyridine synthesis
 IT Transition **metal** complexes
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (bipyridine; synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 IT **Electroluminescent** devices
 Luminescence
 Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
 (synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses **50926-11-9**, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode; synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 IT **149084-46-8** 188396-90-9 **188396-92-1**
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 IT **50926-11-9**, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode; synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT **149084-46-8** 188396-92-1
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (synthesis and optical properties of derivs. of oligo-bipyridines)
 RN 149084-46-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-bis[2-(5'-methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-5-yl)ethyl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 188396-92-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-bis[2-(5'-methyl[2,2'-bipyridin]-5-yl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 8 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2002:2824 HCAPLUS

DN 136:45347

TI Light-transforming **polymeric** composition

IN Anisimov, V. M.; Anisimova, O. M.; Zaychenko, N. L.; Mardaleyshvili, I. R.; Marevtsev, V. S.; Ostrovskii, M. A.; Shienok, A. I.

PA Institut Khimicheskoi Fiziki RAN i.m. N. N. Semenova, Russia

SO Russ., No pp. given, 7

CODEN: RUXXE7

DT Patent

LA Russian

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	RU 2153519	C2	20000727	RU 1998-118208	19981005
AB	Light-converting polymeric compns. are described which comprise active additive based on org. and/or inorg. salts of europium 0.001-10 wt.% and .gtoreq.1 compds. selected from nitrogen and/or oxygen-contg. heterocycles, oxides of nitrogen, phosphorus- and sulfur-contg. compds. 0.001-10 wt.% with thermoplastic (co) polymers making up the the balance. The polymer compns. are effective absorbers of UV radiation. They absorb at least 90% of UV irradiation incident on them and effectively transform it into red light. Application to films or glasses for use in green houses and hot houses and the creation of decorative members and advertising is indicated.				
IC	ICM C09K011-06				
	ICS C08K005-00; A01N059-00; A01N043-00; A01N037-00				
CC	73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)				
ST	europium salt polymeric light converting compn				
IT	Luminescent substances				
	(europium salt-contg. light-converting polymeric compns.)				
IT	Acrylic polymers , uses				
	Polyamides, uses				
	Polycarbonates, uses				
	Polyesters, uses				
	RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)				
	(europium salt-contg. light-converting polymeric compns.)				
IT	66-71-7, 1,10-Phenanthroline 78-50-2, Trioctylphosphine oxide				
	119-91-5, 2,2'-Biquinoline 231-23-2, 1,4,5,8-Tetraazaphenanthrene				
	245-37-4, 4,5-Diazafluorene 254-60-4, 1,8-Naphthyridine 295-37-4,				
	Cyclam 296-35-5, Hexacyclen 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine				
	508-32-7, Cyclene 553-26-4, 4,4'-Bipyridine 791-28-6,				
	Triphenylphosphine oxide 814-29-9, Tributylphosphine oxide				
	1148-79-4, 2,2':6',2''-Terpyridine 1251-85-0 1308-96-9,				
	Europium oxide 1600-44-8, Tetramethylene sulfoxide 1891-19-6				

2423-65-6, Pyrazine N-Oxide 3252-61-7, Europium thiocyanate 3682-35-7,
 2,4,6-Tri(2-pyridinyl)-1,3,5-triazine 7091-25-0 **7275-43-6**,
 2,2'-Bipyridine N,N'-dioxide 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4,
 Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene
 9004-36-8, Acetobutyrate cellulose 9010-79-1, Ethylene-propylene
copolymer 9011-14-7, PMMA **10025-76-0**, Europium
 chloride **10138-01-9**, Europium nitrate 10198-96-6,
 3,3'-Bipyridazine 10199-00-5, 2,2'-Bipyrazine 13537-22-9 14098-44-3,
 Benzo-15-crown-5 14187-32-7, Dibenzo-18-crown-6 15130-47-9
 16069-36-6, Dicyclohexano-18-crown-6 16922-05-7, Europium acetate
 17455-13-9, 18-Crown-6 17999-93-8, 1,1'-Biisoquinoline 23978-09-8,
 2,2,2-Cryptand 24120-47-6 24937-16-4, Poly[imino(1-oxo-1,12-
 dodecanediyl)] 24937-78-8, Ethylene-vinyl acetate **copolymer**
 24968-12-5, Poly(1,4-butylene terephthalate) 25038-54-4, Nylon 6, uses
 25038-74-8 26062-94-2, Poly(1,4-butylene terephthalate) 26733-41-5,
 Europium salicylate 31364-42-8, 2,2,1-Cryptand 33100-27-5, 15-Crown-5
33421-43-1, 2,2'-Bipyridine N-Oxide 34671-83-5,
 2,2'-Dipyrimidine 35202-46-1, 3,3'-Biisoquinoline 58770-15-3
 61413-96-5 63972-19-0, Dioxocyclam 72799-24-7, 1,10-Phenanthroline
 N,N'-dioxide 74912-23-5 78914-16-6 104368-22-1 146716-34-9
 171568-97-1 380329-12-4 380329-15-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(europium salt-contg. light-converting **polymeric** compns.)

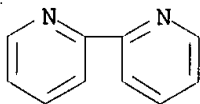
IT **366-18-7**, 2,2'-Bipyridine **1148-79-4**,
 2,2':6',2''-Terpyridine **7275-43-6**, 2,2'-Bipyridine N,N'-dioxide
10025-76-0, Europium chloride **10138-01-9**, Europium
 nitrate **33421-43-1**, 2,2'-Bipyridine N-Oxide

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(europium salt-contg. light-converting **polymeric** compns.)

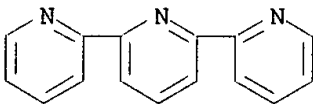
RN **366-18-7** HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



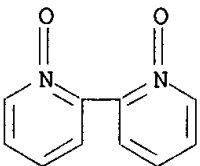
RN 1148-79-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2':6',2''-Terpyridine (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

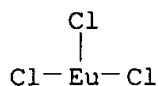


RN 7275-43-6 HCAPLUS

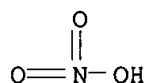
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 1,1'-dioxide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 10025-76-0 HCAPLUS
CN Europium chloride (EuCl₃) (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

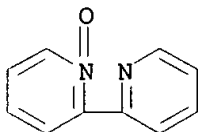


RN 10138-01-9 HCAPLUS
CN Nitric acid, europium(3+) salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



1/3 Eu(III)

RN 33421-43-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 1-oxide (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 9 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2001:790479 HCAPLUS
DN 136:86162
TI The role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated **polymers** that exhibit interesting opto-electronic properties
AU Ng, Po King; Gong, Xiong; Chan, Suk Hang; Lam, Lillian Sze Man; Chan, Wai Kin
CS Department of Chemistry, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, Hong Kong
SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2001), 7(20), 4358-4367
CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
DT Journal
LA English
AB This paper reports the synthesis and opto-electronic properties of different conjugated **polymers** that contain the diimine complexes of ruthenium or rhenium. Conjugated poly(phenylene vinylene)s that contain arom. 1.3.4-oxadiazole and 2.2'-bipyridine units on the main chain were synthesized by the palladium catalyzed olefinic coupling reaction. Other types of **polymers** based on 1.10-phenanthroline bis(2.2'-bipyridyl) ruthenium(II) or chloro tricarbonyl rhenium(I) complexes were also synthesized by the same reaction. In general, these **polymers** exhibit two absorption bands due to the .pi. - .pi.* transition of the conjugated main chain and the d - .pi.* **metal** -to-ligand charge-transfer transition of the **metal** complex. As a result, the photosensitivity of the **polymers** beyond 500 nm was

enhanced. Charge-carrier mobility measurements showed that the presence of **metal** complexes could facilitate the charge-transport process, and the enhancement in carrier mobility was dependent on the **metal** content in the **polymer**. In addn., we have also demonstrated that the ruthenium complex could act as both photosensitizer and **light emitter**. Photovoltaic cells were constructed, and they were subjected to irradiation with a xenon arc lamp. Under illumination, the short circuit current and the open circuit voltage were measured to be 0.05 mA cm⁻² and 0.35 V, resp. The **polymers** were fabricated into single-layer **emitting** devices, and **light** emission was obsd. when the device was subjected to forward bias. The max. luminance was detd. to be 300 cd m⁻², and the external quantum efficiency was approx. 0.05 to 0.2%. Although the efficiency was relatively low when compared with other devices based on org. materials, we have demonstrated the first examples of using transition **metal** complexes for both photovoltaic and **light-emitting** applications.

CC 35-6 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76

IT **Polymers**, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(conjugated; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT Charge transfer complexes

RL: PRP (Properties)
(intramol.; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT Hole mobility

(mobilities of; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT Cyclic voltammetry

Electric current-potential relationship

Luminescence

Luminescence, **electroluminescence**

(role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated
polymers)

IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated
polymers)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices

(single-layer; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT 50926-11-9, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrode; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT 1802-30-8, 2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid

6813-38-3, 2,2'-Bipyridine-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(ligand synthesis; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

IT 50907-23-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(ligand synthesis; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in
conjugated **polymers**)

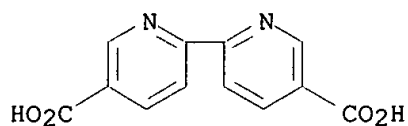
IT 385767-23-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(ligand; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated

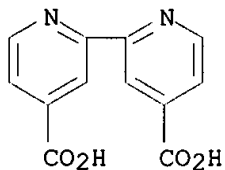
polymers)
 IT 385767-22-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (ligand; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 202667-34-3P 264916-72-5P 386706-87-2P 386706-89-4P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (metal complex monomer; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 2923-28-6, Silver trifluoromethanesulfonate 19542-80-4
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomer synthesis; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 216964-54-4P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomer synthesis; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 78-30-8P, Tri-o-tolylphosphate 102-82-9P, Tri-n-butylamine
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (polymn. catalyst; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 385767-24-8P 385767-25-9P 385767-26-0P 386706-90-7P 386706-91-8P
 386706-92-9P 386706-94-1P 386706-95-2P 386706-97-4P 386706-99-6P
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 623-00-7, 1-Bromo-4-Cyanobenzene 14099-01-5, Rhenium pentacarbonyl chloride 17084-13-8, Potassium hexafluorophosphate 26628-22-8, Sodium azide 100125-12-0, 3,8-Dibromo-1,10-phenanthroline
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 IT 50926-11-9, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electrode; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

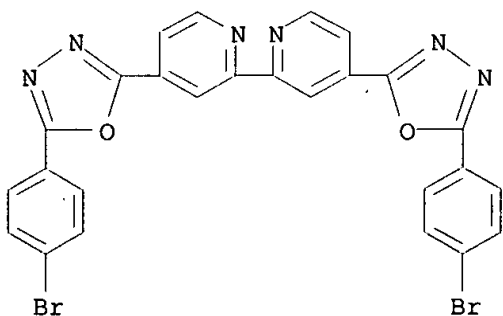
IT 1802-30-8, 2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid
 6813-38-3, 2,2'-Bipyridine-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (ligand synthesis; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
 RN 1802-30-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



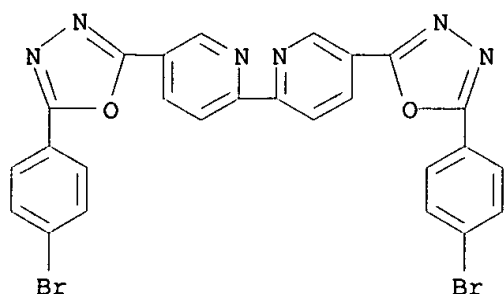
RN 6813-38-3 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 385767-23-7
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(ligand; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
RN 385767-23-7 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-bis[5-(4-bromophenyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT 385767-22-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(ligand; role of ruthenium and rhenium diimine complexes in conjugated polymers)
RN 385767-22-6 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-bis[5-(4-bromophenyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 63 THERE ARE 63 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 10 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:729805 HCAPLUS

DN 135:295943

TI **Polymeric** fluorescent substance, production method thereof, and
polymer light-emitting device using the same

IN Doi, Shuji; Tsubata, Yoshiaki

PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 1138746	A1	20011004	EP 2001-302966	20010329
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	JP 2001342459	A2	20011214	JP 2001-100621	20010330
	US 2002027623	A1	20020307	US 2001-820946	20010330
PRAI	JP 2000-98717	A	20000331		

AB **Polymeric** fluorescent substances are described which have a polystyrene-reduced no.-av. mol. wt. of 103 to 108, and comprises in the main chain .gtoreq.1 repeating units described by the general formula -Ar1-(CR1:CR2)n- (Ar1 = a C6-60 arylene group, a C4-60 heterocyclic group, or a group comprising a **metal** complex having, as a ligand, .gtoreq.1 C4-60 org. compds.; Ar1 may have .gtoreq.1 substituents; each of R1 and R2 = independently selected H, C1-20 alkyl, C6-60 aryl, C4-60 heterocyclic, and cyano groups; and n = 0 or 1) wherein 0.05-10 mol% of all repeating units in the **polymeric** fluorescent substance have branching **polymeric** chains. Methods for producing the materials are also described which entail reacting appropriate precursors. **Light-emitting** devices employing the substances and displays and light sources employing the devices are also described.

IC ICM C09K011-06

ICS C08G061-02

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76

ST **polymeric** fluorescent substance prodn **light emitting** device

IT Phosphors

(**electroluminescent**; **polymeric** fluorescent substances and their prodn. and **polymer light-emitting** devices using them)

IT **Electroluminescent devices**
 Fluorescent substances
 (polymeric fluorescent substances and their prodn. and
 polymer light-emitting devices using them)

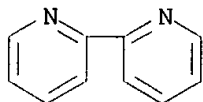
IT 366-18-7DP, 2,2'-Bipyridyl, polymer with pyridineiridium
 and dioctyldibromofluorene 636-28-2DP, polymer with
 diocylfluorene-dioxaborolane and dioctylbromofluorene 198964-46-4DP,
 polymer with diocylfluorene-dioxaborolane and tetrabromobenzene
 198964-46-4DP, polymer with pyridineiridium and bipyridyl
 210347-49-2DP, polymer with diocylbromofluorene and
 tetrabromobenzene 364627-16-7P 364627-29-2P 364627-42-9DP,
 polymer with diocylfluorene-dioxaborolane and dioctylbromofluorene
 RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polymeric fluorescent substances and their prodn. and
 polymer light-emitting devices using them)

IT 1008-89-5, 2-Phenylpyridine 7726-95-6, Bromine, reactions 15635-87-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (polymeric fluorescent substances and their prodn. and
 polymer light-emitting devices using them)

IT 364732-76-3P, 2-(Bromophenyl)pyridine 364732-77-4P, Tris[2-
 (bromophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III) 364732-79-6P, Bis[2-
 (phenyl)pyridine]mono[2-(bromophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III)
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (polymeric fluorescent substances and their prodn. and
 polymer light-emitting devices using them)

IT 366-18-7DP, 2,2'-Bipyridyl, polymer with pyridineiridium
 and dioctyldibromofluorene
 RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polymeric fluorescent substances and their prodn. and
 polymer light-emitting devices using them)

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

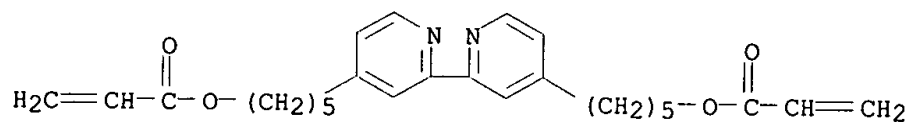


RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 11 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2001:636466 HCAPLUS
 DN 135:349769
 TI Tervalent Conducting **Polymers** with Tailor-Made Work Functions:
 Preparation, Characterization, and Applications as Cathodes in
Electroluminescent Devices
 AU Bloom, Corey J.; Elliott, C. Michael; Schroeder, Paul G.; France, C.
 Brian; Parkinson, Bruce A.
 CS Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO,
 80523, USA
 SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(38), 9436-9442
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal

- LA English
- AB A series of conducting **polymers** have been prep'd. through thermal **polymn.** of transition-metal diimine complexes. The as-**polymd.** material is electrochem. converted into its formally zerovalent form. Due to the proximity of the half-wave potentials of the formal 1+/0 and 0/1- couples, there is substantial disproportionation of the redox sites at room temp., resulting in a conductive tervalent mixed-valent material. The redox processes that give rise to this mixed-valent material are predominantly ligand-based, and therefore are highly sensitive to substitution on the ligand periphery. Soln. redox chem. of the monomer can be used to accurately predict the work function of the corresponding zerovalent conducting **polymer**, which has been verified by UPS. Many of these materials have esp. low work functions (<3.6 eV) making them appropriate materials to use as cathode materials in org. **light-emitting** devices (OLEDs). Working examples of tris(8-hydroxyquinoline)aluminum(III)-based OLEDs have been fabricated using one of these **polymers** as a cathode.
- CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)
- Section cross-reference(s): 38, 72, 76
- ST tervalent conducting **polymers** ruthenium diimine complexes **electroluminescence** device
- IT **Electroluminescent** devices
(application of tervalent conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions in)
- IT Transition **metal** complexes
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(diimine; thermal **polymn.** of transition-metal diimine complexes in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT Imines
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(diimines, transition **metal** complexes; thermal **polymn.** of transition-metal diimine complexes in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT Cathodes
(for **electroluminescent** devices from thermally **polymd.** transition-metal diimine complexes)
- IT Electric current-potential relationship
(of aluminum tris-quinoline based **electroluminescent** device)
- IT Cyclic voltammetry
(of glassy carbon electrode modified with ruthenium contg. diimine complex **polymer** in acetonitrile contg. Bu4NPF6)
- IT Work function
(prepn. and application of tervalent conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions in **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT Conducting **polymers**
(tervalent conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT **Polymerization**
(thermal; thermal **polymn.** of transition-metal diimine complexes in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT 210902-93-5P
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions formed

- by thermal **polymn.**)
- IT 101144-64-3P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions formed by thermal **polymn.** of)
- IT 7440-44-0, Glassy carbon, uses
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (glassy; cyclic voltammetry of glassy carbon electrode modified with ruthenium contg. diimine complex **polymer** in acetonitrile contg. Bu4NPF6)
- IT 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses 3109-63-5, Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (glassy; cyclic voltammetry of glassy carbon electrode modified with ruthenium contg. diimine complex **polymer** in acetonitrile contg. Bu4NPF6)
- IT 371255-40-2P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate compd. in prepn. of transition-**metal** diimine complexes)
- IT 371255-43-5
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (starting reactive in synthesis of transition-**metal** diimine complexes used in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT 2085-33-8
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (thermal **polymn.** of transition-**metal** diimine complexes in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT 371255-42-4P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (use of transition-**metal** diimine complexes in prepn. of conducting **polymers** with tailor-made work functions)
- IT 371255-40-2P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate compd. in prepn. of transition-**metal** diimine complexes)
- RN 371255-40-2 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, [2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-diyldi-5,1-pentanediy l ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

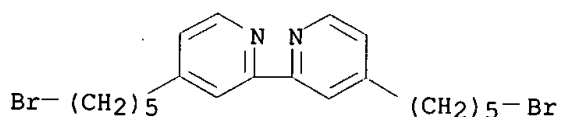


IT 371255-43-5

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(starting reactive in synthesis of transition-metal diimine complexes used in prepn. of conducting polymers with tailor-made work functions)

RN 371255-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-bis(5-bromopentyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 12 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:582283 HCAPLUS

DN 135:172858

TI Novel polymer, light emitting device
material and light-emitting device using the same

IN Araki, Katsumi

PA Japan

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp.

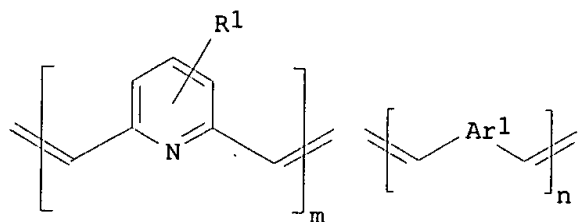
CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

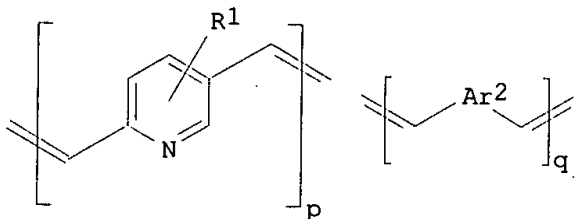
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

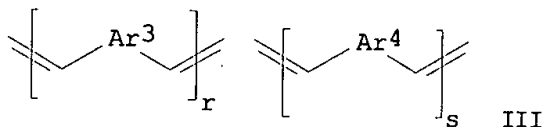
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 2001012572	A1	20010809	US 2000-732709	20001211
	JP 2001226469	A2	20010821	JP 2000-370319	20001205
	JP 2001302793	A2	20011031	JP 2000-392896	20001225
PRAI	JP 1999-351841	A	19991210		
	JP 2000-9203	A	20000118		
	JP 2000-39703	A	20000217		
GI					



I



II



III

AB The title **polymers** are described by the general formulas I, II, or III (Ar1 = a conjugate unsatd. group exclusive of a nitrogen-contg. heterocyclic ring having .gtoreq.2 nitrogen atoms; $m + n = 100$; $0 \leq n < 100$; R1 = H atom or a substituent with the restriction that, when Ar1 = a substituted fluorene ring or an alkoxy-substituted benzene ring, $n \neq 50$; Ar2 = a conjugate unsatd. group exclusive of a conjugate unsatd. group comprising a benzene ring substituted at .gtoreq.2 positions by a C.gtoeq.12 alkyl group, a C.gtoeq.16 alkoxy group, a C.gtoeq.12 alkoxycarbonyl group, or a C.gtoeq.12 acyloxy group, and a conjugate unsatd. group comprising a nitrogen-contg. heterocyclic ring having a 2,6-pyridinediyl group and .gtoreq.2 N atoms; $0 < p < 100$; $0 < q < 100$; R2 = H atom or a substituent; Ar3 = a heteroarylene group having 2 or more nitrogen atoms, Ar4 = a conjugate unsatd. group; $r + s = 100$ and $0 \leq s < 100$, with the restriction that, when Ar3 is a 2,2'-dipyridyl-4,4'-diyl group or a 2,5-pyrazinediyl group, $s \neq 0$ or 50). **Electroluminescent** materials based on the **polymers** and **electroluminescent** devices employing the **polymers** are also described.

IC H05B033-14; C08G010-00; C08G061-12

NCL 428690000

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76

ST **polymer electroluminescent** material; **light emitting device polymer electroluminescent** material

IT Phosphors

(**electroluminescent; polymers** and **light-emitting device** materials based on them and **light-emitting devices** using them)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices

(**polymers** and **light-emitting device** materials based on them and **light-emitting devices** using them)

IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polymers and light-emitting device
 materials based on them and light-emitting devices
 using them)

IT 50851-57-5
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polyethylene dioxythiophene doped with; polymers and
 light-emitting device materials based on them and
 light-emitting devices using them)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 37271-44-6 50926-11-9, ITO
 96638-49-2, Polyphenylene vinylene 123864-00-6, Poly(9,9-
 dioctylfluorene)
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polymers and light-emitting device
 materials based on them and light-emitting devices
 using them)

IT 353797-84-9P 353797-85-0P 353797-86-1P 353797-87-2P 353797-88-3P
 353797-89-4P 353797-90-7P 353797-91-8P 353797-93-0P 353797-94-1P
 353797-95-2P 353797-96-3P 353797-97-4P 353797-98-5P
 353797-99-6P 353798-00-2P 353798-01-3P 353798-02-4P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polymers and light-emitting device
 materials based on them and light-emitting devices
 using them)

IT 126213-51-2, Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polystyrene sulfonate-doped; polymers and light-
 emitting device materials based on them and light-
 emitting devices using them)

IT 50926-11-9, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (polymers and light-emitting device
 materials based on them and light-emitting devices
 using them)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 353797-96-3P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polymers and light-emitting device
 materials based on them and light-emitting devices
 using them)

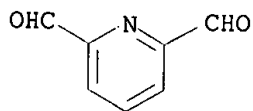
RN 353797-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6-Pyridinedicarboxaldehyde, polymer with 5,5'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

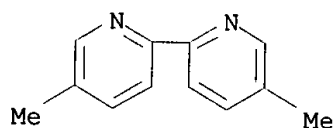
CRN 5431-44-7

CMF C7 H5 N O2



CM 2

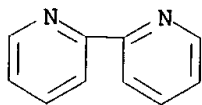
CRN 1762-34-1
CMF C12 H12 N2



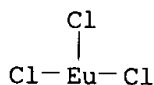
L58 ANSWER 13 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2001:390451 HCAPLUS
DN 134:354193
TI Luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic
dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth
metal ions and their preparation
IN Zhu, Linyong; Wang, Erjian; Li, Miaozen; Chang, Zhiying; Wu, Feipeng; He,
Yong
PA Institute of Photochemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China
SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 12 pp.
CODEN: CNXXEV
DT Patent
LA Chinese
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	CN 1270972	A	20001025	CN 2000-107567	20000519
AB	The luminous composite, useful in photo-magnifying, displaying, antiforgery, probe or sensor, is composed of a linear-dendritic diblock Amphiphiles having linear poly(acrylic acid) (PAA) as a hydrophilic block and dendritic poly(benzyl ether) as a hydrophobic block and a lanthanide -group rare earth metal ions (e.g., TbCl ₃) with a mole ratio of 5×10^{-7} - 5×10^{-4} to 2×10^{-5} - 1.2×10^{-3} . Block copolymer is prepd. by atom transfer radical polymg. a benzyl ether dendritic oligomer bromide and Me acrylate in the presence of CuBr and 2,2'- bipyridine to form a poly(Me acrylate) (PMA)-poly(benzyl ether) dendrimer diblock copolymer (I) and hydrolyzing I to converse linear PMA block into PAA.				
IC	ICM C08L053-00 ICS C08K003-10; C09K011-06				
CC	38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 73				
ST	luminous composite amphipathic block copolymer ; polybenzyl ether dendritic block copolymer ; polyacrylic acid block copolymer luminous composite; rare earth metal ion luminous composite				
IT	Rare earth metals , uses				

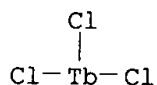
- RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (atom transfer **polymn.** catalysts; luminous composites of
 amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic dendritic polyethers
 and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- IT **Polymerization catalysts**
 (atom transfer; luminous composites of amphipathic block
copolymers of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear
 poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- IT Optical detectors
 (luminescence; luminous composites of amphipathic block
copolymers of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear
 poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions for)
- IT **Luminescent substances**
 (luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic
 dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth
metal ions)
- IT Optical imaging devices
 Optical imaging sensors
 (luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic
 dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth
metal ions for)
- IT **Dendritic polymers**
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
 (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polyether-acrylic, block, diblock; luminous composites of amphipathic
 block **copolymers** of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear
 poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- IT **Luminescent substances**
 (probes; luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers**
 of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare
 earth **metal** ions for)
- IT **366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine 7787-70-4, Copper bromide (CuBr)**
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (atom transfer **polymn.** catalysts; luminous composites of
 amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic dendritic polyethers
 and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- IT **339204-79-4DP, benzyl-terminated, hydrolyzed**
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
 (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (diblock, dendritic; luminous composites of amphipathic block
copolymers of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear
 poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- IT **10025-74-8, Dysprosium chloride 10025-76-0, Europium chloride
 10042-88-3, Terbium chloride**
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic
 dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth
metal ions)
- IT **128924-04-9 129536-41-0 339074-13-4**
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic
 dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth
metal ions)
- IT **366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine**
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (atom transfer **polymn.** catalysts; luminous composites of
 amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic dendritic polyethers
 and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
- RN **366-18-7 HCAPLUS**
- CN **2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)**



IT 10025-76-0, Europium chloride 10042-88-3, Terbium chloride
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (luminous composites of amphipathic block **copolymers** of ionic dendritic polyethers and linear poly(acrylic acid) and rare earth **metal** ions)
 RN 10025-76-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Europium chloride (EuCl₃) (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 10042-88-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Terbium chloride (TbCl₃) (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 14 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2001:208223 HCAPLUS
 DN 134:245031
 TI Monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and their use in organic **electroluminescent** devices
 IN Stephan, Olivier; Armand, Michel; Vial, Jean-Claude
 PA Universite Joseph Fourier, Fr.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA French
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001019765	A1	20010322	WO 2000-FR2538	20000914
	W: CA, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	FR 2798379	A1	20010316	FR 1999-11702	19990915
	EP 1212271	A1	20020612	EP 2000-962635	20000914
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY				
	US 2002099157	A1	20020725	US 2002-98060	20020314
PRAI	FR 1999-11702	A	19990915		
	WO 2000-FR2538	W	20000914		
AB	The invention concerns a monomer A-(Q-S) _p wherein: A = an arom. or heteroarom. ring; Q = a carbonaceous or siliceous divalent radical, resp.				

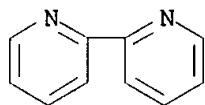
corresponding to general formulas: (CR₁R₂)_n wherein: R₁, R₂ = H, alkyl, alkenyl comprising between 1 to 4 C atoms and n ranges between 4 and 24; and [O-Si(R₁R₂)]_n wherein R₁, R₂ = H, alkyl, alkenyl comprising between 1 and 4 C atoms and n ranges between 3 and 24; S = a solvating segment consisting of at least an aliph. chain comprising at least a polar heteroatom. 1<<.ltoreq.p<<.ltoreq.6. The invention also concerns the **polymer (homopolymer or copolymer)** incorporating said monomer, and their use in org. **electroluminescent** devices.

- IC ICM C07C043-174
- ICS C09K011-06; H01L051-30; C08G061-10
- CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)
- Section cross-reference(s): 25, 35, 36
- ST LED org **polymer** monomer transparent electrode;
electroluminescent device org **polymer** monomer transparent electrode
- IT **Electroluminescent** devices
Substituent effects
(monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT Monomers
Polymers, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT Coating process
(spin; monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT Electrodes
(transparent; monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-36-0, Antimony, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 14762-94-8, Fluorine atom, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(electrode dopant; monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(electrode dopant; monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT 1312-43-2, Indium oxide 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrode; monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT 1643-19-2, Tetrabutylammonium bromide
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in org. **electroluminescent** devices)
- IT 50926-11-9, ITO
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in

org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 25322-68-3, Poly(ethylene oxide)
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 329928-60-1P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 205490-79-5P 284029-61-4P 329928-57-6P
 RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 16433-88-8P, 2,7-Dibromofluorene
 RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 7718-54-9, Nickel dichloride, processes
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 110-52-1, 1,4-Dibromobutane 112-35-6, Triethyleneglycol monomethyl ether
 127-19-5, N,N-Dimethylacetamide 128-08-5, N-Bromosuccinimide
 366-18-7, 2,2'-Dipyridyl 603-35-0, Triphenyl phosphine,
 reactions 615-90-7, 2,5-Dimethylhydroquinone 865-47-4 7726-95-6,
 Bromine, reactions 19278-10-5 33454-82-9, Lithium triflate
 189367-54-2, 2,7-Dibromo-9,9-(dihexyl)fluorene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 144685-42-7P 329928-59-8P 329928-61-2P 329928-62-3P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 IT 50926-11-9, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Dipyridyl
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (monomers, **polymers** incorporating said monomers and use in
 org. **electroluminescent** devices)
 RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



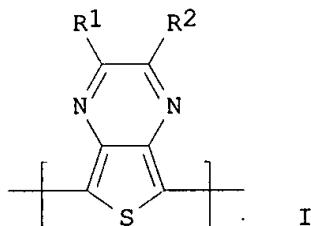
RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 15 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2001:57004 HCAPLUS
DN 134:107762
TI Novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component
IN Araki, Katsumi
PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2001019947	A2	20010123	JP 1999-191854	19990706
	US 6413658	B1	20020702	US 2000-611321	20000706
PRAI	JP 1999-191854	A	19990706		

GI



AB The invention refers to a novel **polymeric** luminescent material which contains the following component I [R1,2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy alkylthio amino, heteroaryl, or aliph. heterocycle; and R1,2 may join together to form a ring].

IC ICM C09K011-06

ICS C08G061-12; C08L065-00; H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

ST **polymer** luminescent material

IT **Luminescent substances**

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

IT 16433-88-8, 2,7-Dibromofluorene 50926-11-9, ITO 67987-55-7,

Poly(2,5-pyridinediyl) 155090-83-8, Baytron P 320365-70-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

IT 320365-60-4P 320365-64-8P 320365-66-0P 320365-68-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

IT 121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions **366-18-7**, 2,2'-Bipyridine
3457-48-5 78637-85-1D, 3,4-Diaminothiophene, hydrochloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

IT 38225-32-0P, Lithium isopropyl amide 320365-62-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

IT **50926-11-9**, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

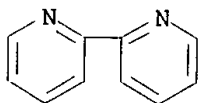
IT **366-18-7**, 2,2'-Bipyridine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(novel **polymer** for luminous component ingredient and luminous component)

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 16 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:47463 HCAPLUS

DN 134:296179

TI Synthesis, spectroscopy, and electrochemical properties of a novel p-n diblock poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** containing bipyridine

AU Wang, L.-H.; Kang, E.-T.; Huang, W.

CS Department of Chemical and Environmental Engineering, National University of Singapore, Singapore, 119260, Singapore

SO Polymer (2001), 42(8), 3949-3952

CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A novel p-n diblock **copolymer** constituted of 2,2'-bipyridylene vinylene and 2-methoxy-5-(2'-ethylhexyloxy)-1,4-phenylene vinylene moieties was synthesized and characterized. The electrochem. properties

of the **copolymer** were evaluated and the HOMO and LUMO energy levels of the **polymer** were estd. by cyclic voltammetry. The **polymer** demonstrated intrinsically balanced tendencies for injecting and transporting electrons and holes, which are essential for fabrication of **light-emitting diodes**.

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

Section cross-reference(s): 37, 72, 73

IT Cyclic voltammetry

FMO (molecular orbital)

Luminescence

Redox potential

Thermal stability

(novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

IT 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrode; novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

IT 307003-60-7P 307336-73-8P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

IT 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrode; novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

RN 7440-06-4 HCAPLUS

CN Platinum (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Pt

RN 7440-22-4 HCAPLUS

CN Silver (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ag

IT 307003-60-7P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(novel p-n poly(p-phenylenevinylene)-related **copolymer** contg. bipyridine)

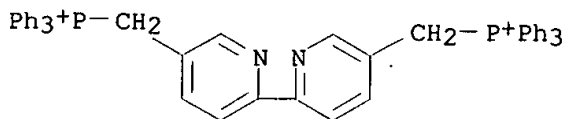
RN 307003-60-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonium, [[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylbis(methylene)]bis[triphenyl-, dibromide, polymer with 2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-5-methoxy-1,4-benzenedicarboxaldehyde (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

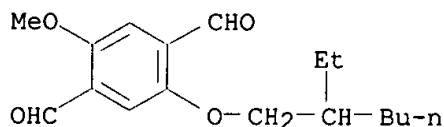
CRN 307003-59-4

CMF C48 H40 N2 P2 . 2 Br



CM 2

CRN 203251-22-3
CMF C17 H24 O4



RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 17 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:835205 HCAPLUS

DN 134:19058

TI Rare earth-**polymer** complexes, their transparent thin films,
manufacture of the complexes and the films, and optical materials using
them for luminescence and wavelength conversion

IN Adachi, Ginya; Machida, Kenichi; Nishida, Yoshiyuki; Sato, Yasushi

PA Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2000327715	A2	20001128	JP 1999-137083	19990518

AB The complexes comprise rare earth **metals** at the center and **polymer** ligands bonded with pendant of .pi.-conjugated bipyridyl, phenanthroline, or its derivs. Preferably, the complexes contain Tb or Eu and poly(4-vinyl-4'-methyl-2,2'-bipyridyl). The complexes are manufd. by dissolving **polymer** ligands and rare earth compds., preferably rare earth chlorides, in org. solvents, e.g., alcs., reacting, and then drying. Thin films contg. the complexes are also claimed. The films are manufd. by coating of solns. contg. the **polymer** ligands on substrates, impregnating solns. contg. rare earth ions to the coatings, and then drying. Optical materials, luminescent materials, and wavelength conversion materials contg. the complexes are also claimed. The thin films have good transparency and stability and are esp. suitable for conversion of UV light to visible light for solar cells.

IC ICM C08F008-42

ICS C08F026-06; C08J007-12; C09D139-08; C09D201-00; C09K011-06;

C07F005-00; C09K003-00; C08L039-00

- CC 49-7 (Industrial Inorganic Chemicals)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 52, 73
- ST rare earth bipyridyl vinyl **polymer** complex transparent film
manuf; phenanthroline rare earth **polymer** complex film optical
material; luminescence rare earth bipyridyl **polymer** complex
film; wavelength conversion rare earth bipyridyl **polymer** complex
solar cell
- IT **Luminescent substances**
Solar cells
Transparent films
Wavelength
(manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent thin films
for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength conversion)
- IT Coordination compounds
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
(manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent thin films
for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength conversion)
- IT Alcohols, uses
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(solvents; manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent
thin films for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength
conversion)
- IT 7440-27-9DP, Terbium, polyvinyl bipyridyl complex, preparation
7440-53-1DP, Europium, polyvinyl bipyridyl complex, preparation
82441-96-1DP, terbium or europium complex
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent thin films
for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength conversion)
- IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, uses 67-56-1, Methanol, uses 67-63-0, Isopropyl
alcohol, uses 71-36-3, n-Butanol, uses 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, uses
123-42-2, Diacetone alcohol
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(solvent; manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent
thin films for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength
conversion)
- IT 7440-27-9DP, Terbium, polyvinyl bipyridyl complex, preparation
7440-53-1DP, Europium, polyvinyl bipyridyl complex, preparation
82441-96-1DP, terbium or europium complex
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(manuf. of rare earth-**polymer** complex transparent thin films
for optical materials for luminescence and wavelength conversion)
- RN 7440-27-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Terbium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Tb

- RN 7440-53-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Europium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

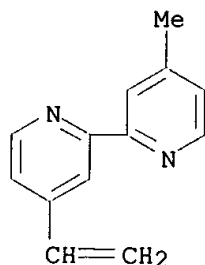
Eu

- RN 82441-96-1 HCAPLUS
- CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4-ethenyl-4'-methyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74173-48-1

CMF C13 H12 N2



- L58 ANSWER 18 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2000:219357 HCAPLUS
 DN 133:18194
 TI Synthesis and Properties of Polyamides and Polyesters On the basis of 2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-Dicarboxylic Acid and the Corresponding **Polymer**-Ruthenium Complexes
 AU Yu, Sze Chit; Hou, Sijian; Chan, Wai Kin
 CS Department of Chemistry, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, Hong Kong
 SO Macromolecules (2000), 33(9), 3259-3273
 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Two series of polyamides and polyesters derived from 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid were synthesized. Different types of aliph. and arom. diamine and diol monomers with different structure were **polymd.** with the diacid or diacid chloride by using different **polymn.** methods. Most of these **polymers** exhibited modest thermal stabilities with decompn. temps. in the range 320-500.degree., depending on the structure of the **polymer** main chain. Some polyamides with a rigid main chain formed a lyotropic mesophase when dissolved in concd. H2SO4 or HMPA-4% LiCl solvent systems. For those polyamides and polyesters with a more flexible main chain, a thermotropic liq. crystal phase was obsd. If a long and flexible pendant chain was attached to the polyesters, side chain melting was obsd. before the onset of the cryst.-nematic transition. The 2,2'-bipyridyl moieties were able to form a complex with Ru. These **polymer**-Ru complexes were either synthesized by **metalation** of the **polymers** or synthesized directly from the corresponding Ru-contg. monomer. After the formation of Ru complexes, they were able to enhance the photosensitivity and charge carrier mobility of the **polymers**. The Ru-contg. **polymers** also **emit red light** at .apprx.700 nm owing to the emission from the **metal**-ligand charge-transfer excited states. Some **polymers** with good film forming properties were fabricated into simple single-layer **light-emitting** devices, and red **light** emission was obsd. when the devices were subjected to forward bias.
 CC 37-5 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 36, 75
 ST polyamide bipyridine dicarboxylic prepn property; polyester bipyridine

- dicarboxylic prepn property; ruthenium **polymer** complex prepn property; liq cryst bipyridine dicarboxylic **polymer**
- IT Polyamides, preparation
Polyesters, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(arom., fluorine-contg.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyamides, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyamides, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(fluorine-contg., arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyesters, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(liq.-cryst., lyotropic and thermotropic; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyesters, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(perfluoro, arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT **Fluoropolymers**, preparation
Polyethers, preparation
Polyethers, preparation
Polysulfones, preparation
Polysulfones, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyamide-, arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT **Fluoropolymers**, preparation
Polyethers, preparation
Polyethers, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyester-, arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Liquid crystals, **polymeric**
(polyesters, lyotropic and thermotropic; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyamides, preparation
Polyamides, preparation
Polyesters, preparation
Polyesters, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyether-, arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Polyamides, preparation
Polyamides, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polysulfone-, arom.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and

- polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT Electron transport
Luminescence
Photoconductivity
(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT 68846-36-6P 258334-13-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(in complex formation; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT 150-76-5, 4-Methoxyphenol
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(in model compd. prepn.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT 1472-85-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT 163191-75-1P 271781-88-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(model compd.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding **polymer**-ruthenium complexes)
- IT 87868-03-9P 127568-70-1P 127584-17-2P
188304-11-2P 188304-12-3P 188304-13-4P
188304-14-5P 188304-15-6P 188304-16-7P
188304-18-9P 188304-19-0P 188304-21-4P
188304-22-5P 188304-23-6P 188304-24-7P
188304-25-8P 188304-26-9P 271583-41-6P
271583-43-8P 271583-45-0P 271583-47-2P
271583-49-4P 271583-51-8P 271583-53-0P
271583-54-1P 271583-55-2P 271583-56-3P
271583-60-9P 271583-62-1P 271583-63-2P
271583-65-4P 271583-66-5P 271583-68-7P
271583-69-8P 271583-71-2P 271583-74-5P
271583-76-7P 271583-77-8P 271583-78-9P
271583-79-0P 271583-80-3P 271583-81-4P
271583-82-5P 271583-83-6P 271583-84-7P
271583-85-8P 271583-86-9P 271583-87-0P
271583-88-1P 271583-89-2P 271583-90-5P
271583-91-6P 271583-92-7P 271583-93-8P
271583-94-9P 271583-95-0P 271583-96-1P
271583-97-2P 271583-99-4P 271584-00-0P
271584-01-1P 271584-02-2P 271584-03-3P
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271584-16-8P 271584-17-9P 271584-18-0P
271584-19-1P 271584-20-4P 271584-21-5P
271584-22-6P 271584-23-7P 271584-24-8P
271584-25-9P 271584-26-0P 271584-27-1P
271584-28-2P 271584-29-3P 271584-30-6P

271584-31-7P 271584-32-8P 271584-33-9P
271584-34-0P 271584-35-1P 271584-36-2P
271584-37-3P 271584-38-4P 271584-39-5P
271781-83-0P 271781-84-1P 271781-85-2P
271781-86-3P 272120-54-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, reactions 92-88-6, [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diol
103-90-2, 4-Acetamidophenol 105-53-3, Diethyl malonate 106-49-0,
p-Toluidine, reactions 111-83-1, 1-Bromooctane 112-30-1, 1-Decanol
123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol, reactions 615-94-1, 2,5-Dihydroxy-1,4-
benzoquinone 629-03-8 1802-30-8, 2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-
dicarboxylic acid 2009-83-8, 6-Chloro-1-hexanol 3344-70-5,
1,12-Dibromododecane 7719-09-7, Thionyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

IT 1762-46-5P, Diethyl-2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylate
70856-53-0P, 1,10-Bis(4-hydroxyphenoxy)decane 70856-68-7P 70856-78-9P
74971-70-3P 82799-91-5P 97087-90-6P, 4,4'-Bis(6-
hydroxyhexoxy)biphenyl 104209-29-2P 115563-53-6P 118476-28-1P
118476-29-2P 132955-76-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with 2,2'-bipyridyl chain
fragment -contg. polyesters, preparation 271584-11-3DP,
ruthenium complexes 271584-12-4DP, ruthenium complexes

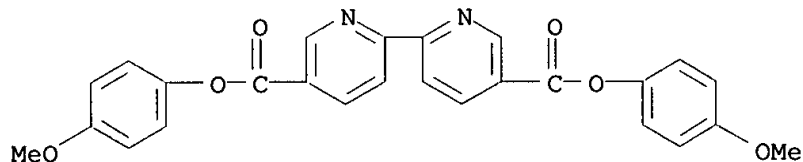
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

IT 163191-75-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(model compd.; synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters
based on 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

RN 163191-75-1 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, bis(4-methoxyphenyl) ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



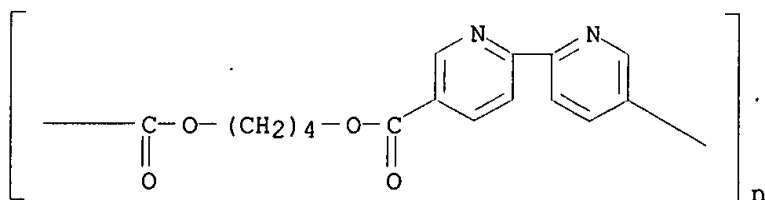
IT 87868-03-9P 127568-70-1P 127584-17-2P
188304-11-2P 188304-12-3P 188304-13-4P
188304-14-5P 188304-15-6P 188304-16-7P
188304-18-9P 188304-19-0P 188304-21-4P
188304-22-5P 188304-23-6P 188304-24-7P

188304-25-8P 188304-26-9P 271583-41-6P
 271583-43-8P 271583-45-0P 271583-47-2P
 271583-49-4P 271583-51-8P 271583-53-0P
 271583-54-1P 271583-55-2P 271583-56-3P
 271583-60-9P 271583-62-1P 271583-63-2P
 271583-65-4P 271583-66-5P 271583-68-7P
 271583-69-8P 271583-71-2P 271583-74-5P
 271583-76-7P 271583-77-8P 271583-78-9P
 271583-79-0P 271583-80-3P 271583-81-4P
 271583-82-5P 271583-83-6P 271583-84-7P
 271583-85-8P 271583-86-9P 271583-87-0P
 271583-88-1P 271583-89-2P 271583-90-5P
 271583-91-6P 271583-92-7P 271583-93-8P
 271583-94-9P 271583-95-0P 271583-96-1P
 271583-97-2P 271583-99-4P 271584-00-0P
 271584-01-1P 271584-02-2P 271584-03-3P
 271584-04-4P 271584-05-5P 271584-06-6P
 271584-07-7P 271584-08-8P 271584-09-9P
 271584-10-2P 271584-11-3P 271584-12-4P
 271584-13-5P 271584-14-6P 271584-15-7P
 271584-16-8P 271584-17-9P 271584-18-0P
 271584-19-1P 271584-20-4P 271584-21-5P
 271584-22-6P 271584-23-7P 271584-24-8P
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 271584-28-2P 271584-29-3P 271584-30-6P
 271584-31-7P 271584-32-8P 271584-33-9P
 271584-34-0P 271584-35-1P 271584-36-2P
 271584-37-3P 271584-38-4P 271584-39-5P
 271781-83-0P 271781-84-1P 271781-85-2P
 271781-86-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
 polymer-ruthenium complexes)

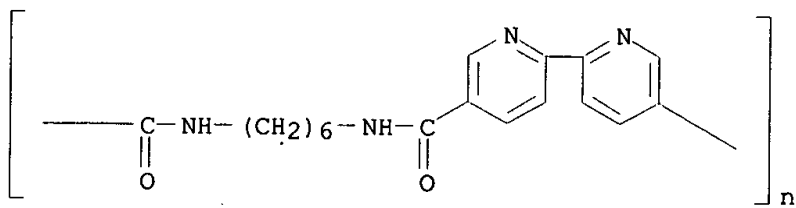
RN 87868-03-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-butanediylloxycarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 127568-70-1 HCAPLUS

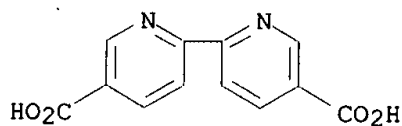
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,6-hexanediyliminocarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 127584-17-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,6-hexanediamine
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

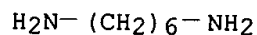
CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 2

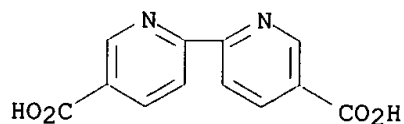
CRN 124-09-4
 CMF C6 H16 N2



RN 188304-11-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-benzenediamine
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

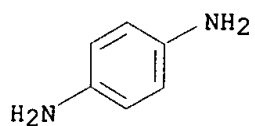
CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

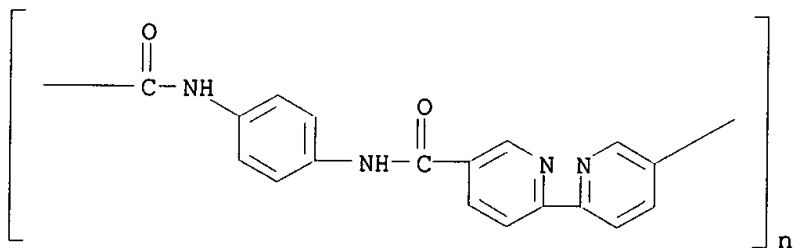


CM 2

CRN 106-50-3
 CMF C6 H8 N2



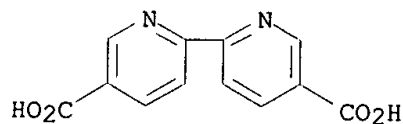
RN 188304-12-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 188304-13-4 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 [1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

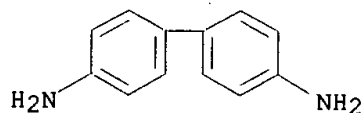
CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

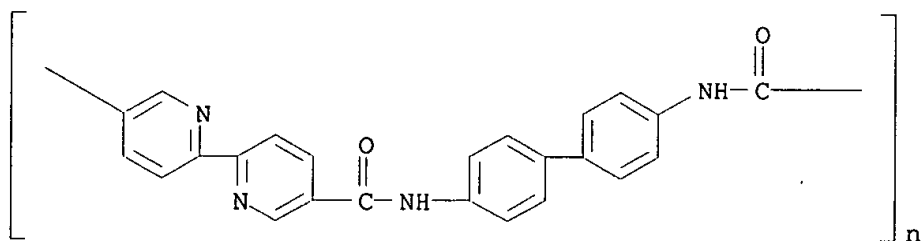


CM 2

CRN 92-87-5
 CMF C12 H12 N2



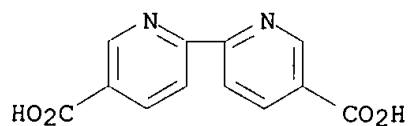
RN 188304-14-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-
 diyliminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 188304-15-6 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

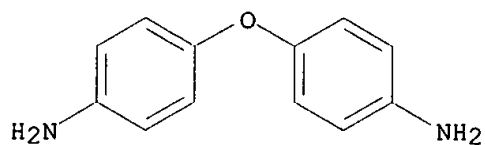
CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

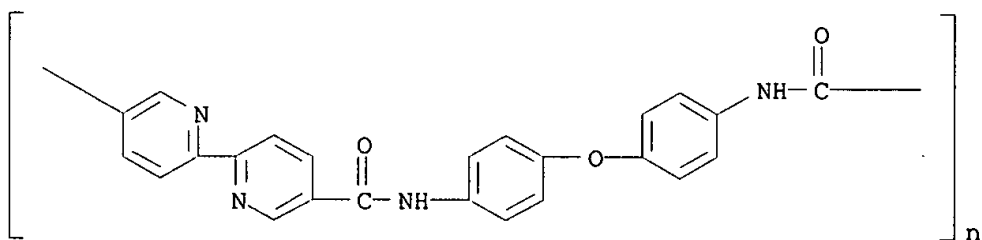


CM 2

CRN 101-80-4
 CMF C12 H12 N2 O



RN 188304-16-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



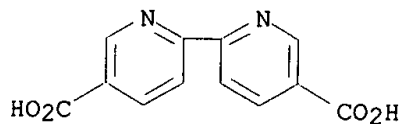
RN 188304-18-9 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
3,3'-dimethoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8

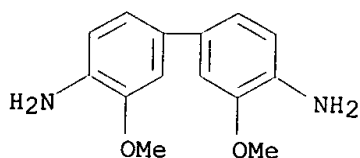
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 2

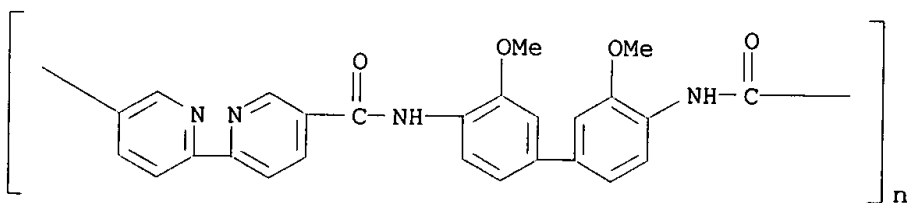
CRN 119-90-4

CMF C14 H16 N2 O2



RN 188304-19-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino(3,3'-dimethoxy[1,1'-
biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)iminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



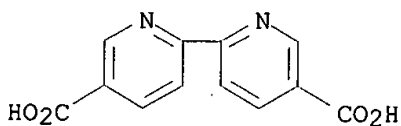
RN 188304-21-4 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8

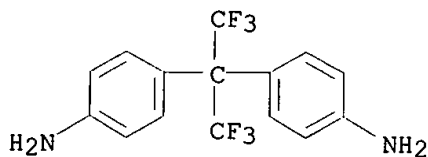
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 2

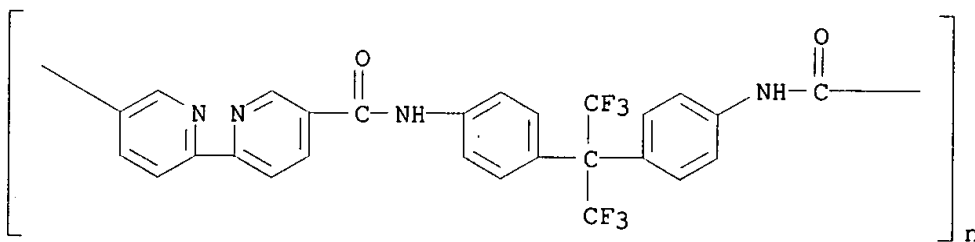
CRN 1095-78-9

CMF C15 H12 F6 N2



RN 188304-22-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



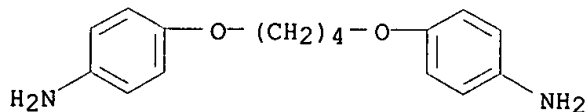
RN 188304-23-6 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-butanediylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 6245-50-7

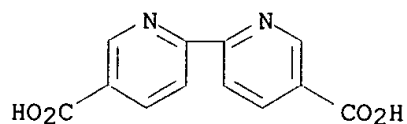
CMF C16 H20 N2 O2



CM 2

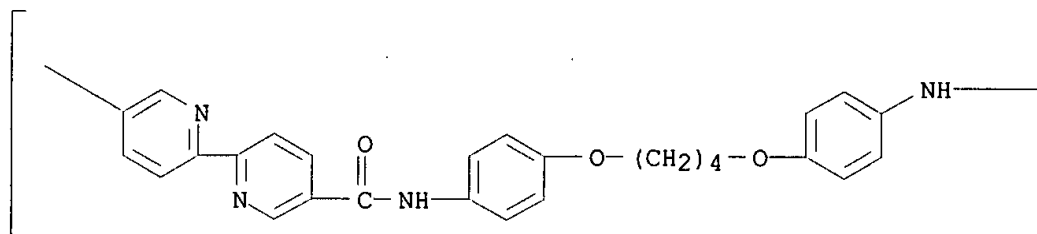
CRN 1802-30-8

CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

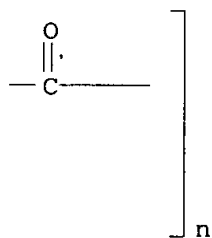


RN 188304-24-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-butanediyl-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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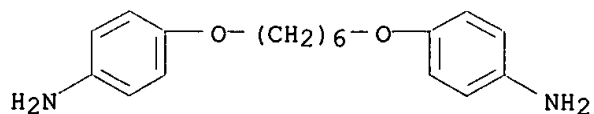
PAGE 1-B



RN 188304-25-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-[1,6-hexanediylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

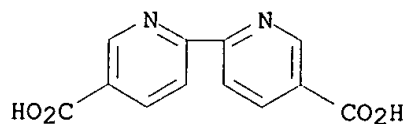
CM 1

CRN 47244-09-7
 CMF C18 H24 N2 O2



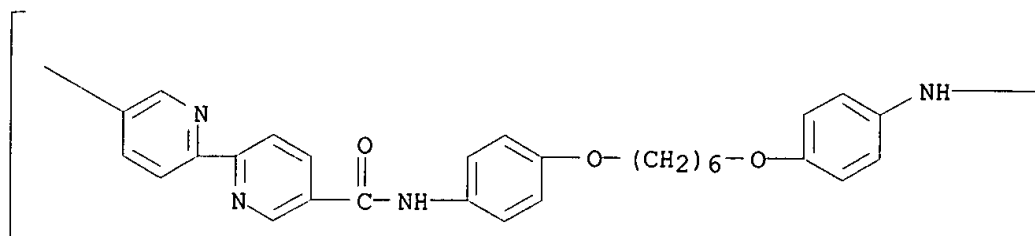
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

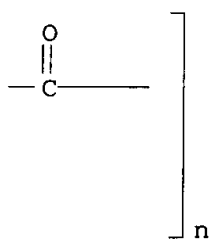


RN 188304-26-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,6-hexanediyl-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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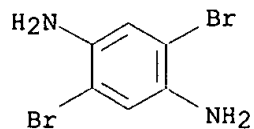
PAGE 1-B



RN 271583-41-6 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,5-dibromo-1,4-benzenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

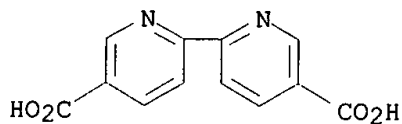
CRN 25462-61-7
 CMF C6 H6 Br2 N2



CM 2

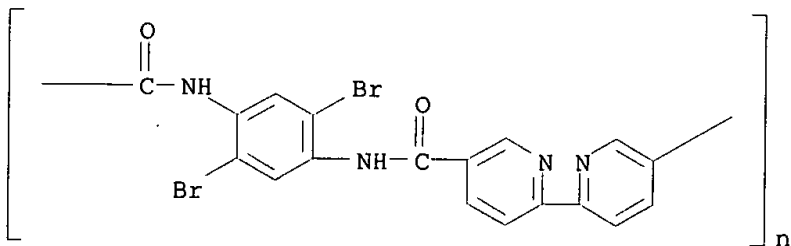
CRN 1802-30-8

CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



RN 271583-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino(2,5-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)iminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



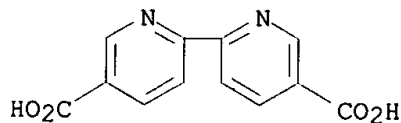
RN 271583-45-0 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,2'-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[5-aminobenzenesulfonic acid] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8

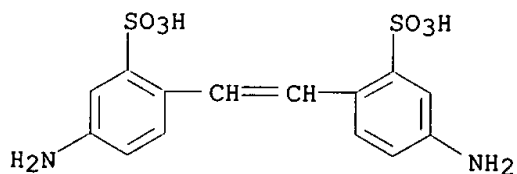
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 2

CRN 81-11-8

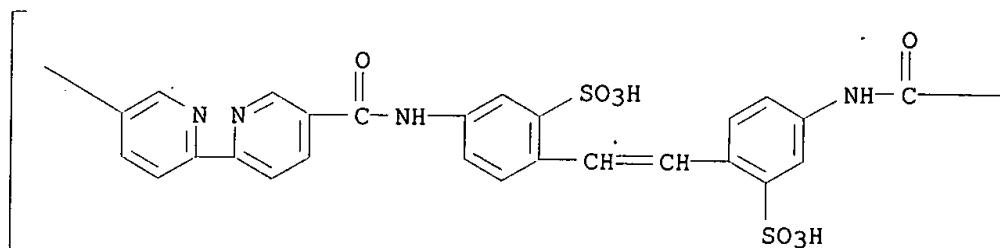
CMF C14 H14 N2 O6 S2



RN 271583-47-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino(3-sulfo-1,4-phenylene)-1,2-ethenediyl(2-sulfo-1,4-phenylene)iminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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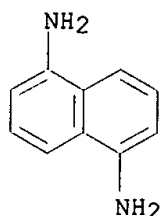
PAGE 1-B



RN 271583-49-4 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
1,5-naphthalenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

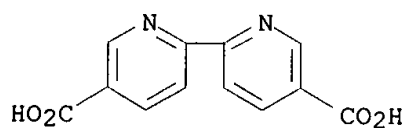
CM 1

CRN 2243-62-1
CMF C10 H10 N2



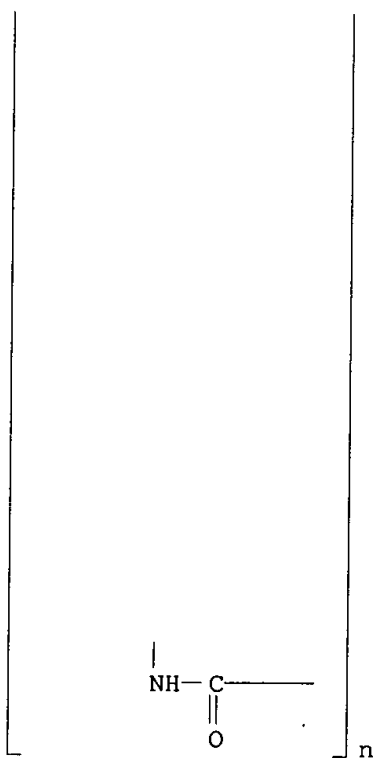
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

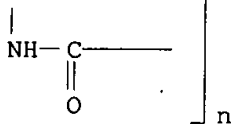


RN 271583-51-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,5-naphthalenediyliminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT.*



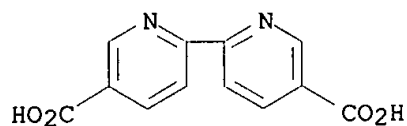
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RN 271583-53-0 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-sulfonylbis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

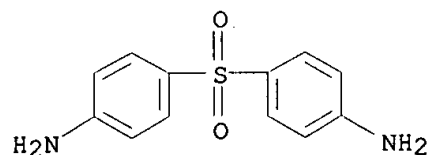
CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 2

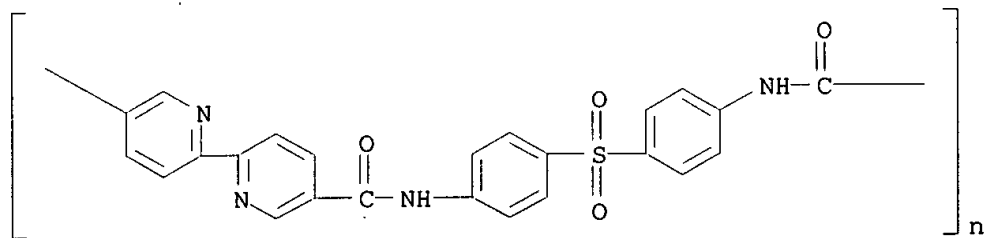
CRN 80-08-0

CMF C12 H12 N2 O2 S



RN 271583-54-1 HCAPLUS

CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenylenesulfonyl-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



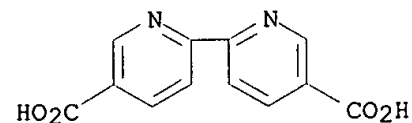
RN 271583-55-2 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-methylenabis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8

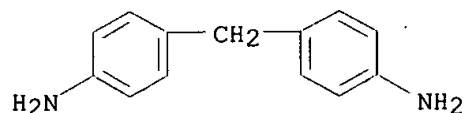
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



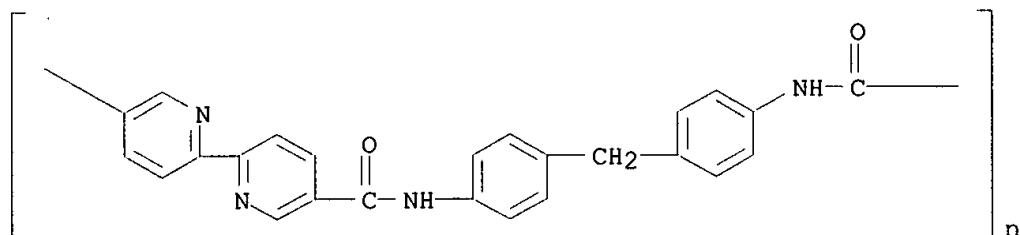
CM 2

CRN 101-77-9

CMF C13 H14 N2



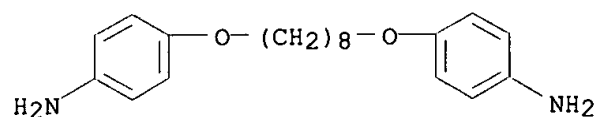
RN 271583-56-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenylenemethylene-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-60-9 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-[1,8-octanediylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

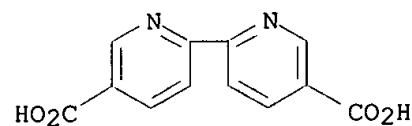
CM 1

CRN 90076-88-3
 CMF C20 H28 N2 O2



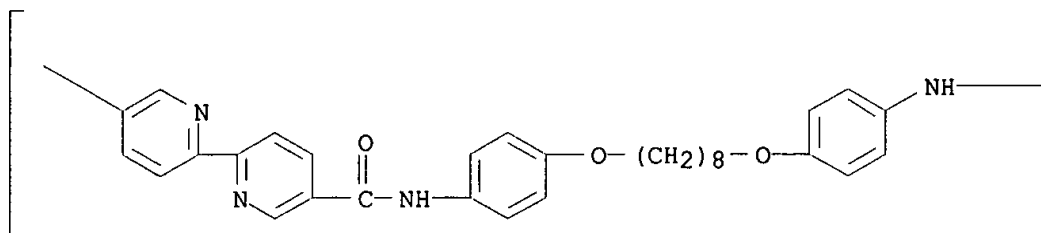
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

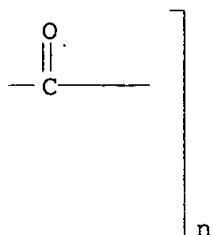


RN 271583-62-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,8-octanediyl-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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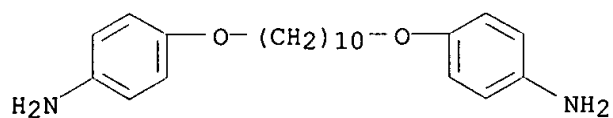
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RN 271583-63-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-[1,10-decanediylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

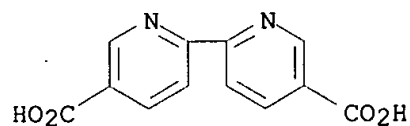
CM 1

CRN 38324-63-9
 CMF C22 H32 N2 O2



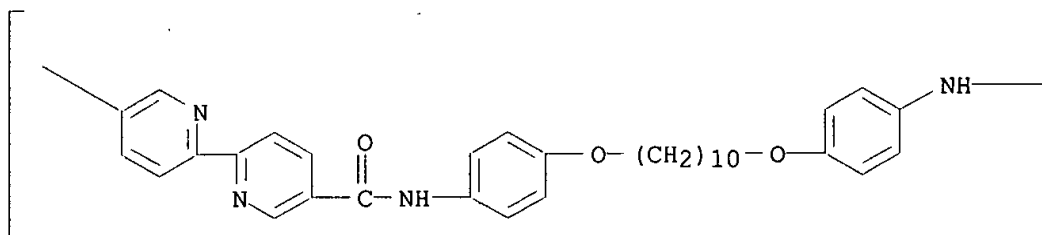
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

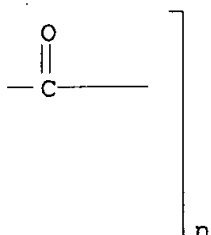


RN 271583-65-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,10-decanediyl-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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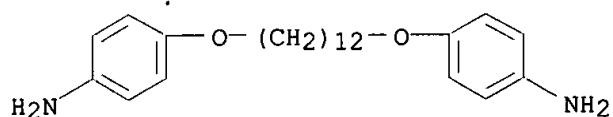
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RN 271583-66-5 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-[1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

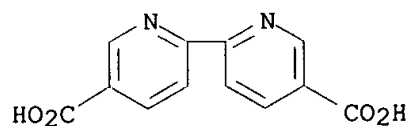
CM 1

CRN 71332-44-0
 CMF C24 H36 N2 O2



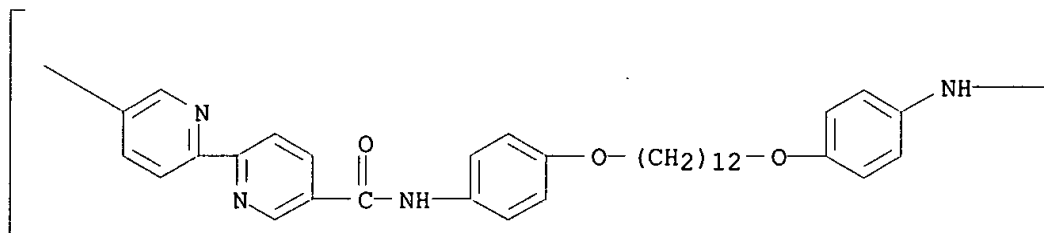
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

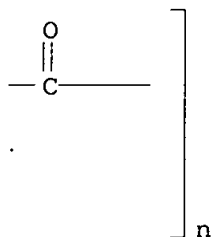


RN 271583-68-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy)-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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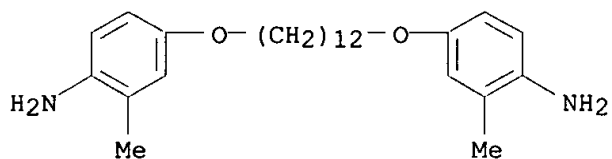


RN 271583-69-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 4,4'-[1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy)]bis[2-methylbenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

CM 1

CRN 61594-66-9

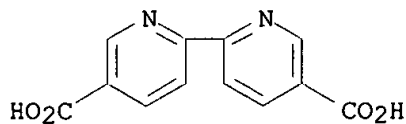
CMF C26 H40 N2 O2



CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8

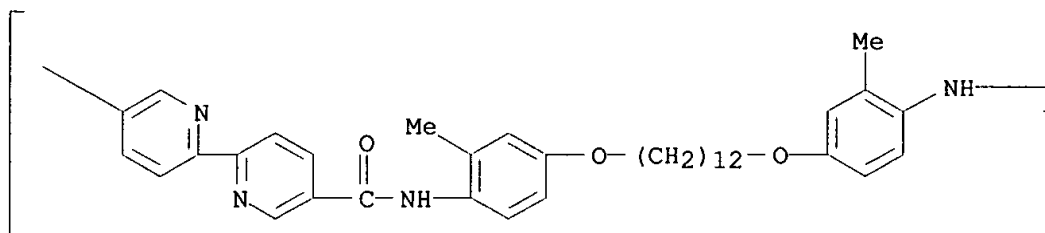
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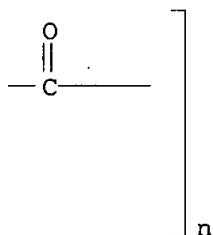
RN 271583-71-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino(2-methyl-1,4-phenylene)oxy-

1,12-dodecanediyoxy(3-methyl-1,4-phenylene)iminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

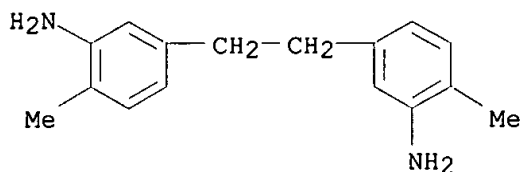
PAGE 1-A



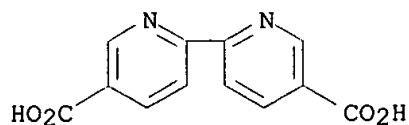
PAGE 1-B



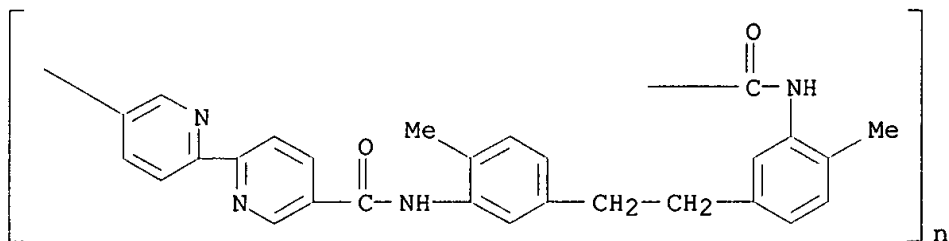
RN 271583-74-5 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 3,3'-(1,2-ethanediyl)bis[6-methylbenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 271583-73-4
 CMF C16 H20 N2



CM 2
 CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



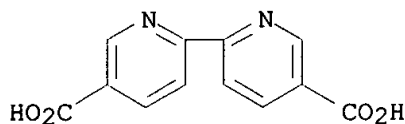
RN 271583-76-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino(6-methyl-1,3-phenylene)-1,2-ethanediyl(4-methyl-1,3-phenylene)iminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-77-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,3-propanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

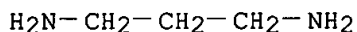
CM 1

CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4

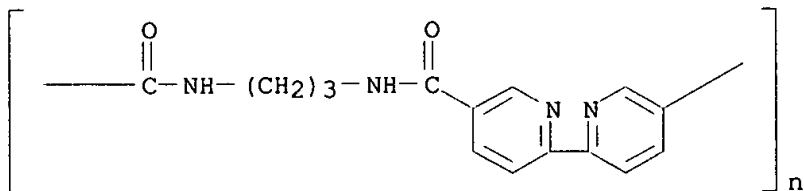


CM 2

CRN 109-76-2
 CMF C3 H10 N2



RN 271583-78-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,3-propanediyliminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-79-0 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with

1,12-dodecanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 2783-17-7

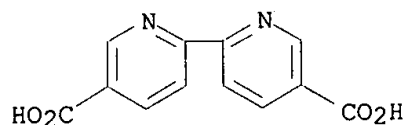
CMF C12 H28 N2

$\text{H}_2\text{N}-(\text{CH}_2)_{12}-\text{NH}_2$

CM 2

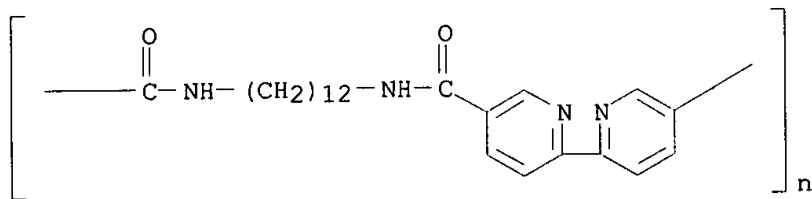
CRN 1802-30-8

CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



RN 271583-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonylimino-1,12-dodecanediyliminocarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



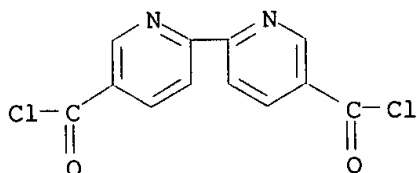
RN 271583-81-4 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with [1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

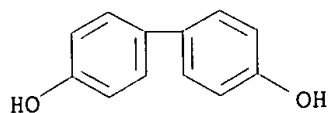
CRN 82799-91-5

CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2

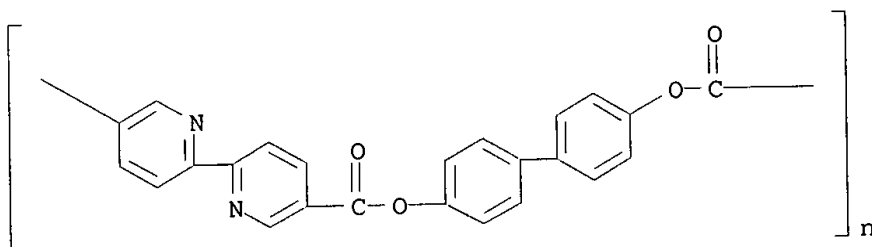


CM 2

CRN 92-88-6
CMF C12 H10 O2



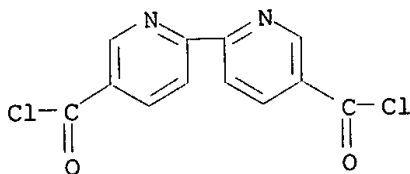
RN 271583-82-5 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyloxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-83-6 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

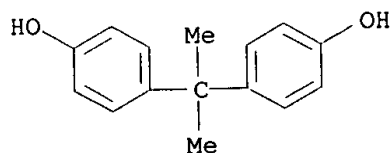
CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5
CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2



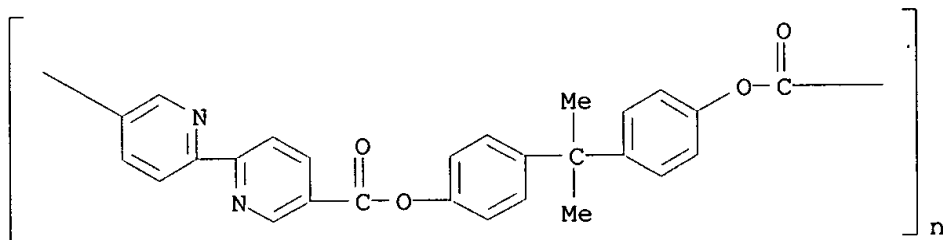
CM 2

CRN 80-05-7
CMF C15 H16 O2



RN 271583-84-7 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene(1-

methylethylidene)-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



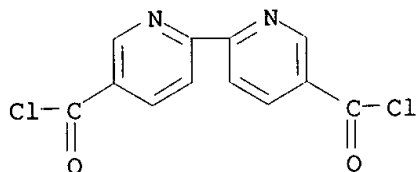
RN 271583-85-8 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5

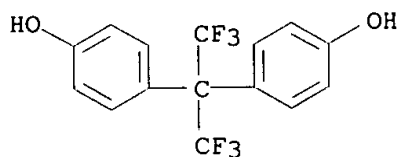
CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2



CM 2

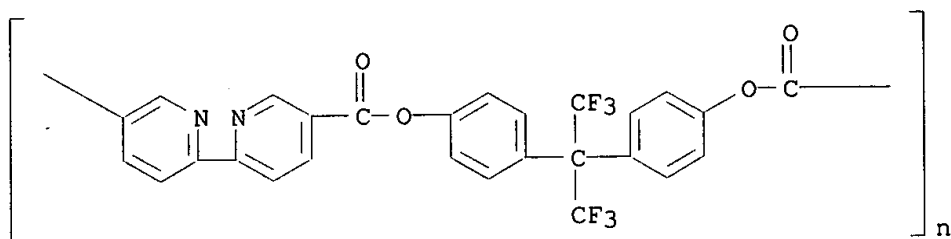
CRN 1478-61-1

CMF C15 H10 F6 O2



RN 271583-86-9 HCAPLUS

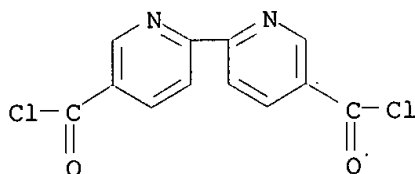
CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylene[2,2,2-trifluoro-
1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



RN 271583-87-0 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis[2,6-dibromophenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

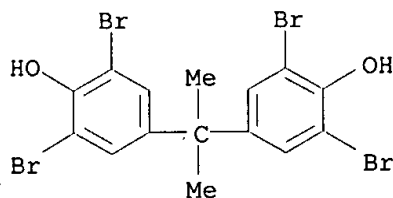
CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5
 CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2

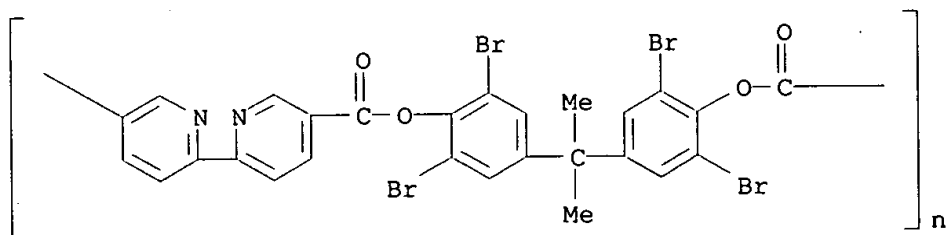


CM 2

CRN 79-94-7
 CMF C15 H12 Br4 O2



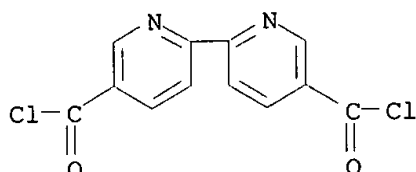
RN 271583-88-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,6-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)(1-methylethylidene)(3,5-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-89-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
 bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)methanone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

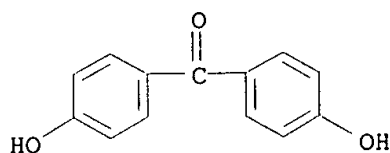
CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5
 CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2

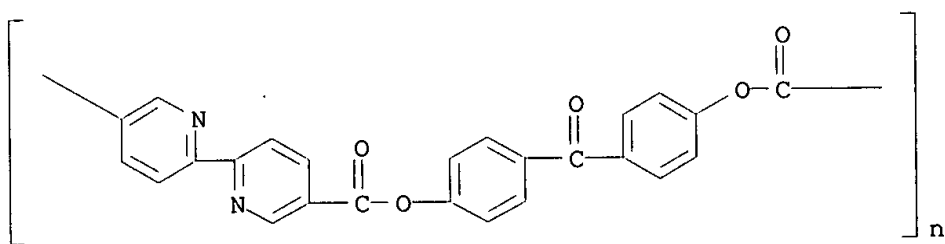


CM 2

CRN 611-99-4
 CMF C13 H10 O3



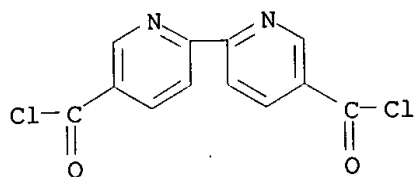
RN 271583-90-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-91-6 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
 1-(2,5-dihydroxyphenyl)-1-propanone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

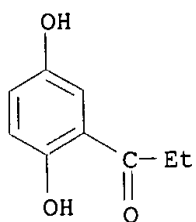
CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5
 CMF C12 H6 Cl2 N2 O2



CM 2

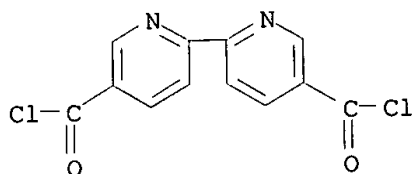
CRN 938-46-5
CMF C9 H10 O3



RN 271583-92-7 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
2,7-naphthalenediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

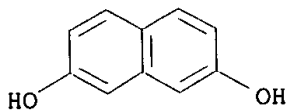
CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5
CMF C12 H6 C12 N2 O2

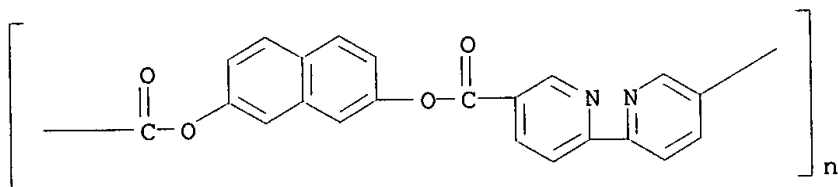


CM 2

CRN 582-17-2
CMF C10 H8 O2



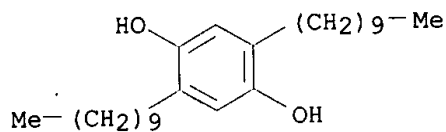
RN 271583-93-8 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-2,7-
naphthalenediylloxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271583-94-9 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
 2,5-didecyl-1,4-benzenediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

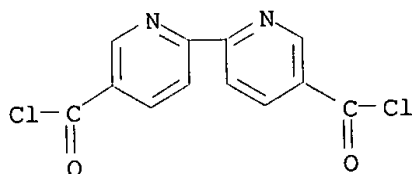
CM 1

CRN 96069-90-8
 CMF C26 H46 O2

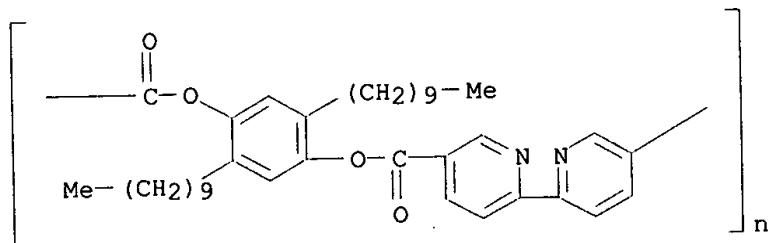


CM 2

CRN 82799-91-5
 CMF C12 H6 C12 N2 O2



RN 271583-95-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,5-didecyl-1,4-phenylene)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



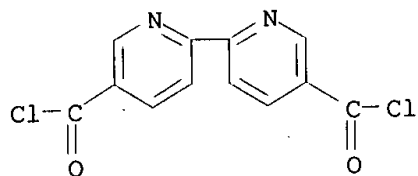
RN 271583-96-1 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with

2,5-didodecyl-1,4-benzenediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 82799-91-5

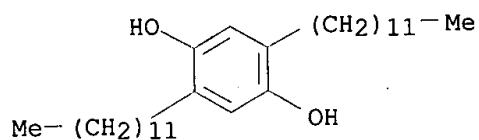
CMF C12 H6 C12 N2 O2



CM 2

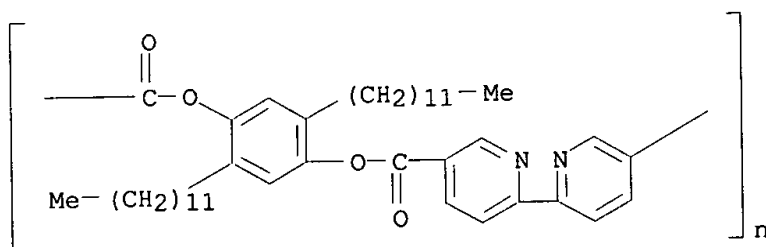
CRN 60236-78-4

CMF C30 H54 O2



RN 271583-97-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,5-didodecyl-1,4-phenylene)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



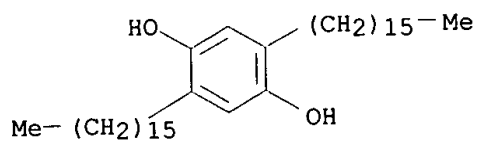
RN 271583-99-4 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with 2,5-dihexadecyl-1,4-benzenediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 271583-98-3

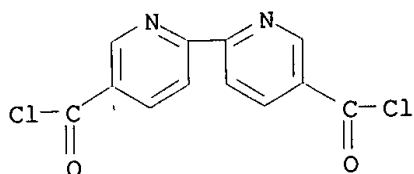
CMF C38 H70 O2



CM 2

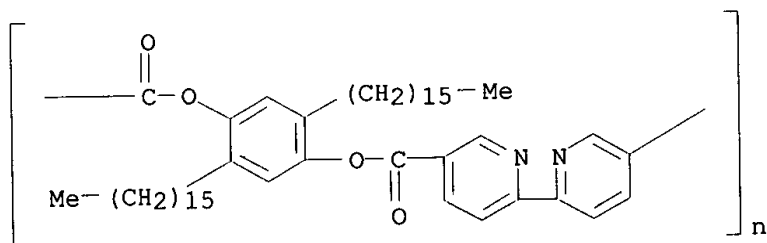
CRN 82799-91-5

CMF C12 H6 C12 N2 O2



RN 271584-00-0 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,5-dihexadecyl-1,4-phenylene)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



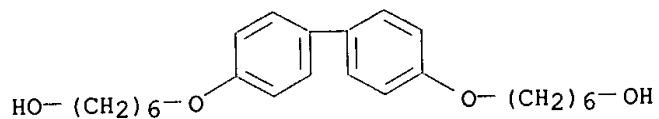
RN 271584-01-1 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 6,6'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(oxy)]bis[1-hexanol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 97087-90-6

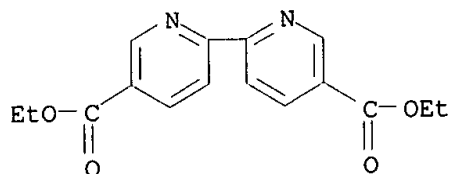
CMF C24 H34 O4



CM 2

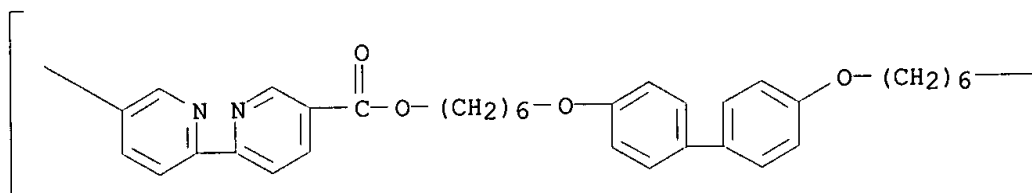
CRN 1762-46-5

CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

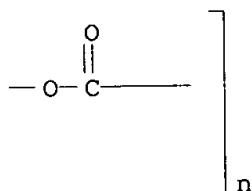


RN 271584-02-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,6-hexanediylloxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylloxy-1,6-hexanediylloxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 1-B

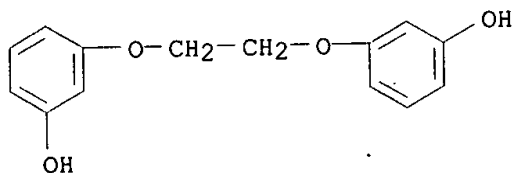


RN 271584-03-3 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

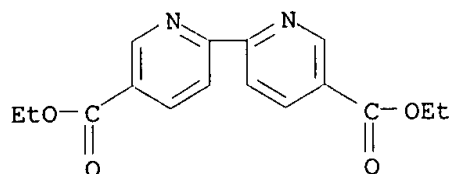
CRN 61166-00-5

CMF C14 H14 O4



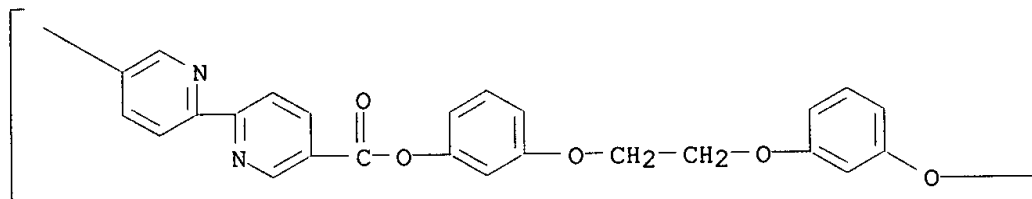
CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

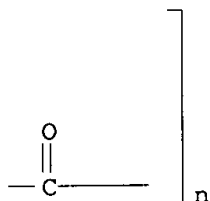


RN 271584-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,3-phenyleneoxy-1,2-ethanediyoxy-1,3-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



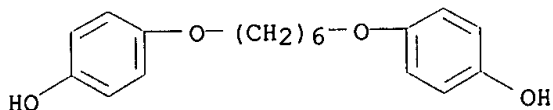
PAGE 1-B



RN 271584-05-5 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,6-hexanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

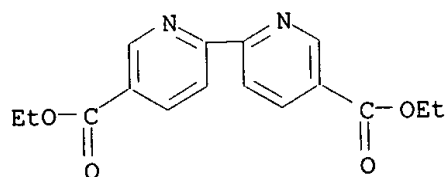
CRN 70856-78-9
CMF C18 H22 O4



CM 2

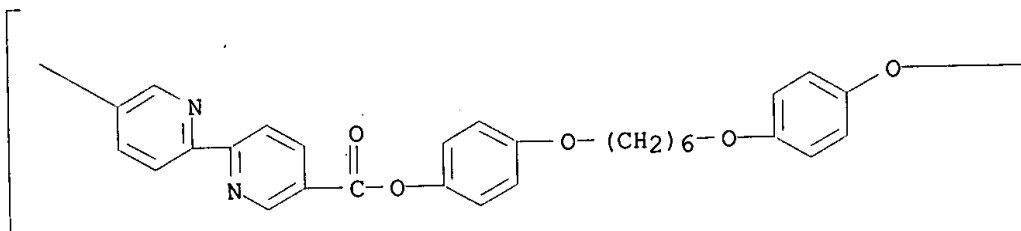
CRN 1762-46-5

CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

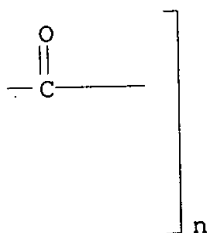


RN 271584-06-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,6-hexanediyoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



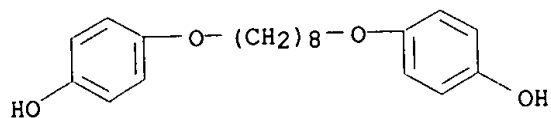
PAGE 1-B



RN 271584-07-7 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,8-octanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

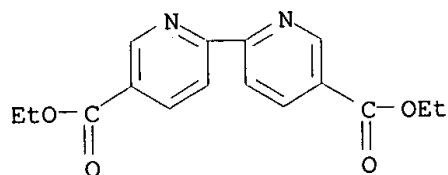
CM 1

CRN 70856-68-7
 CMF C20 H26 O4



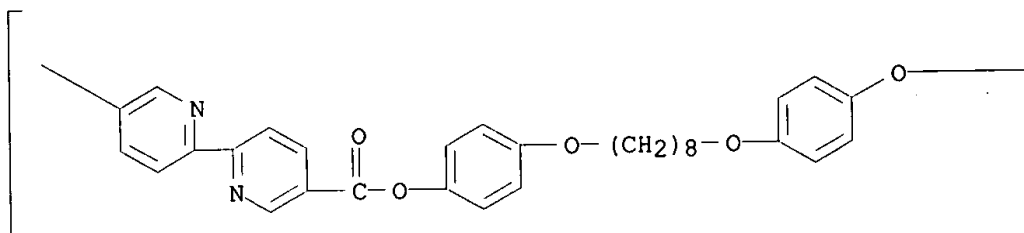
CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

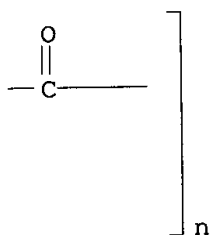


RN 271584-08-8 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,8-octanediyl-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



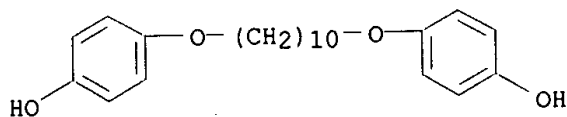
PAGE 1-B



RN 271584-09-9 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,10-decanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

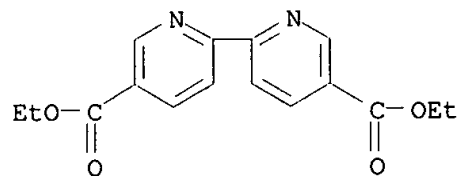
CM 1

CRN 70856-53-0
CMF C22 H30 O4



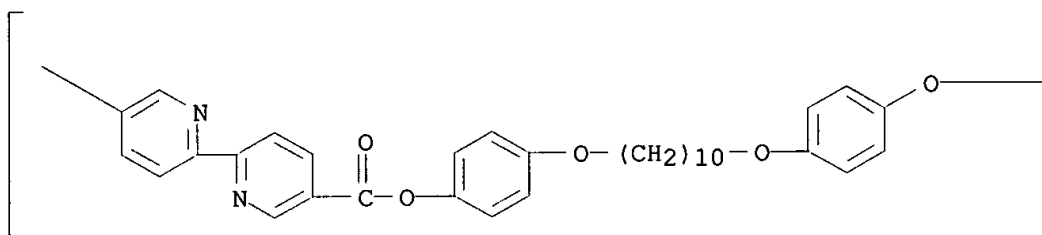
CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

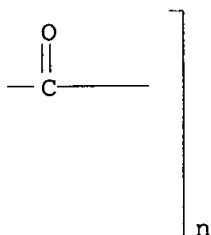


RN 271584-10-2 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,10-decanediyl-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



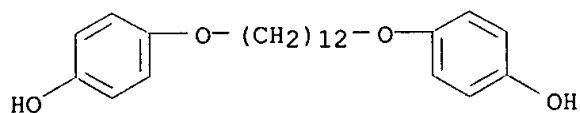
PAGE 1-B



RN 271584-11-3 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

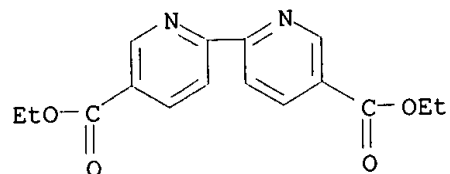
CM 1

CRN 132955-76-1
CMF C24 H34 O4



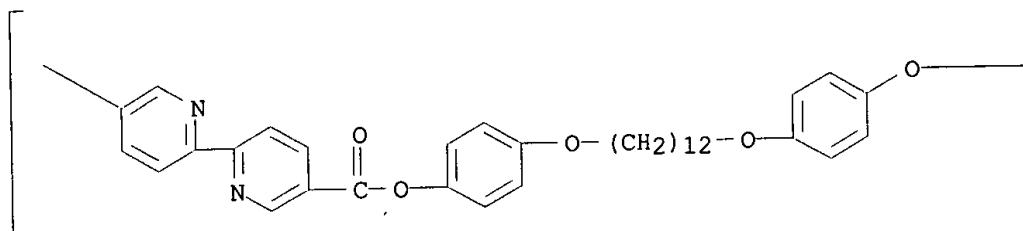
CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

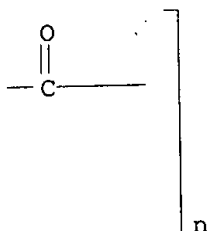


RN 271584-12-4 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,12-dodecanediolyoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



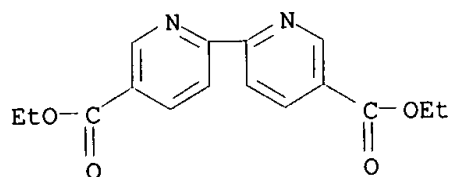
PAGE 1-B



RN 271584-13-5 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 1,2-ethanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

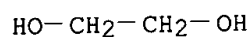
CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

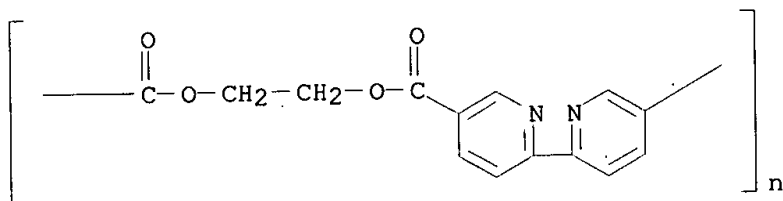


CM 2

CRN 107-21-1
CMF C2 H6 O2



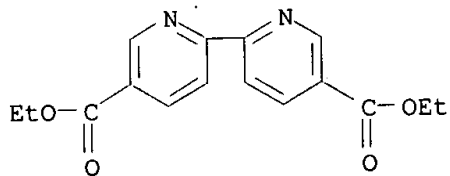
RN 271584-14-6 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,2-ethanediylloxycarbonyl)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-15-7 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
1,4-butanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

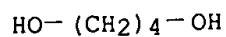
CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



CM 2

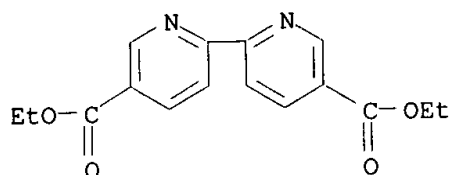
CRN 110-63-4
CMF C4 H10 O2



RN 271584-16-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 1,5-pentanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

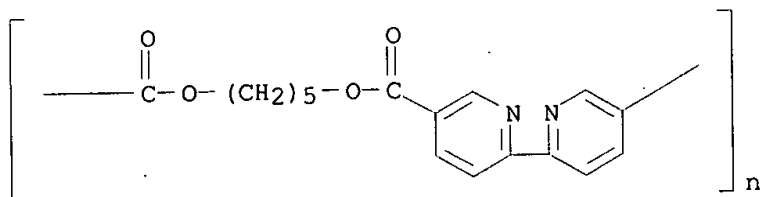


CM 2

CRN 111-29-5
 CMF C5 H12 O2

HO-(CH₂)₅-OH

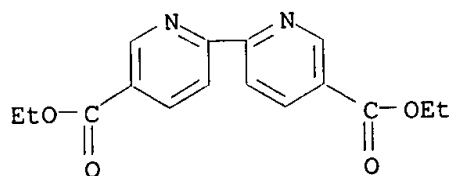
RN 271584-17-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,5-pentanediloxycarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-18-0 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 1,6-hexanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

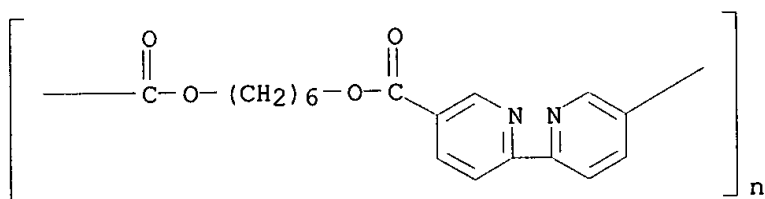


CM 2

CRN 629-11-8
CMF C6 H14 O2

HO-(CH₂)₆-OH

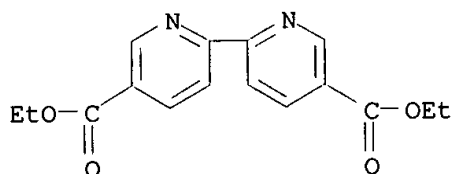
RN 271584-19-1 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,6-hexanediloxycarbonyl)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-20-4 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
1,7-heptanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

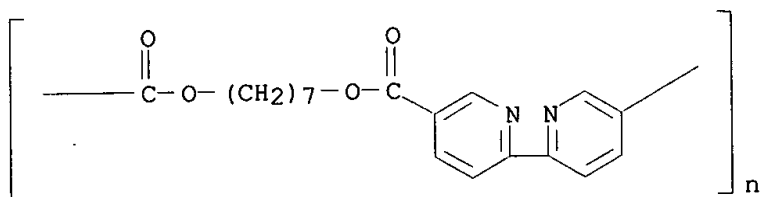


CM 2

CRN 629-30-1
CMF C7 H16 O2

HO-(CH₂)₇-OH

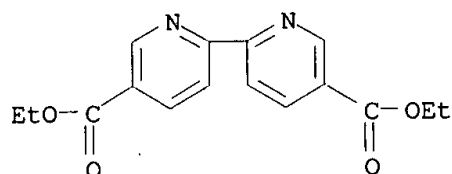
RN 271584-21-5 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,7-heptanediloxycarbonyl)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-22-6 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 1,8-octanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

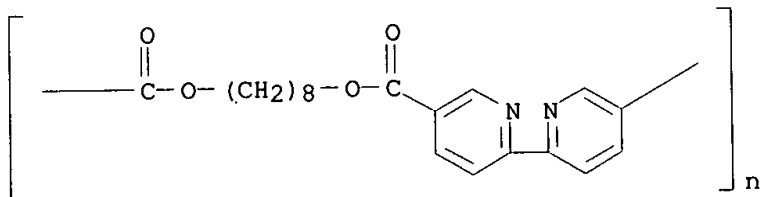


CM 2

CRN 629-41-4
 CMF C8 H18 O2

HO-(CH2)8-OH

RN 271584-23-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,8-octanediylloxycarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-24-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 1,9-nonanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

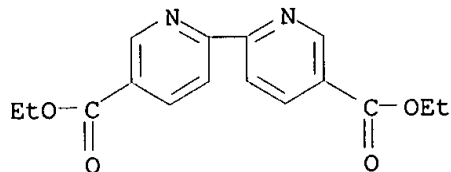
CRN 3937-56-2
 CMF C9 H20 O2

HO-(CH₂)₉-OH

CM 2

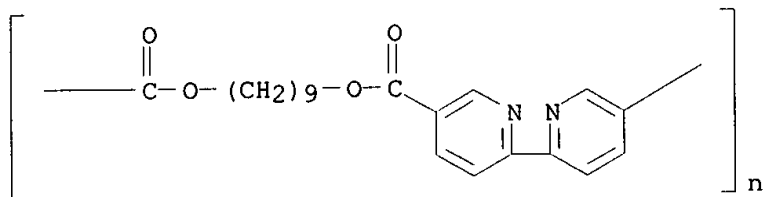
CRN 1762-46-5

CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



RN 271584-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,9-nonanediylloxycarbonyl)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



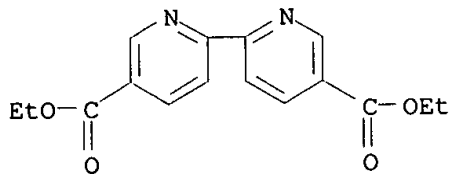
RN 271584-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
1,10-decanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5

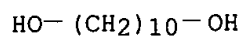
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



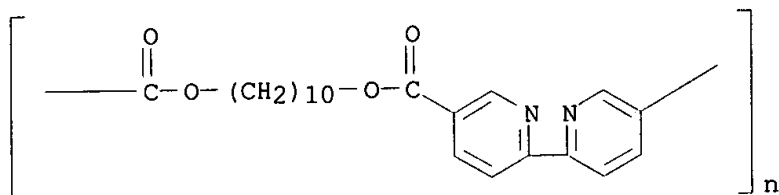
CM 2

CRN 112-47-0

CMF C10 H22 O2



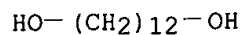
RN 271584-27-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,10-decanediloxycarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-28-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 1,12-dodecanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

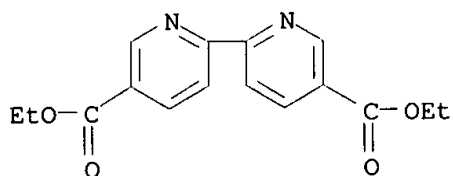
CM 1

CRN 5675-51-4
 CMF C12 H26 O2

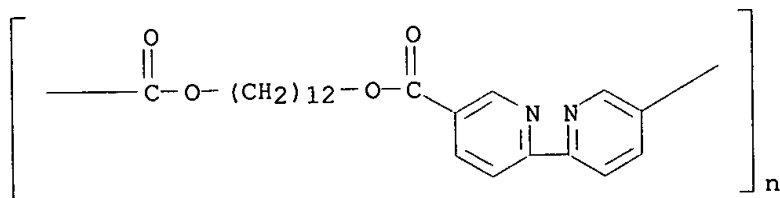


CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



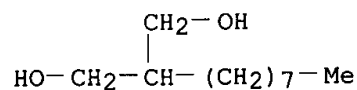
RN 271584-29-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,12-dodecanediloxycarbonyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-30-6 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 2-octyl-1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

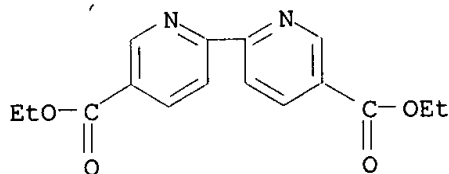
CM 1

CRN 74971-70-3
 CMF C11 H24 O2

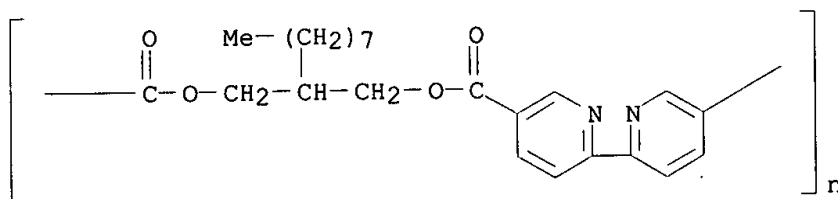


CM 2

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



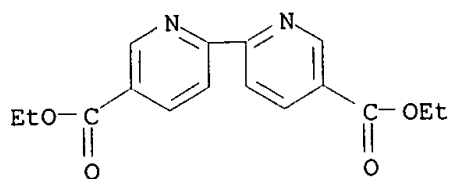
RN 271584-31-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2-octyl-1,3-
 propanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-32-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

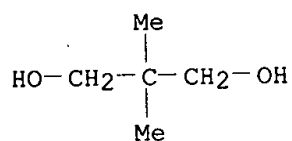
CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



CM 2

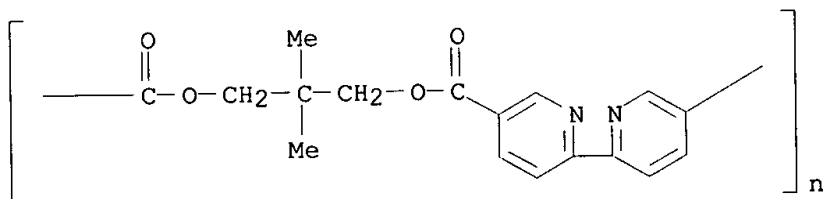
CRN 126-30-7

CMF C5 H12 O2



RN 271584-33-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



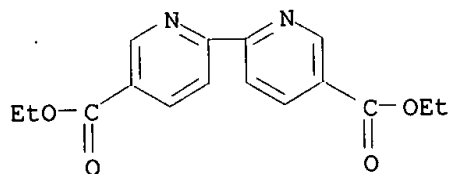
RN 271584-34-0 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-diethyl-1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5

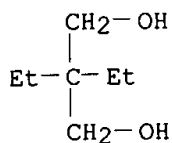
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



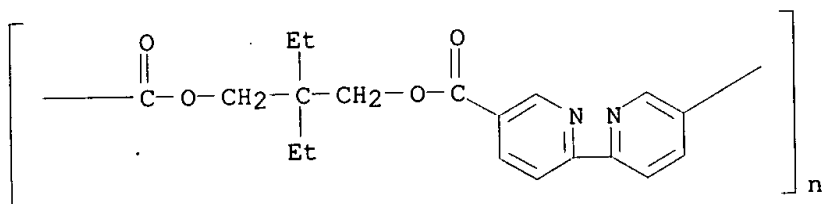
CM 2

CRN 115-76-4

CMF C7 H16 O2



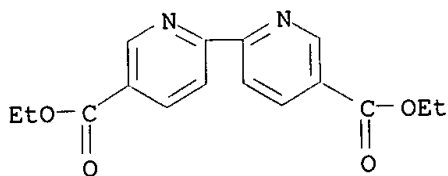
RN 271584-35-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2,2-diethyl-1,3-propanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-36-2 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propyl-1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

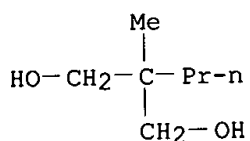
CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

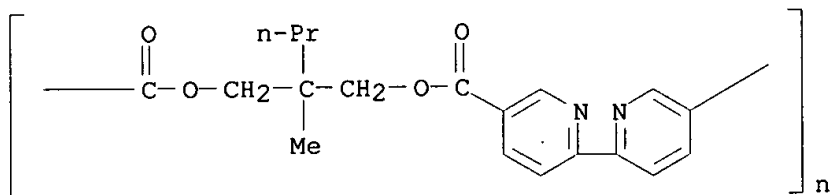


CM 2

CRN 78-26-2
 CMF C7 H16 O2



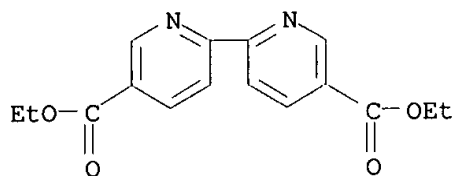
RN 271584-37-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2-methyl-2-propyl-1,3-propanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 271584-38-4 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
 2-butyl-2-ethyl-1,3-propanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

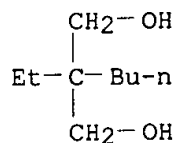
CM 1

CRN 1762-46-5
 CMF C16 H16 N2 O4

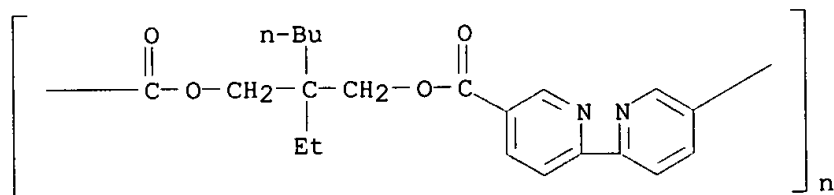


CM 2

CRN 115-84-4
 CMF C9 H20 O2



RN 271584-39-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy(2-butyl-2-ethyl-1,3-
 propanediyl)oxycarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



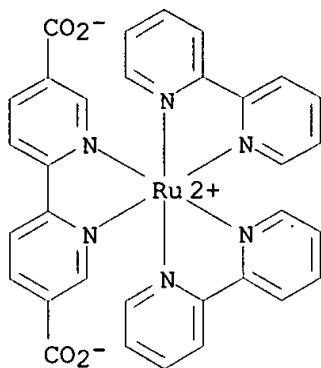
RN 271781-83-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium, bis(2,2'-bipyridine-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1')[[2,2'-bipyridine]-
 5,5'-dicarboxylato(2-)-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1']-, (OC-6-22)-,
 dihydrochloride, polymer with [1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine and
 [2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 258334-13-3

CMF C32 H22 N6 O4 Ru . 2 Cl H

CCI CCS

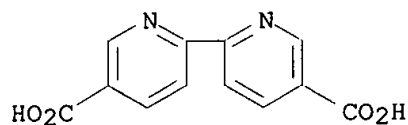


● 2 HCl

CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8

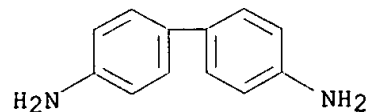
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 3

CRN 92-87-5

CMF C12 H12 N2



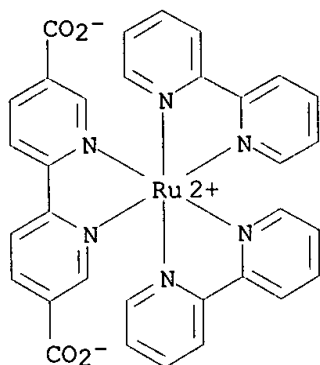
RN 271781-84-1 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium, bis(2,2'-bipyridine-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1')[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylato(2-)-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1']-, (OC-6-22)-, dihydrochloride, polymer with [2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and 4,4'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyldiene]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

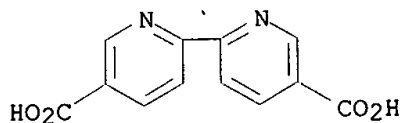
CRN 258334-13-3
CMF C32 H22 N6 O4 Ru . 2 Cl H
CCI CCS



● 2 HCl

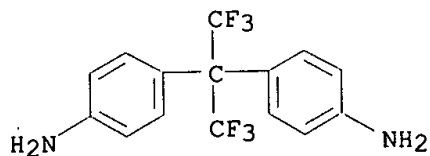
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 3

CRN 1095-78-9
CMF C15 H12 F6 N2

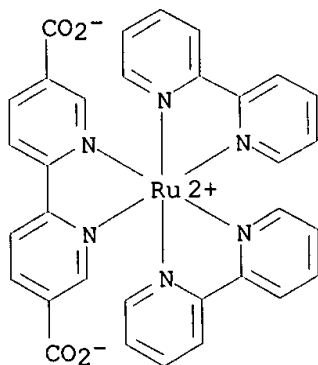


RN 271781-85-2 HCAPLUS
CN Ruthenium, bis(2,2'-bipyridine-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1')[[2,2'-bipyridine]-

5,5'-dicarboxylato(2-)-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1']-, (OC-6-22)-,
dihydrochloride, polymer with [2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and
2,2'-(1,2-ethenediyl)bis[5-aminobenzenesulfonic acid] (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

CM 1

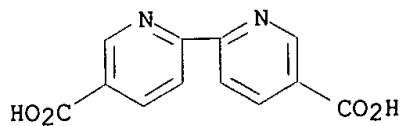
CRN 258334-13-3
CMF C32 H22 N6 O4 Ru . 2 Cl H
CCI CCS



● 2 HCl

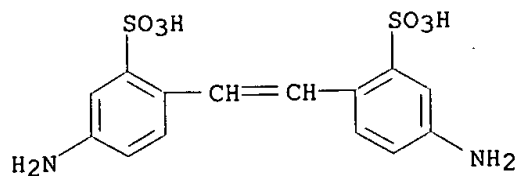
CM 2

CRN 1802-30-8
CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



CM 3

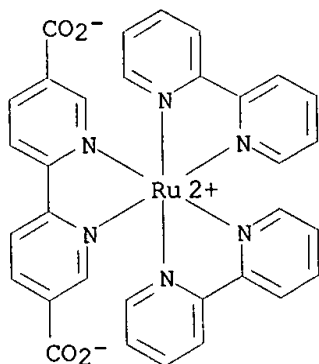
CRN 81-11-8
CMF C14 H14 N2 O6 S2



RN 271781-86-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium, bis(2,2'-bipyridine-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1')[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylato(2-)-.kappa.N1,.kappa.N1']-, (OC-6-22)-, dihydrochloride, polymer with [2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and 1,5-naphthalenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

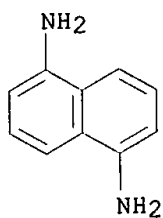
CRN 258334-13-3
 CMF C32 H22 N6 O4 Ru . 2 Cl H
 CCI CCS



● 2 HCl

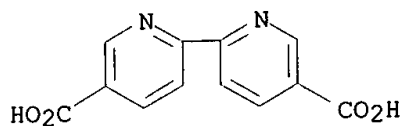
CM 2

CRN 2243-62-1
 CMF C10 H10 N2

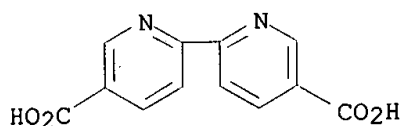


CM 3

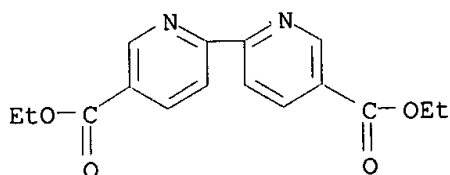
CRN 1802-30-8
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



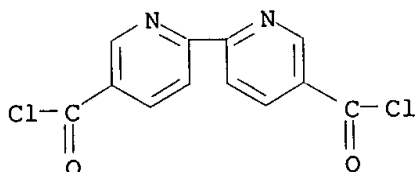
IT 1802-30-8, 2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
 polymer-ruthenium complexes)
 RN 1802-30-8 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1762-46-5P, Diethyl-2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylate
 82799-91-5P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
 polymer-ruthenium complexes)
 RN 1762-46-5 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



RN 82799-91-5 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarbonyl dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with 2,2'-bipyridyl chain
 fragment -contg. polyesters, preparation 271584-11-3DP,
 ruthenium complexes 271584-12-4DP, ruthenium complexes
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and properties of polyamides and polyesters based on
2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid and corresponding
polymer-ruthenium complexes)

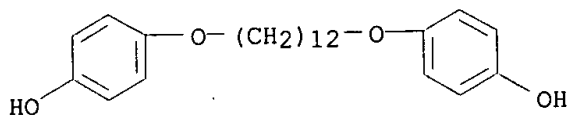
RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

RN 271584-11-3 HCAPLUS
CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-5,5'-dicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, polymer with
4,4'-[1,12-dodecanediylbis(oxy)]bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

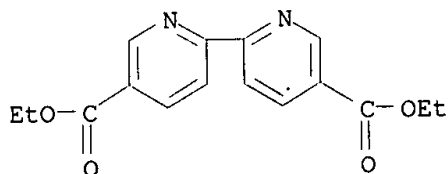
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CRN 132955-76-1
CMF C24 H34 O4



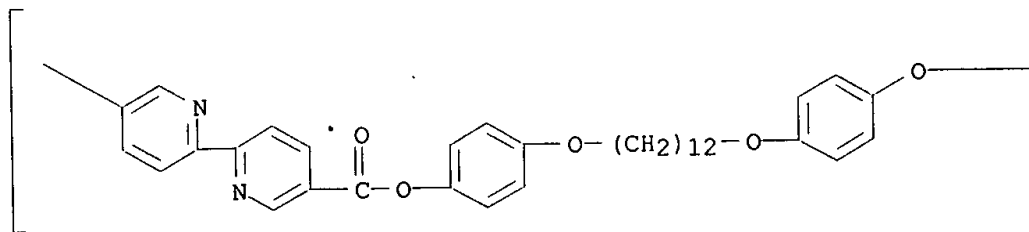
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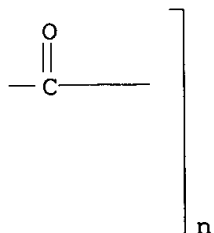
CRN 1762-46-5
CMF C16 H16 N2 O4



RN 271584-12-4 HCAPLUS
CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diylcarbonyloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,12-dodecanediylloxy-1,4-phenyleneoxycarbonyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A





RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L58 ANSWER 19 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2000:171705 HCAPLUS
DN 132:279624
TI Synthesis and ionochromic properties of chelating conjugated
polymers
AU Bouachrine, Mohammed; Lere-Porte, Jean-Pierre; Moreau, Joel J. E.;
Serein-Spirau, Francoise; Torreilles, Christophe
CS Hetero chimie Moleculaire et Macromoleculaire, CNRS UMR 5076, Ecole
Nationale Superieure de Chimie, Montpellier, 34296, Fr.
SO Journal of Materials Chemistry (2000), 10(2), 263-268
CODEN: JMACEP; ISSN: 0959-9428
PB Royal Society of Chemistry
DT Journal
LA English
AB Two types of conjugated **copolymers** functionalized by chelating
subunits were prepd. using the palladium catalyzed coupling reaction of a
dihaloogenated substrate contg. a coordinating unit and a
bis(tributylstannyl) conjugated reagent. The synthesis is based on Stille
coupling of a dihaloarom. compd. and a bis(tributylstannyl) arom. species
in the presence of Pd(0) catalyst to obtain conjugated alternating
polymers with main chain chelating subunits to introduce
complexing properties and thienylene-p-(2,5-dialkoxy)phenylene units to
bring luminescent and electrochromic properties. When the chelating unit
is a dibenzo-18-crown-6 ether, a weak coordination of Li⁺ or K⁺ ions was
obsd.; no ionochromic properties were obsd. in the presence of alkali
metals. When 2,2'-bipyridyl is the coordinating entity, the
copolymer exhibits reversible ionochromic response in the presence
of transition **metal** ions both in soln. and in the solid state.
The ionochromic properties were also obsd. upon protonation-deprotonation
of the **copolymer** in soln. and in the solid state. The
polymers are of interest for development of sensor materials.
- CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73
- ST chelating conjugated alternating **polymer** prepn Stille coupling;
thienylene alkoxyphenylene benzocrown ether **polymer** prepn
chelation; bipyridyl coordinating alternating **copolymer**
ionochromic activity
- IT **Polymerization**
(Stille coupling; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties
of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and
alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT Coupling reaction catalysts
(Stille; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of
conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes)

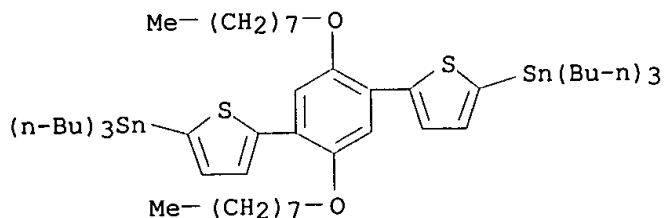
- and chelating monomers)
- IT **Polymers, preparation**
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (conjugated; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of
 conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes
 and chelating monomers)
- IT Electrochromism
 (ionochromism; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of
 conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes
 and chelating monomers)
- IT Polyethers, preparation
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (polythiophene, crown; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic
 properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and
 alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT Polyamines
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (polythiophene; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties
 of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and
 alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT **Polymers, preparation**
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (polythiophenes, polyether, crown and polyamine; prepn. via Stille
 coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers**
 based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT Chelation
 Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
 Oxidation potential
 UV and visible spectra
 (prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated
polymers based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and
 chelating monomers)
- IT Protonation
 (reversible; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of
 conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes
 and chelating monomers)
- IT 14221-01-3, Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (Stille coupling **polymn.** catalyst; prepn. via Stille coupling
 and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on
 thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 263843-44-3P
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (hexaoxacyclooctadecin; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic
 properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and
 alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 263772-52-7P, 1,4-Dibromo-2,5-bis(2-butoxyethoxy)benzene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate and monomer; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic
 properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and
 alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 263772-51-6P 263772-53-8P, 1,4-Bis(2-thienyl)-2,5-dioctyloxybenzene
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of
 conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes
 and chelating monomers)
- IT 263772-54-9P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

- (Reactant or reagent)
(monomer; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 156028-40-9, 1,4-Dibromo-2,5-bis(octyloxy)benzene
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 14701-21-4, Silver(1+), processes 16065-88-6, Palladium(2+), processes 17341-24-1, Lithium(1+), processes 17493-86-6, Copper(1+), processes 23713-49-7, Zinc(2+), processes 24203-36-9, Potassium(1+), processes
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
(prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 263772-56-1P 263772-57-2P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 106-37-6, p-Dibromobenzene 109-72-8, n-Butyllithium, reactions 110-02-1, Thiophene 111-76-2, 2-Butoxyethanol 1461-22-9, Tributyl(chloro)stannane
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 76-05-1, uses
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(protonation reagent; prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- IT 263772-56-1P 263772-57-2P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. via Stille coupling and ionochromic properties of conjugated **polymers** based on thienylenes and alkoxyphenylenes and chelating monomers)
- RN 263772-56-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-diiodo-, polymer with [[2,5-bis(octyloxy)-1,4-phenylene]di-5,2-thiophenediyl]bis[tributylstannane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

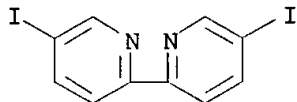
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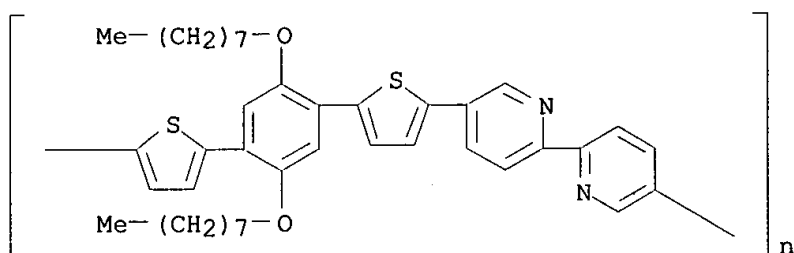


CM 2

CRN 209624-09-9
CMF C10 H6 I2 N2



RN 263772-57-2 HCAPLUS
CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl-2,5-thiophenediyl[2,5-bis(octyloxy)-1,4-phenylene]-2,5-thiophenediyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

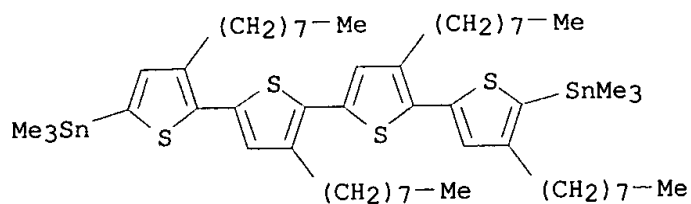
L58 ANSWER 20 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2000:158584 HCAPLUS
DN 132:265580
TI Synthesis, electrochemical and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers**
AU Trouillet, L.; Lapkowski, M.; Stephan, O.; Guillerez, S.
CS SI3M/EMSI, Departement de Recherche Fondamentale sur la Matiere Condensee, CEA Grenoble, Grenoble, 38054, Fr.
SO Synthetic Metals (2000), 109(1-3), 277-280
CODEN: SYMEDZ; ISSN: 0379-6779
PB Elsevier Science S.A.
DT Journal
LA English
AB The paper deals with a new conjugated **polymer** having the possibility to form a complex with transition **metals**. The conjugated backbone is constituted by the alternation of regioregular alkylated oligothiophene of variable size and of 2,2'-bipyridine as the chelating unit. Electrochem. studies were conducted on both the non-**metalated** and Ru(II) complex forms together with the in-situ conductance measurement showing that p- and n-doping occur. The non-**metalated** form was shown to exhibit **electroluminescent** properties.
CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76
ST synthesis alkylated oligothiophene bipyridine **polymer** ruthenium complex; conjugated **polymer** electrochem doping **electroluminescence**
IT Redox reaction
(electrochem.; synthesis and electrochem. and

- electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT **Polymers**, preparation
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (polythiophenes, bipyridine group-contg.; synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT Doping
 Electric current-potential relationship
 Electric resistance
Electroluminescent devices
 Luminescence, **electroluminescence**
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT **242461-10-5P 263010-02-2P**
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT **242461-11-6P 263010-03-3P**
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT **7440-18-8DP**, Ruthenium, complexes, preparation
242461-10-5DP, complexes with ruthenium **242461-11-6DP**, complexes with ruthenium **263010-02-2DP**, complexes with ruthenium **263010-03-3DP**, complexes with ruthenium
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses **50926-11-9**, ITO
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes and use of prepd. **polymers** in LED)
- IT **242461-10-5P 263010-02-2P**
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)
- RN **242461-10-5** HCAPLUS
- CN **2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-dibromo-, polymer with (3',3'',3''',4-tetraoctyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophene]-5,5'''-diyl)bis(trimethylstannane) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)**

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CRN 242461-08-1

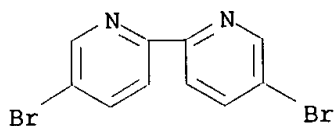
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CM 2

CRN 15862-18-7

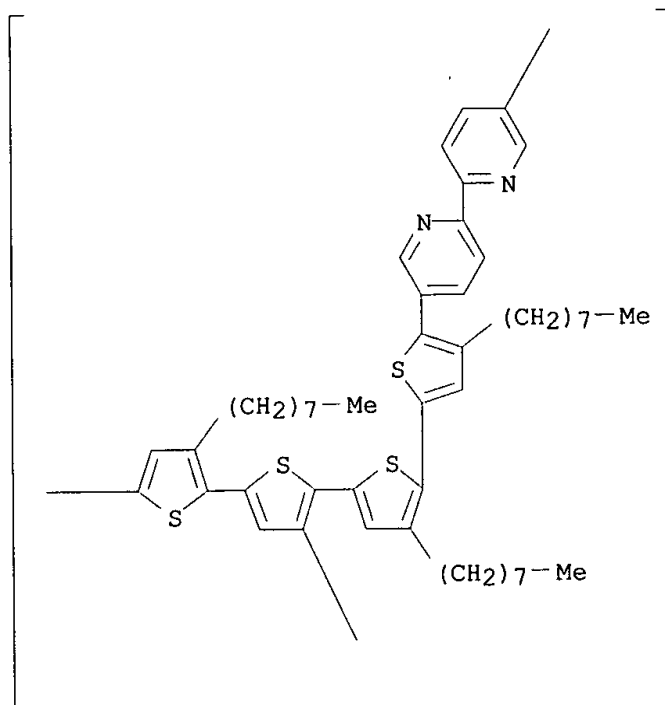
CMF C10 H6 Br2 N2



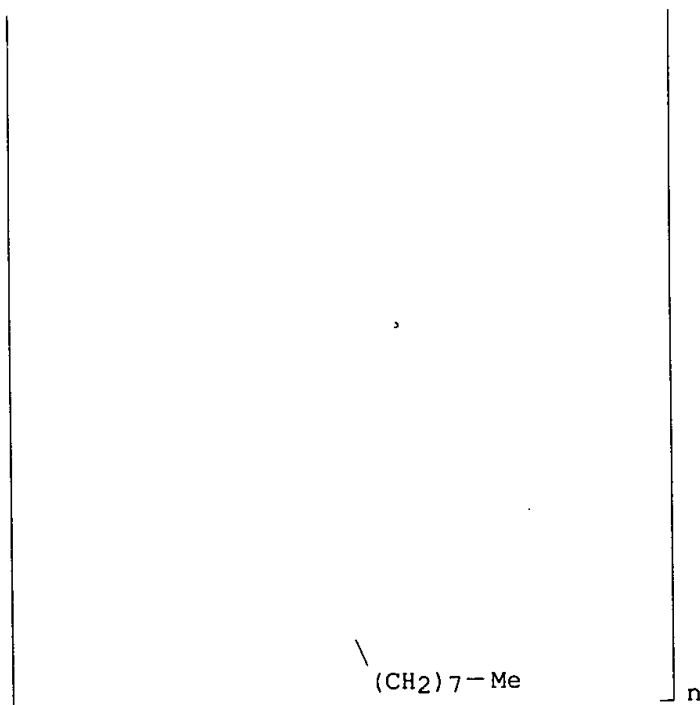
RN 263010-02-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl(3',3'',3''',4-tetraoctyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophene]-5,5'''-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



IT 242461-11-6P 263010-03-3P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes)

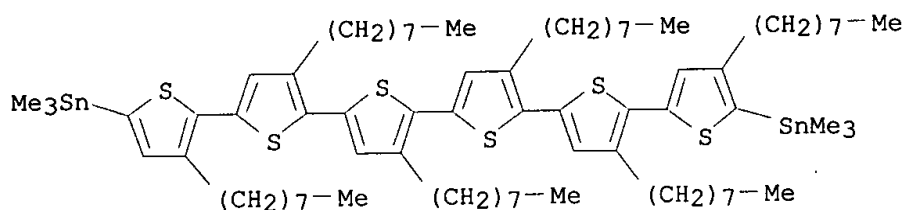
RN 242461-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-dibromo-, polymer with (3',3'',3''',3''',3''',4-hexaocetyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5'''-sexithiophene]-5,5''''-diyl)bis(trimethylstannane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CRN 242461-09-2

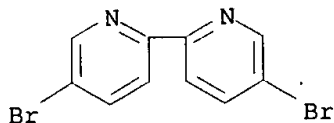
CMF C78 H126 S6 Sn2



CM 2

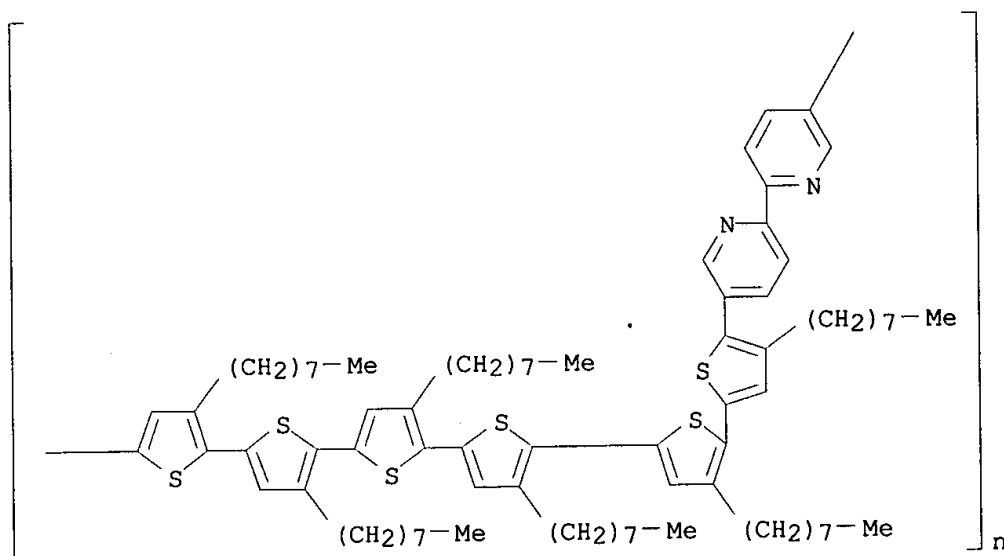
CRN 15862-18-7

CMF C10 H6 Br2 N2



RN 263010-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl(3',3'',3''',3''',3''',4-hexaocetyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5'''-sexithiophene]-5,5''''-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



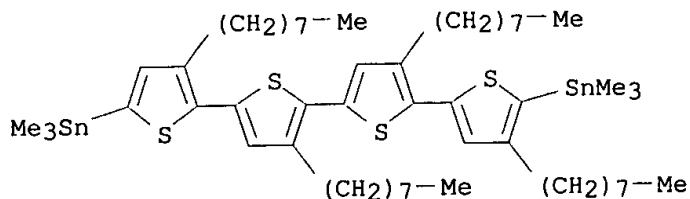
IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes, preparation
 242461-10-5DP, complexes with ruthenium 242461-11-6DP,
 complexes with ruthenium 263010-02-2DP, complexes with ruthenium
 263010-03-3DP, complexes with ruthenium
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN
 (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and electroluminescent properties
 of oligothiophene-based conjugated polymers and their
 ruthenium complexes)
 RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

RN 242461-10-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-dibromo-, polymer with (3',3'',3''',4-
 tetraoctyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2'''-quaterthiophene]-5,5'''-
 diyl)bis(trimethylstannane) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

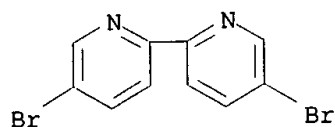
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 CMF C54 H90 S4 Sn2



CM 2

CRN 15862-18-7

CMF C10 H6 Br2 N2



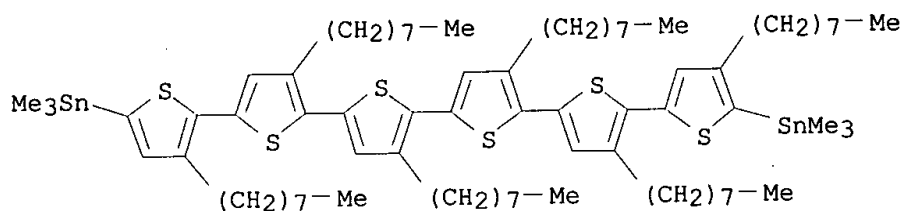
RN 242461-11-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-dibromo-, polymer with (3',3'',3''',3'''',3''''',4-hexa-octyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2''':5''',2''':5''''',2''''':5''''',2''''':5'''''-sexithiophene]-5,5'''''-diyl)bis(trimethylstannane) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 242461-09-2

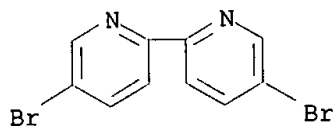
CMF C78 H126 S6 Sn2



CM 2

CRN 15862-18-7

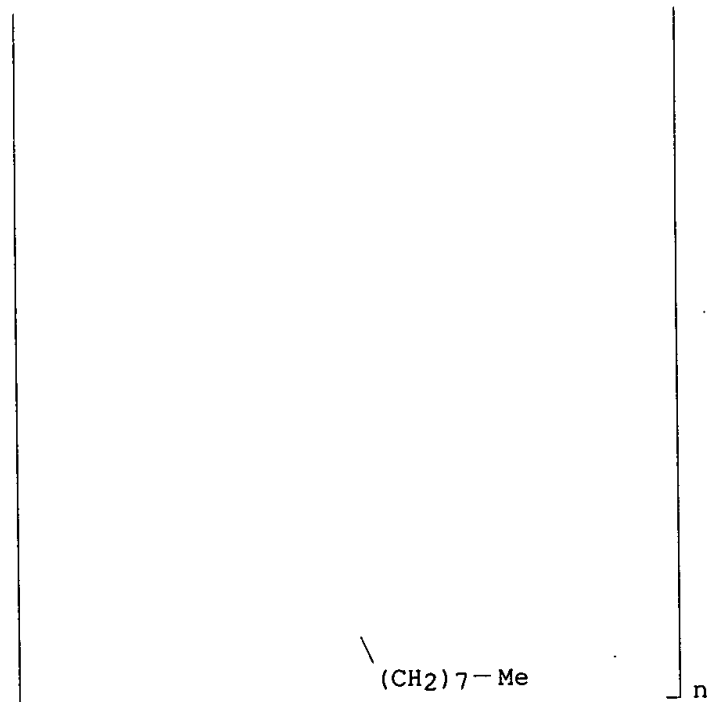
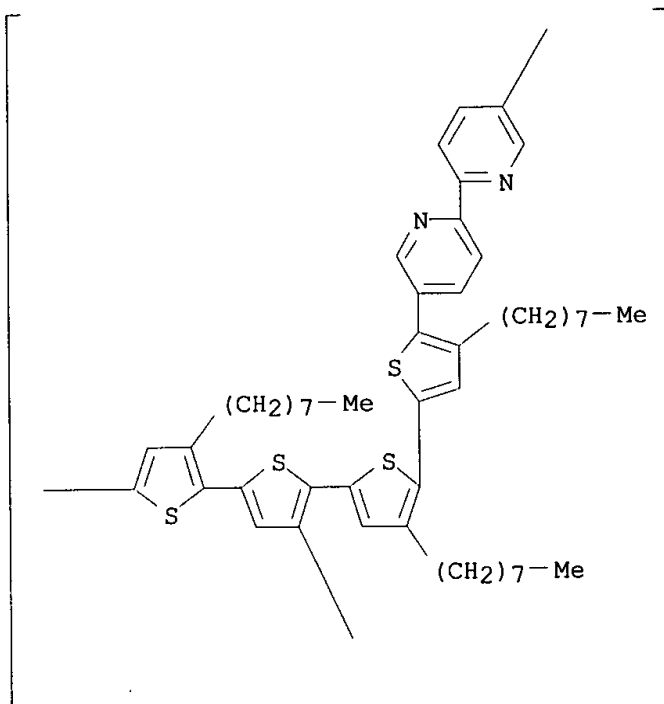
CMF C10 H6 Br2 N2



RN 263010-02-2 HCAPLUS

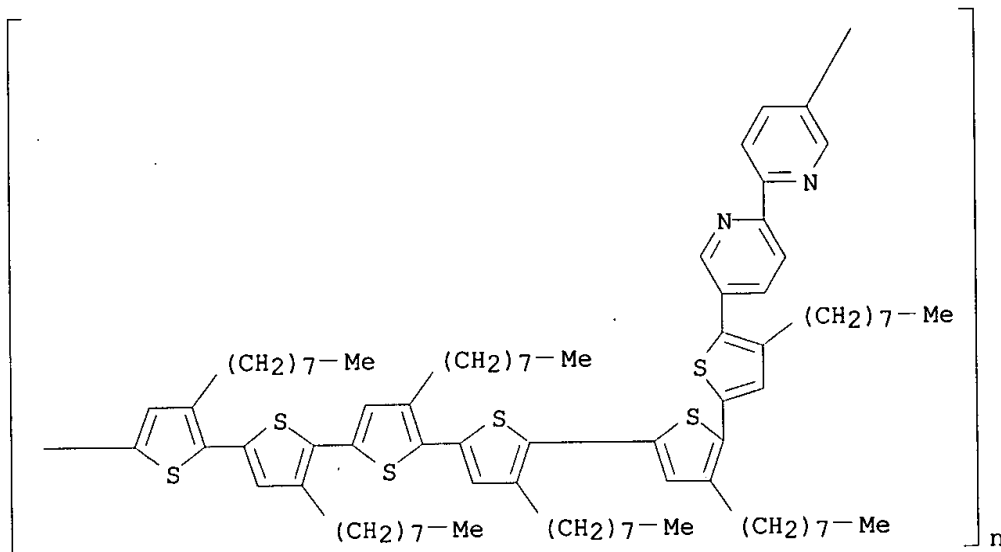
CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl(3',3'',3''',4-tetra-octyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2''':5''',2''':5''''',2''''':5''''',2''''':5'''''-quaterthiophene]-5,5'''''-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

RN 263010-03-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl(3',3'',3''',3''',3''',4-hexaocetyl[2,2':5',2'':5'',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5''',2''':5'''-sexithiophene]-5,5''''''-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 50926-11-9, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis and electrochem. and **electroluminescent** properties of oligothiophene-based conjugated **polymers** and their ruthenium complexes and use of prepd. **polymers** in LED)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

RE.CNT 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 21 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:145056 HCAPLUS

DN 132:191388

TI Optical oxidative enzyme-based sensors

IN Collins, Thomas C.; Munkholm, Christiane; Slovacek, Rudolf E.

PA Bayer Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000011205	A1	20000302	WO 1999-IB1451	19990819

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9951883 A1 20000314 AU 1999-51883 19990819

EP 1112374 A1 20010704 EP 1999-936915 19990819

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002523733 T2 20020730 JP 2000-566457 19990819

PRAI US 1998-137616 A1 19980821

WO 1999-IB1451 W 19990819

AB The invention discloses enzyme-based optical sensors for detecting blood components which are substrates for oxidative enzymes, the sensors advantageously employing a multiple-layer structure featuring a thin, rapidly-responding, optical, oxygen-sensing layer. The sensors comprise, in order, a) an enzymic layer contg. an oxidative enzyme or enzyme cascade in a water and oxygen-permeable matrix; b) an oxygen sensing layer contg. luminescent dye in a light-transmissive, oxygen-permeable matrix; and which is preferably deposited onto c) a light-transmissive substrate. Embodiments of the invention may further include a rapidly hydrating gas-permeable cover, or spacer, layer deposited over the enzymic layer. A particulate filler material may be included in an effective amt. in the oxygen sensing layer to reduce sample light scattering effects. The sensors of the disclosure may be used to detect creatinine and other enzyme-oxidizable analytes such as glucose, lactate or cholesterol, and may be made easily using std. coating techniques known in the art. These sensors are suitable for multiple analyses, but the materials and methods used allow the sensors to be disposable as well, allowing their wide use in medical and anal. applications. Glucose sensors were made by prepg. an oxygen-sensing layer (contg. styrene-acrylonitrile **copolymer** and octaethyl-Pt-porphyrin dye) as a coating on a light transmissive substrate and depositing a glucose oxidase layer (in N,N-dimethylacrylamide-N-tert-butylacrylamide **copolymer**) onto the oxygen-sensing layer.

IC ICM C12Q001-00

ICS C12Q001-54; C12Q001-26; G01N021-76

CC 9-1 (Biochemical Methods)

Section cross-reference(s): 7

IT **Luminescent substances**

Luminescent substances

(dyes; optical oxidative enzyme-based sensors)

IT 66-71-7D, 1,10-Phenanthroline, **metal** complexes 101-60-0D,

Porphyrin, derivs., **metal** complexes 366-18-7D,

2,2'-Bipyridine, **metal** complexes 1662-01-7D,

4,7-Diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, **metal** complexes 3248-05-3D,

4,7-Dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline, **metal** complexes 4199-89-7D,

5-Chloro-1,10-phenanthroline, **metal** complexes 7440-18-8D

, Ruthenium, complexes, uses 13816-21-2D, 2,2'-Bithiazole, **metal**

complexes 14187-14-5 16065-83-1D, Chromium(III), ligand complexes,

uses 16065-89-7D, Rhodium3+, ligand complexes, uses 22541-59-9D, Ru2+,

ligand complexes, uses 22542-07-0D, Osmium2+, ligand complexes, uses

22555-00-6D, Iridium(III), ligand complexes, uses 31248-39-2

40000-20-2D, 5-Bromo-1,10-phenanthroline, **metal** complexes

41601-87-0D, 2,2'-Bi-2-thiazoline, **metal** complexes 63373-04-6

73797-39-4 80528-89-8 98240-12-1D, **metal** complexes

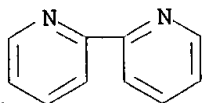
259810-85-0 259810-86-1

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DEV (Device component use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
 (as luminescent dye in oxygen-sensing layer; optical oxidative enzyme-based sensors)

IT 9003-54-7P, Acrylonitrile-styrene **copolymer** 129219-08-5P
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of, in glucose sensor prepn.; optical oxidative enzyme-based sensors)

IT **366-18-7D**, 2,2'-Bipyridine, **metal** complexes
7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, complexes, uses
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DEV (Device component use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
 (as luminescent dye in oxygen-sensing layer; optical oxidative enzyme-based sensors)

RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



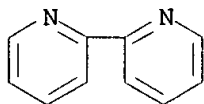
RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 22 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1999:766366 HCAPLUS
 DN 132:181176
 TI Luminescent characteristics of transparent **metal**-containing **polymer** materials
 AU Smagin, V. P.; Maier, R. A.; Mokrousov, G. M.; Belov, V. M.; Evstigneev, V. V.
 CS Altaiskii Gos. Univ., Barnaul, Russia
 SO Perspektivnye Materialy (1998), (6), 38-41
 CODEN: PRMTFY; ISSN: 1028-978X
 PB TOO "Interkontakt Nauka"
 DT Journal
 LA Russian
 AB Spectral luminescence characteristics of rare **metal**-contg. PMMA are presented. The materials can be used as low-band light filters for luminescent medium.
 CC 36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
 Section cross-reference(s): 73
 ST luminescence transparent rare earth **metal** PMMA
 IT Luminescence
Luminescent substances
 (luminescent characteristics of transparent rare **metal**-contg. PMMA)
 IT 66-71-7, 1,10-Phenanthroline **366-18-7**, 2,2'-Bipyridine

7440-00-8, Neodymium, properties 7440-53-1, Europium, properties
79621-17-3, Xylene orange
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(luminescent characteristics of transparent rare **metal**-contg.
PMMA)
IT 9011-14-7, PMMA
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(luminescent characteristics of transparent rare **metal**-contg.
PMMA)
IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine 7440-53-1, Europium,
properties
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(luminescent characteristics of transparent rare **metal**-contg.
PMMA)
RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

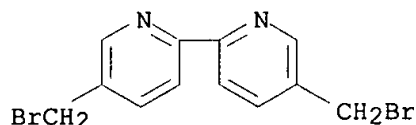


RN 7440-53-1 HCAPLUS
CN Europium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Eu

L58 ANSWER 23 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1999:699542 HCAPLUS
DN 132:36150
TI Synthesis and characterization of partially crosslinked
poly(N-vinylcarbazole-vinyl alcohol) **copolymers** with polypyridyl
Ru(II) luminophores. Potential materials for **electroluminescence**
AU Farah, Abdiaziz A.; Pietro, William J.
CS Dep. Chemistry, York Univ., Toronto, ON, M3J 1P3, Can.
SO Polymer Bulletin (Berlin) (1999), 43(2-3), 135-142
CODEN: POBUDR; ISSN: 0170-0839
PB Springer-Verlag
DT Journal
LA English
AB A novel difunctionalized 5,5'-dibromomethylene-2,2'-bipyridine ligand was
prepd. and covalently bound with concurrent crosslinking by a post-
polymer modification method to N-vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.
copolymer. The electrochem. and UV-vis spectroscopy results both
confirm the covalent attachment of ruthenium transition **metal**
complex to the **polymer** backbone. Differential scanning
calorimetry (DSC) and thermogravimetric anal. (TGA) indicate high thermal
stability of the **copolymer**. The **copolymer** is also
highly phosphorescent making it a potential **polymeric** material
for transition **metal**-based **electroluminescent** devices.
CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
Section cross-reference(s): 29
ST bipyridine crosslinked vinylcarbazole vinyl alc **polymer**
ruthenium complex
IT 92642-09-6P, 5,5'-Dibromomethyl-2,2'-bipyridine

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (crosslinker, ligand; prepn. of bipyridine crosslinker for poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) **metal** complexes)
 IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with bipyridyl-crosslinked vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc. **copolymer**, preparation 15746-57-3DP, Bis(2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium dichloride, reaction products with bipyridyl-crosslinked vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc. **copolymer**
 252572-95-5DP, 5,5'-Dibromomethyl-2,2'-bipyridine-vinyl alcohol-N-vinylcarbazole **copolymer**, ruthenium complexes
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties of bipyridine-crosslinked poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) ruthenium complexes)
 IT 108-99-6, 3-Picoline
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of bipyridine crosslinker for poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) **metal** complexes)
 IT 1762-34-1P, 5,5'-Dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of bipyridine crosslinker for poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) **metal** complexes)
 IT 92642-09-6P, 5,5'-Dibromomethyl-2,2'-bipyridine
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinker, ligand; prepn. of bipyridine crosslinker for poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) **metal** complexes)
 RN 92642-09-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-bis(bromomethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



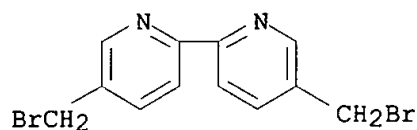
IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with bipyridyl-crosslinked vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc. **copolymer**, preparation 252572-95-5DP, 5,5'-Dibromomethyl-2,2'-bipyridine-vinyl alcohol-N-vinylcarbazole **copolymer**, ruthenium complexes
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties of bipyridine-crosslinked poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.) ruthenium complexes)
 RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

RN 252572-95-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethenol, polymer with 5,5'-bis(bromomethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine and 9-ethenyl-9H-carbazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

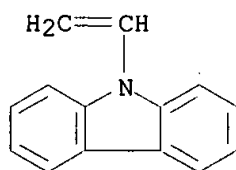
CRN 92642-09-6
 CMF C12 H10 Br2 N2



CM 2

CRN 1484-13-5

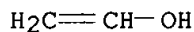
CMF C14 H11 N



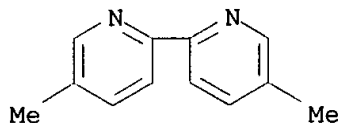
CM 3

CRN 557-75-5

CMF C2 H4 O



IT 1762-34-1P, 5,5'-Dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of bipyridine crosslinker for poly(vinylcarbazole-vinyl alc.)
 metal complexes)
 RN 1762-34-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 5,5'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

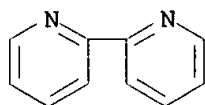


RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

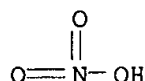
L58 ANSWER 24 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1999:643445 HCAPLUS
 DN 131:352198
 TI Intensely Luminescent Materials Obtained by Combining **Lanthanide**
 Ions, 2,2'-Bipyridine, and Poly(ethylene glycol) in Various Fluid or Solid
 Environments
 AU Bekiari, Vlasoula; Pistolis, Georgios; Lianos, Panagiotis

- CS Engineering Science Department, University of Patras, Patras, 26500, Greece
- SO Chemistry of Materials (1999), 11(11), 3189-3195
CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Steady-state luminescence spectroscopy and luminescence decay anal. have been employed to study the assocn. of two rare earth ions (i.e., Eu³⁺ and Tb³⁺) with poly(ethylene glycol) in the absence and in the presence of 2,2'-bipyridine, which acted as an antenna of near-UV radiation. Three different systems have been studied at various **polymer** concns., i.e., aq. solns., transparent composite org./inorg. sol-gel matrixes made by hydrolysis of tetramethoxysilane, and **polymer** matrixes. The photophys. behavior of the luminescent species has been studied in conjunction with the poly(ethylene glycol) content. In both aq. solns. and silica matrixes, luminescence intensity and decay time were found to increase by increasing **polymer** concn. Addn. of 2,2'-bipyridine resulted in complex formation between the ligand and the **lanthanide** ions. This complex was stabilized by assocn. with the **polymer** chains. Excitation at the ligand absorption wavelength (337 nm) resulted in ligand-to-**metal** energy transfer and strong luminescence emission, characterized by the narrow-band emission of the **metal**. The complex between **lanthanide** ions and 2,2'-bipyridine possessed its own particular photophys. characteristics and emitted a bright broad blue luminescence with an excitation max. around 380 nm. Freeze-drying of aq. solns. of medium size poly(ethylene glycol) contg. **lanthanide** ions and 2,2'-bipyridine produced an intensely luminescent solid material emitting the characteristic luminescence of the **metal** when excited at the ligand absorption band (337 nm) or the characteristic luminescence of the complex when excited at 380 nm.
- CC 38-3 (**Plastics** Fabrication and Uses)
Section cross-reference(s): 37, 73
- ST luminescent **lanthanide** ion bipyridine polyethylene glycol
- IT Energy level excitation
Energy transfer
Fluorescence
Luminescence
 Luminescent substances
 (intensely luminescent materials obtained by combining **lanthanide** ions, 2,2'-bipyridine, and poly(ethylene glycol) in various fluid or sol-gel environments)
- IT Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
 (intensely luminescent materials obtained by combining **lanthanide** ions, 2,2'-bipyridine, and poly(ethylene glycol) in various fluid or sol-gel environments)
- IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine 10043-27-3, Terbium nitrate (Tb(NO₃)₃) 10138-01-9, Europium nitrate (Eu(NO₃)₃) 25322-68-3, Poly(ethylene glycol)
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
 (intensely luminescent materials obtained by combining **lanthanide** ions, 2,2'-bipyridine, and poly(ethylene glycol) in various fluid or sol-gel environments)
- IT 681-84-5, TMOS
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (sol-gel; intensely luminescent materials obtained by combining **lanthanide** ions, 2,2'-bipyridine, and poly(ethylene glycol) in various fluid or sol-gel environments)

IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine 10043-27-3, Terbium nitrate
 (Tb(NO₃)₃) 10138-01-9, Europium nitrate (Eu(NO₃)₃)
 RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
 (intensely luminescent materials obtained by combining
 lanthanide ions, 2,2'-bipyridine, and poly(ethylene glycol) in
 various fluid or sol-gel environments)
 RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

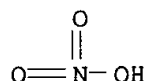


RN 10043-27-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Nitric acid, terbium(3+) salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



1/3 Tb(III)

RN 10138-01-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Nitric acid, europium(3+) salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



1/3 Eu(III)

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 25 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1999:559286 HCAPLUS
 DN 132:208232
 TI Design and synthesis of light emitting conjugated
 polymers functionalized with transition metal complexes
 AU Ng, Po King; Wong, Chi Tak; Hou, Sijian; Chan, Wai Kin
 CS Department of Chemistry, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, Peop. Rep.
 China
 SO Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer
 Chemistry) (1999), 40(2), 1212-1213
 CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934
 PB American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Different conjugated polymers based on poly(benzobisoxazoles),

poly(benzobisthiazoles), and poly(phenylenevinylene) which contain ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes were synthesized. The **polymers** were fabricated into single layer **light emitting** devices and their **electroluminescent** properties were studied. The turn on voltages and the external quantum efficiencies of the devices are in the range of 4-8 V and 0.05-0.1%, resp. Some **polymers** exhibit distinct emission bands originated from the conjugate main-chain and ruthenium complex, while in other systems the emission from the main-chain is quenched. An energy transfer process between the main-chain and the ruthenium complex is proposed. The **polymers** exhibit modest hole and electron carrier mobilities comparable to common org. conjugated **polymers**. This design approach provides the flexibility of modifying the optoelectronic properties by varying the ligand, **metal**, or **metal** content in the **polymers**.

CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST ruthenium complex conjugated **polymer light**

emitting; polybenzobisoxazole ruthenium complex **light**

emitting; polybenzobisthiazole ruthenium complex **light**

emitting; polyphenylenevinylene ruthenium complex **light**

emitting

IT Polybenzoxazoles

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polybenzobisoxazoles; prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated **polymers** contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)

IT Polybenzothiazoles

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polybenzobisthiazoles; prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated **polymers** contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)

IT Electron mobility

Luminescence, **electroluminescence**

(prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated **polymers** contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)

IT Poly(arylenealkenylenes)

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated **polymers** contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)

IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with poly(benzobisoxazoles) and poly(benzobisthiazoles), preparation 193484-95-6P 212050-16-3DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-17-4DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-18-5DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-19-6DP, ruthenium complexes

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated **polymers** contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)

IT 7440-18-8DP, Ruthenium, complexes with poly(benzobisoxazoles) and poly(benzobisthiazoles), preparation 212050-16-3DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-17-4DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-18-5DP, ruthenium complexes 212050-19-6DP, ruthenium complexes

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of **light emitting** conjugated

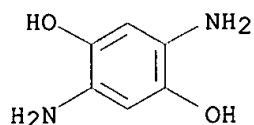
polymers contg. ruthenium bipyridine or terpyridine complexes)
 RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ru

RN 212050-16-3 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 2,5-diamino-1,4-benzenediol dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

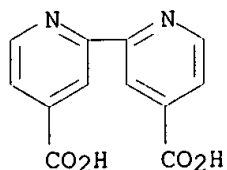
CRN 24171-03-7
 CMF C6 H8 N2 O2 . 2 Cl H



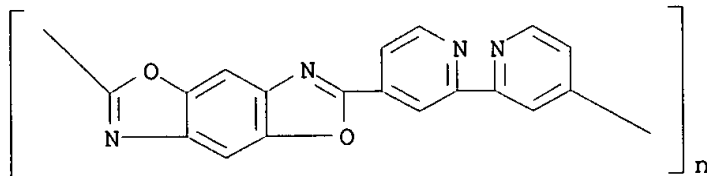
● 2 HCl

CM 2

CRN 6813-38-3
 CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



RN 212050-17-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Poly(benzo[1,2-d:4,5-d']bisoxazole-2,6-diyl[2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-diyl)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



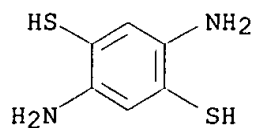
*

RN 212050-18-5 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with
 2,5-diamino-1,4-benzenedithiol dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75464-52-7

CMF C6 H8 N2 S2 . 2 Cl H

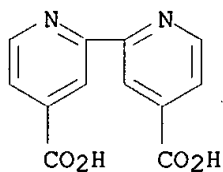


●2 HCl

CM 2

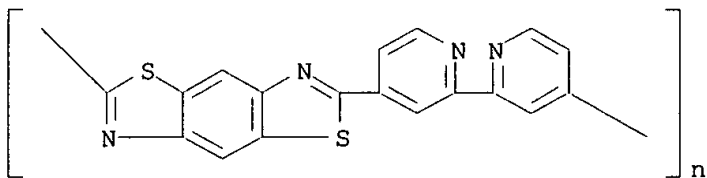
CRN 6813-38-3

CMF C12 H8 N2 O4



RN 212050-19-6 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(benzo[1,2-d:4,5-d']bisthiazole-2,6-diyl[2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-diyl)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 26 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:173784 HCAPLUS

DN 130:325447

TI Electronic and **Light-Emitting** Properties of Some
Polyimides Based on Bis(2,2':6',2''-terpyridine) Ruthenium(II) Complex

AU Ng, Wai Yue; Gong, Xiong; Chan, Wai Kin

CS Department of Chemistry, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong

SO Chemistry of Materials (1999), 11(4), 1165-1170

CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Novel arom. polyimides that contain bis(2,2':6',2''-terpyridine) ruthenium(II) complex were synthesized, and their optoelectronic properties were studied. The optical absorption band at 500 nm was strongly enhanced by the presence of the ruthenium complex. As a result, the photosensitivity of the polyimides in the visible region increased, as did the photocond. The glass transition temp. of the polyimides is approx. 220.degree. and they also exhibit modest thermal stability. The electron mobility and hole carrier mobility of the polyimides are on the order of 10^{-4} cm² V⁻¹ s⁻¹, which suggests that the electron-withdrawing diimide moieties play a role in the charge transport process. Emission from the **metal** complexes and charge transfer states were obsd. in these **polymers**. The polyimides also exhibited **electroluminescent** behavior when the **polymer** films were fabricated into single-layered test **light-emitting** diodes. The external quantum efficiency and max. luminance of the devices were 0.1% and 120 cd/m², resp.

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73

ST polyimide terpyridine ruthenium prepn optoelectronic property; photocond charge transfer ruthenium terpyridine arom polyimide; **light emitting** device quantum efficiency ruthenium terpyridine polyimide

IT Polyimides, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (arom., fluorine-contg., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT Polyimides, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT Charge transfer state

Electron mobility

Electron-hole pairs

Electrooptical absorption

Glass transition temperature

Photoconductivity

Thermal stability

(electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT Polyimides, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (fluorine-contg., arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices

(**light-emitting** diodes; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT Polyimides, preparation

Polyimides, preparation

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (polyether-, arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT **Fluoropolymers**, preparation

Polyethers, preparation

Polyethers, preparation

- Polyketones
Polyketones
Polysulfones, preparation
Polysulfones, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyimide-, arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and
light-emitting properties of polyimides based on
bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)
- IT Polyimides, preparation
Polyimides, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyketone-, arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and
light-emitting properties of polyimides based on
bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)
- IT Polyimides, preparation
Polyimides, preparation
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polysulfone-, arom., ruthenium terpyridine contg.; electronic and
light-emitting properties of polyimides based on
bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)
- IT 17084-13-8, Potassium hexafluorophosphate (KPF6)
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(counterion reactant; electronic and **light-emitting**
properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and
arom. dianhydrides)
- IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 50926-11-9, ITO
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrode; electronic and **light-emitting**
properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and
arom. dianhydrides)
- IT 223921-20-8P, Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II)
Hexafluorophosphate-pyromellitic dianhydride **copolymer**
223921-21-9P, 3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride-Bis[4'-(4-
aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II) Hexafluorophosphate
copolymer 223921-22-0P, Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-
terpyridyl]ruthenium(II) Hexafluorophosphate-4,4'-
(Hexafluoroisopropylidene)diphthalic anhydride **copolymer**
223921-23-1P, Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II)
Hexafluorophosphate-4,4'-Oxydiphthalic anhydride **copolymer**
223921-25-3P, Biphenyl tetracarboxylic dianhydride-Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-
2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II) Hexafluorophosphate **copolymer**
223921-28-6P, Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II)
Hexafluorophosphate-3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride
copolymer
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(electronic and **light-emitting** properties of
polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom.
dianhydrides)
- IT 129077-51-6, 4'-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridine
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(electronic and **light-emitting** properties of
polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom.
dianhydrides)
- IT 178265-65-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; electronic and **light-emitting**
properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and
arom. dianhydrides)
- IT 196202-22-9P, Bis[4'-(4-aminophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridyl]ruthenium(II)

Hexafluorophosphate

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT 10049-08-8, Ruthenium trichloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactant; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT 7772-99-8, Tin(II) chloride, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reducing agent; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

IT 50926-11-9, ITO

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrode; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
=====	=====	=====
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

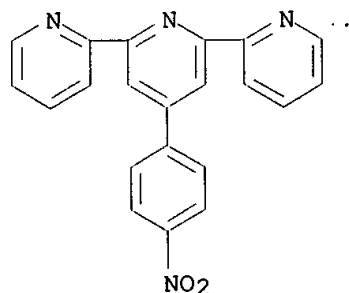
IT 129077-51-6, 4'-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2,2':6',2''-terpyridine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

RN 129077-51-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2':6',2''-Terpyridine, 4'-(4-nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



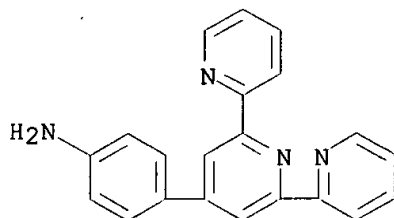
IT 178265-65-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; electronic and **light-emitting** properties of polyimides based on bis(terpyridine) ruthenium(II) and arom. dianhydrides)

RN 178265-65-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-[2,2':6',2''-terpyridin]-4'-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 27 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:113901 HCAPLUS

DN 130:160352

TI **Electroluminescent** device

IN Nuesch, Frank Alain; Rotzinger, Francois; Si-Ahmed, Lynda; Zuppiroli, Libero

PA Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne, Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9907028	A1	19990211	WO 1998-CH324	19980731
	W: JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	EP 1012892	A1	20000628	EP 1998-934728	19980731
	R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, NL				
	JP 2001512145	T2	20010821	JP 2000-505659	19980731
PRAI	CH 1997-1844	A	19970731		
	WO 1998-CH324	W	19980731		

OS MARPAT 130:160352

AB The invention concerns a **electroluminescent** device with a multilayer structure comprising: (i) a 1st electrode including a layer, consisting of a transparent or translucent conductive material selected among **metal** oxides and **metal** nitrides, said layer being deposited on a transparent support, consisting of a glass, Si, alumina plate, or a **polymer** sheet; (ii) a 2nd electrode; (iii) a layer, arranged between the 2 electrodes, comprising a semiconductor and **electroluminescent** solid org. substance, said layer being optionally bordered with 1 or several intermediate layers, consisting of electrocatalysts; and (iv) a layer with monomol. structure, arranged between the layer consisting of the conductive material and the layer consisting of the **electroluminescent** substance. Said device is further characterized in that said layer consists of a dipolar org. compd. whereof the structure has an electronic system .pi., a functional group, vicinal or not of the electronic system .pi.. Also, the dipolar org. compd. is chem. bound by the functional group to the conductive material and has chem. affinity for the org. **electroluminescent** substance.

IC ICM H01L051-20

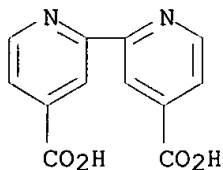
ICS H05B033-20

- CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)
Section cross-reference(s): 78
- ST **electroluminescent** device multilayer ruthenium complex
hydroxyquinoline aluminum; **metal** nitride oxide
electroluminescent device multilayer; electrocatalyst
electroluminescent device multilayer ruthenium complex
hydroxyquinoline aluminum; glass **electroluminescent** device
multilayer ruthenium complex hydroxyquinoline aluminum; **polymer**
electroluminescent device multilayer ruthenium complex
hydroxyquinoline aluminum; monolayer **electroluminescent** device
multilayer ruthenium complex hydroxyquinoline aluminum; ITO
electroluminescent device multilayer ruthenium complex
hydroxyquinoline aluminum; electrode **electroluminescent** device
multilayer ruthenium complex hydroxyquinoline aluminum; functional group
electroluminescent device multilayer ruthenium org complex
- IT Catalysts
(electrocatalysts; **electroluminescent** device with multilayer
structure and ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and
hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT Dipole moment
Electrodes
Electroluminescent devices
Functional groups
Monolayers
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT Glass, uses
Nitrides
Oxides (inorganic), uses
Polymers, uses
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT 62-23-7, 4-Nitrobenzoic acid 824-77-1, 4-Carboxy-1-methylpyridinium
betaine 2085-33-8, Hydroxyquinoline aluminum 20466-00-6,
N,N'-Diethyl-3,3'-bicarbazole 33046-28-5 37271-44-6 **50926-11-9**
, ITO 101697-53-4 122738-25-4 178555-82-3 220160-62-3
220160-67-8 220185-30-8
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT 207287-34-1P
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT 106548-41-8
RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
reagent); USES (Uses)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT 121-44-8, reactions **6813-38-3**, 2,2'-Bipyridyl-4,4'-dicarboxylic
acid
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
- IT **50926-11-9**, ITO
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and

ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
 RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT **6813-38-3**, 2,2'-Bipyridyl-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (**electroluminescent** device with multilayer structure and
 ruthenium org. complex, org. derivs., and hydroxyquinoline aluminum)
 RN 6813-38-3 HCAPLUS
 CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 28 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1998:446793 HCAPLUS
 DN 129:154018
 TI Highly Efficient Solid-State Electrochemically Generated Chemiluminescence
 from Ester-Substituted Trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-Based **Polymers**
 AU Elliott, C. Michael; Pichot, Francois; Bloom, Corey J.; Rider, Lonn S.
 CS Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Ft. Collins, CO,
 80523, USA
 SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1998), 120(27), 6781-6784
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB A **polymerizable** ester-substituted trisbipyridine complex of
 ruthenium(II) was synthesized and the solid-state electrochemiluminescence
 (ECL) properties of its **polymer** evaluated. A collection of 12
 sandwich-type solid-state cells were studied each having a .apprx. 0.3
 .mu.m thick film of the **polymer** sandwiched between a transparent
 indium/tin oxide (ITO) anode and a porous Au cathode. The ECL of these
 devices was evaluated in the solid state. Despite considerable
 variability in performance, the most efficient of these devices exhibited
 ECL quantum yields matching the efficiency of the best org.
polymer based light-emitting devices.
 CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 27, 35, 36, 73, 78
 ST solid state electrochem generated chemiluminescence;
 bipyridinedicarboxylic acid ester ruthenium **polymer** ECL; cell
 solid state electrochem generated chemiluminescence
 IT **Electroluminescent** devices
 Luminescence, chemiluminescence

(electrochemiluminescence; highly efficient solid-state electrochem. generated chemiluminescence from ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers**)

IT **Polymerization**
(**photopolymn.**; of ruthenium bis[(acrylylpropoxy)carbonyl]bipyridine complexes)

IT Electrolytic cells
(solid-state; highly efficient solid-state electrochem. generated chemiluminescence from ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers**)

IT **Polymerization**
(thermal; of ruthenium bis[(acrylylpropoxy)carbonyl]bipyridine complexes)

IT **7440-57-5, Gold, uses**
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(ITO anode in solid-state cell with porous Au cathode with ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers** for electrochemiluminescence)

IT **50926-11-9, Ito**
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(anode in solid-state cell with porous Au cathode with ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers** for electrochemiluminescence)

IT 210902-93-5
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(highly efficient solid-state electrochem. generated chemiluminescence from ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers**)

IT 210902-91-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and **polymn.** for highly efficient solid-state electrochem. generated chemiluminescence from ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers**)

IT **210902-94-6P, 4,4'-Bis[(3-acrylylpropoxy)carbonyl]-2,2'-bipyridine**
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and reaction with Ru-DMSO complex)

IT **210902-96-8P, 4,4'-Bis[(3-hydroxypropoxy)carbonyl]-2,2'-bipyridine**
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and reaction with acryloyl chloride)

IT **72460-28-7**
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with propanediol)

IT **6813-38-3, 4,4'-Dicarboxy-2,2'-bipyridine**
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with thionyl chloride)

IT **7440-57-5, Gold, uses**
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(ITO anode in solid-state cell with porous Au cathode with ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers** for electrochemiluminescence)

RN 7440-57-5 HCAPLUS
CN Gold (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Au

IT 50926-11-9, Ito

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
 (anode in solid-state cell with porous Au cathode with
 ester-substituted trisbipyridineruthenium(II)-based **polymers**
 for electrochemiluminescence)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

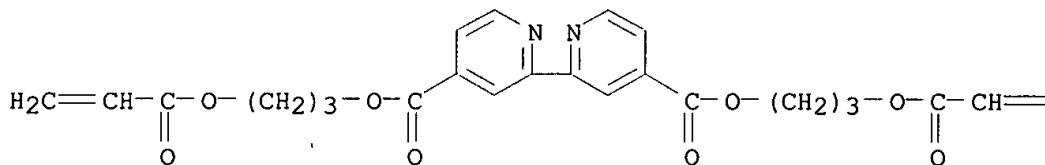
Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
=====	=====	=====
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT **210902-94-6P**, 4,4'-Bis[(3-acrylylpropoxy)carbonyl]-2,2'-bipyridine
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and reaction with Ru-DMSO complex)

RN 210902-94-6 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, bis[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



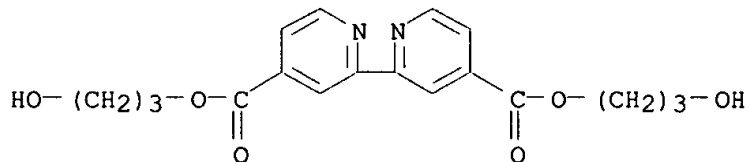
PAGE 1-B

=CH₂

IT **210902-96-8P**, 4,4'-Bis[(3-hydroxypropoxy)carbonyl]-2,2'-bipyridine
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and reaction with acryloyl chloride)

RN 210902-96-8 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, bis(3-hydroxypropyl) ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



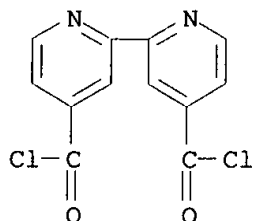
IT **72460-28-7**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with propanediol)

RN 72460-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarbonyl dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



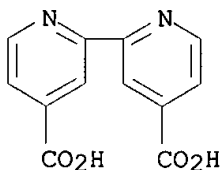
IT 6813-38-3, 4,4'-Dicarboxy-2,2'-bipyridine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with thionyl chloride)

RN 6813-38-3 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 29 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:385456 HCAPLUS

DN 127:10876

TI Light-transforming compositions for extruded polyethylene film manufacture

IN Korovin, Yu. F.; Okhapkin, A. G.; Myasnikov, V. K.; Silkin, V. A.;
Zarajskij, A. V.; Zhukova, N. G.; Shurmel, L. B.; Pastukhova, I. V.;
Stupin, N. P.; Sokalskaya, L. I.

PA Proizvodstvennoe Ob"edinenie "pridneprovskij Khimicheskij Zavod", USSR;
Vsesoyuznyj Nauchno-Issledovatel'skij Institut Khimicheskoy Tekhnologii

SO U.S.S.R., 242 pp.

From: Izobreteniya 1996, (28), 242.

CODEN: URXXAF

DT Patent

LA Russian

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	SU 1780309	A1	19961010	SU 1990-4880790	19900907
AB	Title only translated.				
IC	ICM C09K011-06				
CC	73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)				
	Section cross-reference(s): 38				
IT	Extrusion of plastics and rubbers				
	Luminescent substances				
	(light-transforming compn. for extrusion polyethylene film making)				
IT	66-71-7D, 1,10-Phenanthroline, europium nitrate complexes				
	366-18-7D, 2,2'-Bipyridine, europium nitrate complexes				
	1134-35-6D, 4,4'-Dimethyl-2,2'-Bipyridine, europium nitrate				

complexes 7440-53-1D, Europium, nitrate complexes with phenanthroline and bipyridine derivs., uses 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 14797-55-8D, Nitrate, europium complexes with phenanthroline and bipyridine derivs., uses

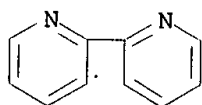
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(light-transforming compn. for extrusion polyethylene film making)

IT 366-18-7D, 2,2'-Bipyridine, europium nitrate complexes
1134-35-6D, 4,4'-Dimethyl-2,2'-Bipyridine, europium nitrate complexes 7440-53-1D, Europium, nitrate complexes with phenanthroline and bipyridine derivs., uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(light-transforming compn. for extrusion polyethylene film making)

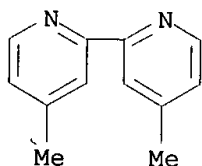
RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1134-35-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-53-1 HCAPLUS

CN Europium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Eu

L58 ANSWER 30 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:224276 HCAPLUS

DN 126:323101

TI Thin film **light emitting** heterostructures: from conjugated **polymers** to ruthenium complexes to inorganic nanocrystallites

AU Lee, J.-K.; Mattoussi, H.; Yoo, D.; Wu, A.; Rubner, M. F.

CS Dep. Materials Sci. Eng., MIT, Cambridge, MA, 02139, USA

SO Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry) (1997), 38(1), 351-352

CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

PB American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry

DT Journal

LA English

AB Authors examine the heterostructure in which the hole- and electron-transporting are used on the promote the enhanced devices performance. They used the mol. level device processing techniques to control devices architecture (layer thickness and the nature of the

electrode-light emitter interface). The devices fabrication and their characteristics are described.

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

ST thin film light emitting electroluminescent device; polymer ruthenium complex electroluminescent device

IT Electroluminescent devices
(thin film light emitting heterostructures with conjugated polymers contg. ruthenium complexes and inorg. nanocrystallites)

IT 1306-24-7, Cadmium selenide, properties 7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, Dodecanedioic acid bipyridinedimethanol polyester complex, properties 25087-26-7, Poly(methacrylic acid) 26009-24-5, Poly(p-phenylene vinylene) 71550-12-4 189342-83-4D, ruthenium complex 189342-84-5D, ruthenium complex
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(thin film light emitting heterostructures with conjugated polymers contg. ruthenium complexes and inorg. nanocrystallites)

IT 7440-18-8D, Ruthenium, Dodecanedioic acid bipyridinedimethanol polyester complex, properties 189342-83-4D, ruthenium complex 189342-84-5D, ruthenium complex
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(thin film light emitting heterostructures with conjugated polymers contg. ruthenium complexes and inorg. nanocrystallites)

RN 7440-18-8 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

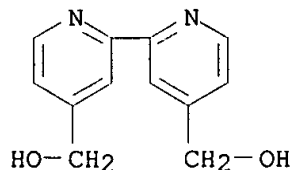
Ru

RN 189342-83-4 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanedioic acid, polymer with [2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-dimethanol (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 109073-77-0
CMF C12 H12 N2 O2



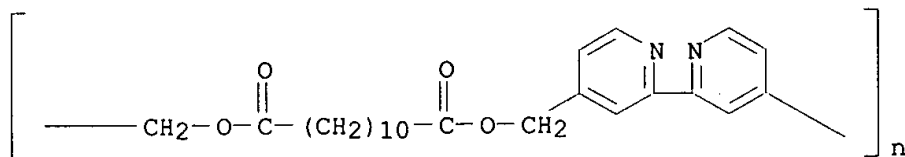
CM 2

CRN 693-23-2
CMF C12 H22 O4

$$\text{HO}_2\text{C}-(\text{CH}_2)_{10}-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$$

RN 189342-84-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-diylmethylenedioxy(1,12-dioxo-1,12-dodecanediyl)oxymethylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L58 ANSWER 31 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:135706 HCAPLUS

DN 120:135706

TI Poly (thiophene-2,5-diyl) having crown ethereal subunit. Preparation, stable n-doped state, and **light emitting diode**

AU Miyazaki, Yuichi; Yamamoto, Takakazu

CS Res. Lab. Resour. Util., Tokyo Inst. Technol., Yokohama, 227, Japan

SO Chemistry Letters (1994), (1), 41-4

CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022

DT Journal

LA English

AB .pi.-Conjugated polythiophene having crown ethereal subunit, PCT5, reacts with **metallic** Na to afford a Na-doped or n-doped semiconducting material, which shows good stability against O₂ in air presumably due to strong interaction between Na⁺ and the crown ethereal subunit. An indium tin oxide| PCT5 | Al elec. junction serves as a **light emitting diode**, which starts to **emit light** at 6 V.

CC 36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High **Polymers**)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76

ST oxygen stable doped crown polythiophene; air stable doped crown polythiophene; **light emitting diode** crown polythiophene; **electroluminescence** crown ether polythiophene

IT **Polymerization** catalysts

(bis(cyclooctadiene)nickel-bipyridine, for **polymn.** of dichlorothiophene crown ether deriv.)

IT Electric conductors, **polymeric**

(crown ether-contg. polythiophenes, prepn. and doping and characterization of, **light-emitting diodes** from)

IT **Electroluminescent** devices

(indium tin oxide-crown ether-contg. polythiophene-magnesium or silver)

IT Crown compounds

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(thiophene-based **polymers**, prepn. and doping and application of, in **light-emitting diodes**)

IT 1295-35-8, Bis(1,5-cyclooctadiene)nickel

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

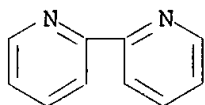
(catalysts, contg. bipyridine, for **polymn.** of dichlorothiophene crown ether deriv.)

IT **366-18-7**, 2,2'-Bipyridine

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalysts, contg. bis(cyclooctadiene)nickel, for **polymn.** of

dichlorothiophene crown ether deriv.)
 IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7440-22-4
 , Silver, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (light-emitting diodes, with crown ether-contg.
 polythiophene and indium tin oxide, characteristics of)
 IT 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (light-emitting diodes, with crown ether-contg.
 polythiophenes and magnesium or silver or aluminum, characteristics of)
 IT 153343-68-1P 153343-69-2P 153343-70-5P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and sodium doping and application of, in light-
 emitting diodes)
 IT 366-18-7, 2,2'-Bipyridine
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, contg. bis(cyclooctadiene)nickel, for polymn. of
 dichlorothiophene crown ether deriv.)
 RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
 CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (light-emitting diodes, with crown ether-contg.
 polythiophene and indium tin oxide, characteristics of)
 RN 7440-22-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Silver (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ag

IT 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (light-emitting diodes, with crown ether-contg.
 polythiophenes and magnesium or silver or aluminum, characteristics of)
 RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

L58 ANSWER 32 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1993:619162 HCAPLUS
 DN 119:219162
 TI Electrochemiluminescent label for DNA probe assays
 IN Gudibande, Satyanarayana R.; Kenten, John H.
 PA Igen, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

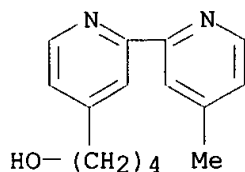
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9312256	A1	19930624	WO 1992-US10480	19921207
	W: AU, CA, JP, KR				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	ZA 9209351	A	19930604	ZA 1992-9351	19921202
	IL 103960	A1	20000831	IL 1992-103960	19921203
	IL 125465	A1	20001031	IL 1998-125465	19921203
	AU 9332388	A1	19930719	AU 1993-32388	19921207
	AU 661757	B2	19950803		
	EP 667919	A1	19950823	EP 1993-900868	19921207
	EP 667919	B1	20010926		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	JP 3067030	B2	20000717	JP 1993-510980	19921207
	JP 07503947	T2	19950427		
	AT 206170	E	20011015	AT 1993-900868	19921207
	ES 2164069	T3	20020216	ES 1993-900868	19921207
	US 5610017	A	19970311	US 1995-461038	19950605
	US 5686244	A	19971111	US 1995-461645	19950605
	US 5597910	A	19970128	US 1995-479817	19950607
PRAI	US 1991-805537	A	19911211		
	IL 1992-103960	A3	19921203		
	WO 1992-US10480	A	19921207		
	US 1994-307026	B3	19940915		
OS	MARPAT 119:219162				
AB	<p>The title labels comprise Ru, Os, or Re complexed with 3 heterocyclic ring systems, e.g., bipyridyl, the ring system being substituted with .gtoreq.1 (CH₂)_nOPab or (CH₂)_nX(CH₂)_nOPab [n=1-20; X=O,S,SO₂,COO,CONH; a,b=N(CH(Me)₂)₂,NCH(Me)₂,O(CH₂)₂CN,OMe,morpholino, and a.noteq.b]. The metal complex may be attached to an oligonucleotide by the a or b group to provide an electroluminescent hybridization probe or PCR primer. A Ru-contg. label was prep'd., conjugated to oligonucleotides, and used in PCR amplification of human interferon-.gamma. gene, human papilloma virus DNA, and HIV-1 DNA. Use of such tagged oligonucleotides for hybridization was described. The effect of the label on hybridization kinetics and melting behavior was det'd. The labeled oligonucleotides were found to be stable to I oxidn. and NH₃ hydrolysis, and the label did not interact with DNA and alter binding affinity of the labeled probes.</p>				
IC	ICM C12Q001-68				
	ICS G01N021-76				
CC	3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)				
IT	PCR (polymerase chain reaction)				
	(electrochemiluminescent labels for oligonucleotide primers in)				
IT	33821-94-2P 118724-27-9P 135804-28-3P 144642-43-3P				
	150749-58-9P 150775-11-4P				
	RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)				
	(prepn. and reaction of, in electrochemiluminescent label prep'n.)				
IT	110-87-2 627-18-9 1134-35-6 19542-80-4				
	RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)				
	(reaction of, in electrochemiluminescent label prep'n.)				
IT	118724-27-9P 135804-28-3P 150749-58-9P				
	RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)				
	(prepn. and reaction of, in electrochemiluminescent label prep'n.)				

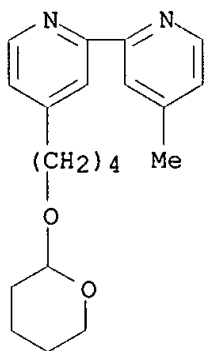
RN 118724-27-9 HCAPLUS

CN [2,2'-Bipyridine]-4-butanol, 4'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



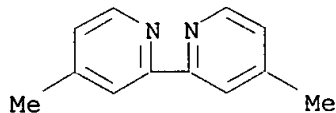
RN 135804-28-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4-methyl-4'-[4-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]butyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 150749-58-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-dimethyl-, radical ion(1-), lithium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



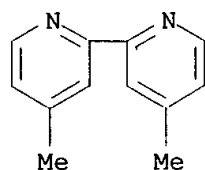
● Li⁺

IT 1134-35-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, in electrochemiluminescent label prepn.)

RN 1134-35-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,2'-Bipyridine, 4,4'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



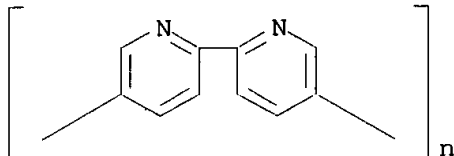
- L58 ANSWER 33 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1992:621936 HCAPLUS
 DN 117:221936
 TI Electrochemical and electric properties of vacuum-deposited poly(arylene)s: electrochemical activity, diode, and **electroluminescence**
 AU Yamamoto, Takakazu; Wakayama, Hiroshi; Fukuda, Takashi; Kanbara, Takaki
 CS Res. Lab. Resour. Util., Tokyo Inst. Technol., Yokohama, 227, Japan
 SO J. Phys. Chem. (1992), 96(22), 8677-9
 CODEN: JPCHAX; ISSN: 0022-3654
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Vacuum-deposited thin films of poly(arylene)s [poly(p-phenylene), poly(thiophene-2,5-diyl) (PTh), poly(pyridine-2,5-diyl), and poly(2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-diyl)] are electrochem. active, giving rise to doping and undoping peaks at essentially the same positions as those of original poly(arylene)s. A vacuum-deposited PTh/Au and Al/vacuum-deposited PTh/ITO elec. junctions show rectification of elec. current, which is accounted for by assuming the presence of a Schottky barrier between Al and PTh. The Al vacuum-deposited PTh/ITO junction **emits light** at an applied voltage of 15 V.
 CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73, 74, 76
 ST polyarylene film electrochem elec property; polyphenylene film electrochem elec property; polythiophenediyl film electrochem elec property; polypyridinediyl film electrochem elec property; polybipyridinediyl film electrochem elec property; electrochromism polyarylene vacuum deposited film; doping undoping electrochem polyarylene film; redox electrochem doping undoping polyarylene film; **electroluminescence** polyarylene film; diode polyarylene film
 IT 51325-05-4, Poly(thiophene-2,5-diyl)
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (elec. redox potential and electrochromism and electrochem. doping and undoping and **electroluminescence** and elec. rectification by vacuum-deposited films of)
 IT 25190-62-9, Poly(p-phenylene) 67987-55-7, Poly(pyridine-2,5-diyl) 116000-50-1, Poly(2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-diyl)
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (elec. redox potential and electrochromism and electrochem. doping and undoping of vacuum-deposited films of)
 IT 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (electrode, with vacuum-deposited poly(arylene) films, electrochem. and elec. properties of)
 IT 7440-57-5, Gold, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (junction, with poly(thiophenediyl), with aluminum, elec. rectification by)
 IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)

(junctions, with poly(thiophenediyl) vacuum-deposited films, with gold or indium tin oxide, elec. rectification and electroluminescence in relation to)

IT 116000-50-1, Poly(2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-diyl)
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (elec. redox potential and electrochromism and electrochem. doping and undoping of vacuum-deposited films of)

RN 116000-50-1 HCAPLUS

CN Poly([2,2'-bipyridine]-5,5'-diyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (electrode, with vacuum-deposited poly(arylene) films, electrochem. and elec. properties of)

RN 50926-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Indium tin oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	x	17778-80-2
In	x	7440-74-6
Sn	x	7440-31-5

IT 7440-57-5, Gold, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (junction, with poly(thiophenediyl), with aluminum, elec. rectification by)

RN 7440-57-5 HCAPLUS

CN Gold (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Au

L58 ANSWER 34 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1990:229056 HCAPLUS

DN 112:229056

TI **Light-emitting** probe complex for measuring pH and method of pH measurement

IN Kaneko, Masao; Asakura, Tetsuo; Nakamura, Hideki; Simomura, Takeshi; Sugise, Hiroshi

PA Institute of Physical and Chemical Research, Japan; Terumo Corp.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

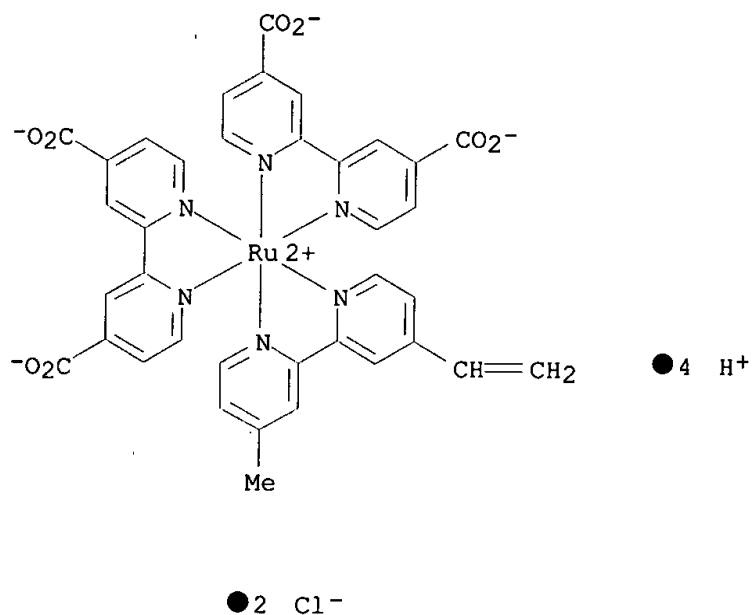
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 8909400 A1 19891005 WO 1989-JP314 19890324
 W: AU, US
 RW: BE, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
 JP 01244362 A2 19890928 JP 1988-71630 19880325
 JP 06082101 B4 19941019
 AU 8932974 A1 19891016 AU 1989-32974 19890324
 AU 618232 B2 19911219
 EP 408748 A1 19910123 EP 1989-903803 19890324
 R: BE, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
 US 5118405 A 19920602 US 1990-582176 19900925
 PRAI JP 1988-71630 19880325
 WO 1989-JP314 19890324
 AB A **light-emitting** probe complex measures pH and consists essentially of a polypyridine ligand having an ionizable substituent on a ring C atom and a transition **metal** ion selected from the Group VIII elements, a **light-emitting** probe film for measuring pH contg. this probe complex in its **polymer** film, and a pH measurement instrument formed by fixing this probe film at the tip of an optical fiber and a pH measurement method utilizing this instrument. The present invention facilitates measurement of the pH at a microscopic part by using them.
 IC ICM G01N031-22
 ICS G01N021-64; G01N021-80
 CC 79-6 (Inorganic Analytical Chemistry)
 ST **light emitting** probe complex pH measurement
 IT Fibroins
 Gelatins, uses and miscellaneous
 RL: ANST (Analytical study)
 (**light-emitting** probe contg., pH detn. by)
 IT 12408-02-5, Hydrogen ion, analysis
 RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
 (detn of, **light-emitting** probe complex for)
 IT 78338-26-8 **125964-53-6** 127189-39-3
 RL: ANST (Analytical study)
 (**light-emitting** probe contg., pH detn. by)
 IT **125964-53-6**
 RL: ANST (Analytical study)
 (**light-emitting** probe contg., pH detn. by)
 RN 125964-53-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Ruthenate(2-), bis[[2,2'-bipyridine]-4,4'-dicarboxylato(2-)-N1,N1'] (4-ethenyl-4'-methyl-2,2'-bipyridine-N,N')-, (OC-6-31)-, hydrogen chloride (1:4:2), polymer with 4-ethenyl-4'-methyl-2,2'-bipyridine and 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 CM 1

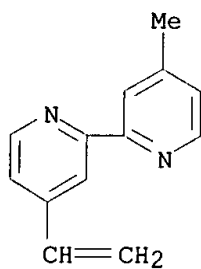
 CRN 125964-52-5
 CMF C37 H24 N6 O8 Ru . 2 Cl . 4 H
 CCI CCS



CM 2

CRN 74173-48-1

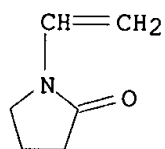
CMF C13 H12 N2



CM 3

CRN 88-12-0

CMF C6 H9 N O



AN 1986:110945 HCAPLUS
 DN 104:110945
 TI **Polymeric** material for covering greenhouses
 IN Golodkova, L. N.; Lepaev, A. F.; Dmitriev, V. M.; Zhavoronkov, N. M.;
 Ziskin, G. L.; Izmailov, G. I.; Ippolitov, E. G.; Karasev, V. E.;
 Karaseva, E. T.; et al.
 PA Kurnakov, N. S., Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, USSR;
 Bashkir Institute of Chemistry; Institute of Chemistry, Academy of
 Sciences, U.S.S.R.; Institute of Chemistry, Vladivostok; Chelyabinsk Plant
 of Organic Glass
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Russian
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 8501945	A1	19850509	WO 1983-SU41	19831031
	W: AU, CH, DE, FI, GB, HU, JP, NL, SE				
	AU 8322660	A1	19850522	AU 1983-22660	19831031
	AU 565143	B2	19870903		
	NL 8320368	A	19850902	NL 1983-20368	19831031
	NL 189794	B	19930301		
	NL 189794	C	19930802		
	DE 3390545	T	19851114	DE 1983-3390545	19831031
	DE 3390545	C2	19890914		
	HU 37160	O	19851128	HU 1984-122	19831031
	HU 198745	B	19891128		
	JP 61500264	T2	19860220	JP 1983-503824	19831031
	JP 02040266	B4	19900911		
	CH 667463	A	19881014	CH 1985-2868	19831031
	FR 2565457	A1	19851213	FR 1984-8962	19840607
	FR 2565457	B1	19870821		
	SE 8503138	A	19850624	SE 1985-3138	19850624
	SE 456424	B	19881003		
	SE 456424	C	19890202		
	FI 8502579	A	19850628	FI 1985-2579	19850628
	FI 81820	B	19900831		
	FI 81820	C	19901210		
	GB 2158833	A1	19851120	GB 1985-16535	19851031
	GB 2158833	B2	19880113		
PRAI	WO 1983-SU41		19831031		

AB A **polymeric** material for covering greenhouses comprises a translucent **polymer**, e.g., polyolefin, poly(vinyl chloride), or polycarbonate and an additive which absorbs the UV component of natural light and transforms it through luminescence into a light component in the orange-red spectral range. The additive (0.001-5 wt.%) contains at least 1 compd. of the f-elements, e.g., Eu, Tb, or Sm. Thus, granulated polyethylene was mixed with 0.1 wt.% tris(trioctylphosphine oxide)trichloroeuropium and extruded into a film 0.1-0.15 mm thick. The film absorbed 97% of UV light (wavelength 200-450 nm) and transformed 35% of the absorbed UV light into the orange-red component. The film had a transparency of 75% (at 580-750 nm) and was useful as a covering for greenhouses.

IC ICM C08K005-00

ICS C09K011-06

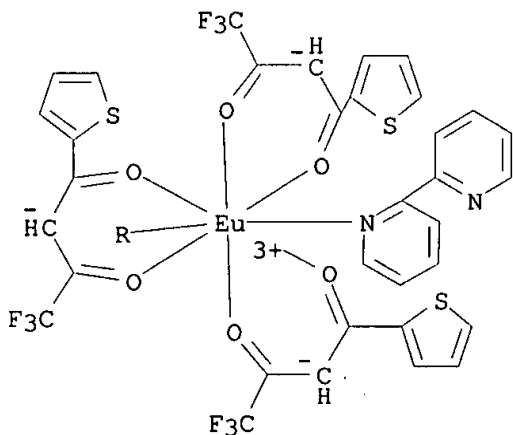
CC 38-3 (**Plastics** Fabrication and Uses)

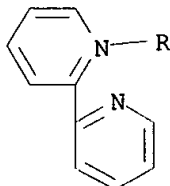
Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST polyolefin film modified greenhouse; PVC film modified greenhouse;
 polycarbonate film modified greenhouse; **lanthanide** compd

polymer film luminescence; europium compd polymer film
luminescence; polyethylene film modified greenhouse
IT Greenhouses
(cover films for, polymeric, rare earth element
compd.-contg.)
IT Luminescent substances
(rare earth element compds., for polymeric films)
IT 9002-86-2 9002-88-4 9003-07-0 9003-53-6 9011-14-7 25034-86-0
RL: USES (Uses)
(films, contg. rare earth metal compds., for greenhouses)
IT 15319-48-9 17443-49-1 17904-86-8 18078-86-9 18078-88-1
18130-95-5 18421-78-8 31869-48-4 36423-86-6 41128-16-9
75701-20-1 78732-97-5 87890-98-0 88177-80-4 100226-91-3
100226-92-4 100226-93-5 100226-94-6 100243-08-1 100243-09-2
100243-10-5 100243-11-6 100243-12-7 100243-13-8 100243-14-9
100243-15-0 100294-73-3 100294-74-4 100294-75-5 100294-76-6
100294-77-7 100294-78-8 100294-79-9 100294-80-2 100294-81-3
100294-82-4 100294-83-5 100294-84-6 100310-74-5 100310-75-6
100310-76-7 100365-85-3 100788-04-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(light-transforming additives, polymer films contg., for
greenhouse coverings)
IT 100365-85-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(light-transforming additives, polymer films contg., for
greenhouse coverings)
RN 100365-85-3 HCAPLUS
CN Europium, bis(2,2'-bipyridine-N)tris[4,4,4-trifluoro-1-(2-thienyl)-1,3-
butanedionato-O,O']- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A





L58 ANSWER 36 OF 36 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1982:563763 HCAPLUS
DN 97:163763
TI Method for determining hydrogen peroxide concentration in **polymers**
or resins
AU Ehrlich, S. H.; Capone, S. M.
CS UK
SO Res. Discl. (1982), 215, 64
CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353
DT Journal
LA English
AB The anal. method uses chemiluminescence to quant. det. trace amts. of H2O2
or H2O2-forming initiators (e.g., Bz2O2) in **polymers** that can be
dissolved in water-immiscible solvents. A soln. or dispersion of the
polymer in a water-immiscible org. solvent is admixed with an aq.
chelating agent soln. to ext. any H2O2 present. A luminescence reagent
(e.g., luminol [521-31-3], luciferin [55963-96-7], lucigenin
[2315-97-1], lophine [484-47-9], and **metal** porphyrins) is added
to the aq. soln. and the intensity of the **emitted light**
is measured and compared with that of a std. H2O2 soln.
CC 36-4 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High **Polymers**)
Section cross-reference(s): 80
ST chemiluminescence detn peroxide **polymer**; chelating agent
polymer analysis; luminol analysis **polymer**; luciferin
analysis **polymer**; lucigenin analysis **polymer**; lophine
analysis **polymer**; porphyrin analysis **polymer**; hydrogen
peroxide detn **polymer**
IT **Polymers**, analysis
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(hydrogen peroxide detn. in, chemiluminescence reagents in)
IT Chelating agents
Luminescence, chemi-
(in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in **polymers**)
IT Porphyrins
RL: PRP (Properties)
(**metal** complexes, in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in
polymers)
IT Ketones, uses and miscellaneous
RL: PRP (Properties)
(.beta.-di-, chelating agents, in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in
polymers)
IT 60-00-4, uses and miscellaneous 107-15-3, uses and miscellaneous
111-40-0 366-18-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(chelating agents, in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in **polymers**)
IT 4741-30-4D, O-esters 72847-58-6
RL: PRP (Properties)

(chelating agents, in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in **polymers**)
IT 7722-84-1, analysis
RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
(detn. of, in **polymers**, chemiluminescence reagents in)
IT 484-47-9 521-31-3 2315-97-1 55963-96-7
RL: PRP (Properties)
(in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in **polymers**)
IT 366-18-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(chelating agents, in detn. of hydrogen peroxide in **polymers**)
RN 366-18-7 HCAPLUS
CN 2,2'-Bipyridine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

